THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

VOLUME 6.—No. 13. FORT WAYNE, IA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1845. WHOLE NUMBER 569.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.
IN THE THIRD STORY OF BARNETT AND HANNA'S NEW BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET.

TERMS:

$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
$2,50 IF PAID WITHIN SIX MONTHS.
$3,00 AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

☞ All Letters on business must be post paid or they will not be attended to.

☞ Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each three subsequent insertions, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than $1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

American House,
(ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE,)
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

LYSANDER WILLIAMS informs his friends and the travelling community that he has taken the above well known and commodious house, and is now prepared to entertain guests. Neither pains nor expense will be spared to make this house worthy the patronage of the public, and to give satisfaction to all who may call. His Table and Bar will always be furnished with the best the country affords, and every exertion used to promote and ensure the comfort and accommodation of his guests. As his charges will be moderate, he hopes to receive a share of the patronage of a liberal and discerning public.

☞ *Good Stabling with careful Hostlers and plenty of Feed.*

March 13, 1845. y37

To the People of Allen County.

THOSE who are acquainted with the superior qualities of "JEW DAVID'S or HEBREW PLASTER" and the "PERSIAN PILLS" will doubtless be glad to learn that Dr. L. Beecher of Fort Wayne has just received another fresh supply. The immense quantities sold throughout the west alone, supercedes the necessity of saying one word in support of their character.—*Yet should there be an incredulous Son or* Daughter of affliction who has been suffering with Lame Back, Rheumatism, Oppressive Pain in the Breast or side, or with Swelling, Tumors, Kings Evil, &c. (for either of which the PLASTER is known to be a sure antidote) or with Liver Affections, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Scrofula, or any of the diseases prevalent in the Wabash Country, especially such as originate in an impurity of the blood and circulating fluids, which the PERSIAN PILLS never fail speedily to remove; for the Benefit of such we will give a few extracts of letters, showing the estimate in which these medicines are held where known.

Crawfordsville, In. Jan. 27th 1845.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co—Gents. I have sold out nearly all the large supply of the justly celebrated "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS" you furnished me three weeks since, and it would be well to keep me well supplied as I find calls for the medicines increasing daily.

I would here state, that I have no articles in My Drug Store that gives better satisfaction than the "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS." NOAH S. THOMPSON.

Washington, In. Aug. 3d, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. at the request of many, who are anxiously awaiting the new supply of your celebrated "Hebrew Plaster" and "Persian Pills" we write you the *second* time saying that we are out. We have frequent calls for both Plaster and Pills which render general satisfaction. Please send us another lot immediately, and oblige

Yours Respectfully, GALLAGHER WALTERS.

Bloomfield, Edgar co. Ill. May 14th 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. We have sold all the celebrated Hebrew Plaster and Persian Pills left with us a FEW DAYS AGO. Will you please send 4 or 5 doz. more immediately.

Respectfully O. & D. BAILEY.

Gosport July 3, 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—We have sold all the Hebrew Plaster left with us and as there is a great call for it we wish you to send us at least 2 or 3 doz, more and also 1 doz, of the Persian Pills. Yours Respectfully,

HUSSEY & GROSS.

Bloomfield, Edgar Co., Ill., May 27, 1844.

Mr. D Harter & Co. Gents.—The Pills and Plaster you sent us, came to hand in good order. We have and increased demand for them and it promises to supercede nearly all other kind of medicines in this Vicinity.

O. & D. BAILEY.

Hardinsburg, In. Sept. 3, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co. Sirs:—Your Hebrew Plaster you left with me to sell is all sold out some time since. The Persian Pills are all sold but a few boxes Both Plaster and Pills gives general satisfaction. There seems to be an increasing demand for both articles.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

Williamsport, In., Sept. 37 1844.

D. Harter & Co.—Dear Sirs—I have sold all the Persian Pills that you left here, and should be glad to get more. They have accomplished miricles here, and are in great demand. The Pills are called for several times every day.—If you cannot come this way soon please send some by stage.

Yours, &c. EBENEZER KING.

* Since the above letter was received, we have been informed by the writer, that the case alluded to in the above, was that of a young man living near W—— who for several months had been confined in a darkened room, from an aggravated case of inflamation in the eyes, rendering him *totally blind* After applying every remedy within his reach, without receiving any benefit, he commenced using the "Persian Pills," and had used them but a short time when all inflamation left him, and his health became permanently reinstated.

For sale by the following Agents.
Docr. L. BEECHER, Fort Wayne;
S. MORE, Huntington.
General Agents for In. & Ill.
6mI D. HARTER & CO.

DALLEY'S
Magical Pain Extractor Salve,
THE WONDER & BLESSING OF THE AGE.

THIS sanative when THOROUGHLY known of will be earnestly sought by every humane Doctor and Parent.

Not only does it rapidly cure what any thing else can, but in addition conquers a host of diseases which have *ever defied the skill of every age.*

Besides it has six intrinsic attributes unknown before in medicine. Viz: entire control over Fre injuries—over every kind of inflammation—over all pains, even of the worst Burns, Bruises, Sores, Piles, blistered surfaces, &c., and Heals, leaving no Scar. And has removed fire scars and contracted chords of eighteen years date,

The limits of an advertisement will not permit an enumeration of all the cases where this invaluable remedy has been found beneficial.—Pamphlets can be had, *gratis*, of the undersigned, giving well authenticated certificates of cures effected by it, in cases of Burns, Scalds, Rheumatic Affections, Fistulas, Nervous Headache, Piles, Black Tongue, Erysipelas, Broken Breasts, Felons, Carbuncles, Fever Sores, Scald head, Salt Rheum, Barbers' Itch, White Swelling, Scrofulous Humors, &c. &c,

Sold by HENRY DALLEY, Albany, N. Y. the Inventor, Manufacturer and sole Proprietor, Also by his agent in Fort Wayne,
May 31st—y. A. B. MILLER.

RAISINS.—A choice lot for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

CALICOES.—A general assortment of the most recent styles, just received by
HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

TEA.—Fine flavored Hyson, Young Hyson and Imperial, for sale low.
A. B. MILLER.

NOTICE
To the Tax-Payers of Huntington County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sum of *Twenty Cents* on each One Hundred Dollars' valuation, has been assessed for *State Purposes; Forty Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for *County Purposes; One Cent* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for a *Lunatic Asylum;* and *One and One Fourth Cent* on each and every Acre of Taxable Land, and *Fifteen Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation of Town Lots with the Improvements thereon, for *Road Purposes;* and also a *Poll Tax* of Fifty Cents for State purposes, and Fifty Cents for County purposes for the year 1845.

The following amounts are also levied in the different Townships for Township Purposes. viz:

Jackson Township	4 cts	on each	$100	valuation
Clear Creek "	3 cents	"	"	"
Huntington "	5 cents	"	"	"
Rock Creek "	3 cents	"	"	"
Lancaster "	4 cents	"	"	"
Salamony "	4 cents	"	"	"
Jefferson "	4 cents	"	"	"
Wayne "	5 cents	"	"	"

The Treasurer or his deputy will attend at the usual places of holding Elections in—

Jackson Township,	Monday, 15th	Sept.
Clear Creek "	Tuesday, 16th	"
Warren "	Wednesday, 17th	"
Union "	Thur day, 18th	"
Rock Creek "	Friday, 19th	"
Salamony "	Saturday, 20th	"
Lancaster "	Monday, 22d	"
Jefferson "	Tuesday, 23d	"
Wayne "	Wednesday, 24th	"
Huntington, "	Thursday, 25th	"

for the purpose of receiving such Taxes. Persons neglecting to attend to the Payment of their Taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in the different Townships for the receipt of Taxes, will have to settle the same at his office in the Town of Huntington before the 1st day of January 1846; and upon their failure so to do the Treasurer is compelled to collect the same by distraining and selling property for that purpose.

W. B. LOUGHRIDGE.
Treasurer Huntington County.
June 21st, 1845. 3m 52.

DR, FOLGER'S OLOSAONIAN,
OR
ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

THE Proprietor of this remedy, in offering it to the public, is actuated by a desire to benefit his fellow beings. From the commencement of his practice in the year 1823 his attention has been particularly directed to the various diseases which affect the Chest—he has watched their progress day by day—he has made trial through a series of years of the various remedies recommended by different reputable members of the faculty upon those who have applied to him for Medical advice, and is now able to form a correct opinion, not only of the virtues of the remedies commonly prescribed in such ailments, but also of the curability of the complaints for which the Olosaonian, is eccommended. He has paid the most unwearied attention, during his time to the numerous diseases of the Longs, in connection with the Liver and Digestion Organs, and has fully investigated the causes which lead to a fatal termination in the above mentioned diseases, and which may be attributed, in a great measure, to the treatment pursued in the early stages of the same.

The frequent solicitations of those who have been signally benefitted by this remedy have induced the proprietor to bring it before the public. He knows, from much experience, that Oosumption is a disease which requires all the attention which can be bestowed upon it, and all the art which a well-informed practitioner of medicine can possibly bring to bear upon that complaint. He has been fully pursuaded that the course of treatment commonly pursued will generally lead to fatal results, and it is this conviction which has led him to labor diligently, with a view, if possible, to discover the proper means whereby health may be restored, and the Destroyer of the fair, the young, the beautiful be overcome. The cures which it has already performed shows that he is not offering a medicine which is worthless, or seeking after a reputation for having discovered a remedy to which he is not justly entitled. It has been used with the most astonishing success when all other means had aparrently failed. It has given sweet slumber and repose to those whose rest has been broken by a tiresome and a tedious cough, it has allayed the Pain in the Chest consequent upon the same, and has, in numberless instances, overcome those dreadful symptoms which are often regarded as the precusors of Death viz., Hectic Fever and night sweats. It exerts a most salutary influence upon the Diseases of the Digestive Organs, as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and the Consumption, when all other remedies made use of, not excepting the Blue Pill, seemed to aggravate the complain. It is an effectual remedy in Asthma of long standing, especially in that kind which is denominated Periodical or Spasmodic; in fact, wherever persons are found who may be affected with Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Pain in the Chest, Dyspepsia, and Derangements of the Liver; this medicine will be found an invaluable remedy.

DR. FOLGER, N. Y. Jan. 3d, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your OLOSAONIAN has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there have been no recurrence of the disease since. I also used it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Yours, &c.
A. C. CASTLE M. D.
Dentist, 381 Broadway.

The OLOSAONIAN has been administered with great effect at the "*Home for Sailors*" in Pearl Streets, under the direction of Captan Gelston. In every case of severe Cough where it was used produced an immediate cure, and in the various diseases of the Longs, where trial was made it has proved itself to be worthy of the reputation which it bears as an "All-Healing Balsam," for it cures where all other medicines seem to fail.

The Institution for Aged Indigent Females, and most of our other charitable institutions, have also used it with decided success in Asthma and Consumptive diseases. While other remedies Constipate the Bowels, and thus render it necessary to make use of Cathartic Medicine—by which means the good effect are in a measure destroyed and great debility produced—this remedy is free from those objections, as under its use the Bowels are free. And the curative properties are such that it has not in a single instance been known to fail.

The Proprietor would urge upon the purchaser not to be deceived, as there are many remedies offered for the cure of Diseases of the Longs, which may be forced upon them instead of the one here recommended. The name of *Dr. Folger's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam* has been given to it to distinguish it from like remedies, and it is hoped that they will not allow any person to put them off with any other medicine when they wish to purchase the one above described.

Price only One Dollar per bottle.
A. B. MILLER,
49y Agent, Fort Wayne.

WOOLLEN YARN, grey mixed, white, and red, at HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

MEN'S and Boys' CAPS—a prime assortment Aug. 26. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

THE MUSE.

From the United States Journal,

EQUALITY.

Who dare chain the immortal mind.
Or the active sprit bind;
From the centre to the sea,
God hath left his creatures free.

Every son of Adam's race,
Fills the same material place;
But the passions vile and strong,
Claim the right of doing wrong.

Dare the noble creature man,
Counteract his Maker's plan,
Wantonly his charter brave,
For the birth-right of a slave!

Only when the mind is free,
Man reflects his destiny;
Equal rights make equal men,
Be our glorious motto then.

Dare we bend the servile knee,
In the Land of Liberty—
Freemen of the living God,
Scorn to kiss the vernal rod.

Author of eternal days,
Flood the earth with freedom's rays—
In thine own supremacy,
Wield thy sceptre o'er the free.

E. B. M.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.

The present low price of wheat is naturally attracting the attention of our citizens to the cause which has produced the result.—The price of produce is extremely low.—And why is it thus? Because we have had a great yield, and have an immense surplus to dispose of, say the tariffites. What has become of our home market? The boasted tariff's of '42 is still in operation. What has become of the manufacturers who were to consume the farmers produce? Or is all we have heard from whig orators upon this subject, mere chimera—chicanery got up to deceive the people? The tariff benefit the Agriculturist! Every day's experience is proving the fallacy of this doctrine.

We sincerely trust that the agriculturists of the west will 'ere long, awake to the sense of their own rights. Such lessons as they are now receiving, must, in the end, make them fully understand their own interests.—They will by and-by begin to learn that the demand for an article must regulate the price—and that when Government undertakes to make a demand for produce, it is getting out of its legitimate sphere, and meddling with that which the laws of nature alone can regulate.

America is an agricultural country, and all attempts to make it any thing else are but vain endeavors to sail against wind and tide. It is impossible for our government to regulate the price of any commodity of which we raise a surplus, as it would be to turn the current of the Mississippi The valleys of the Lakes and Western rivers, are a mine of wealth to the nation. We see our Atlantic citizens marching on to greatness, with giant strides—population rapidly increasing, and the valuation of property doubling—we find new manufactories going up in the eastern cities, and daily read accounts of the manufactures dividing their 20 and 30 per cent. profits. But from whence does this increase of wealth flow? From the valleys of the west. The husbandmen are digging it from the soil. And what are they receiving in return? The west *is yearly exporting more than it imports.* Then why is it not proportionately prospering? We have been taught to understand that that territory which exports more than it imports, would prosper.—And such would be the case, if no unnatural influence were put forth to prevent it. But an unnatural influence is now at work against the west. The tariff enables the eastern manufacturer to monopolize the market with his own fabrics, and places the farmer completely at his mercy.

This is the protection which the tariff is rendering American Industry! The manufacturers are dividing their 20 and 30, and in some instances, 40 per cent. profits, while the western farmers are receiving from 40 to 70 cents a bushel for their wheat! The coffers of eastern capitalists are being filled by the earnings of the toiling millions. How long will such a state of things be submitted to? We answer, as long as the protective policy is adhered to. As long as our Government continues to legislate for the benefit of capitel.—*Mich. Argus.*

EXTRAORDINAY SAGACITY OF A CAT.—We have the following anecdote from an unquestionable source, and assure our readers that the statement may be relied on:—

A gentleman of this city had two cats upon the premises, related by the ties of mother and daughter—both of which were blessed with a litter of kittens about the same time. Not many days after, the two mothers were observed sitting together in the shed, and intently eyeing each other, as if holding a consultation. After the lapse of several minutes thus spent, the younger cat returned to her kitten, one only having lived, and brought it towards the older cat, which still kept her place. This kitten she placed directly before her mother, and then sat down not far from it. The two parents looked again at each other for some time, when the older retreated, leaving the kitten where the mother had placed it.

The mother again took up her mewing offspring, and once more approached her recusant companion, when *the same ceremony* was repeated with similar effect. This occurred several times, when the older cat, as if influenced by the mute appeal of the mother, took up the strange kitten thus forced upon her charity, conveyed it to the spot where her darlings were deposited, and, to all appearances, adopted it as her own.

The younger cat, having thus seen the object of her solicitude provided for, retired slowly to her straw, where she was soon after taken with a fit, and almost immediately died. We leave it for naturalists to explain whether the invalid cat was aware of her speedy dissolution or not; or whether, what we call instinct, in the lower order of animals; does not occasionally approach very near to what is termed reason among the human species.—*New Haven Courier.*

WHAT IS A REVENUE TARIFF?

This question, we believe, has never been satisfactorily answered, and we doubt whether it can be; or whether, strictly speaking, there can be such a thing as an unmixed revenue tariff; but there are certain principles which should characterize such a tariff, to the standard of which we should approximate as nearly as the nature of things will permit.

A revenue tariff will proportion the burdens of the government, as nearly as possible, according to the wealth of each individual—placing but slight duties on articles which are indispensable for the poor, and high duties on articles of foreign luxury, the consumption of which is confined to the rich In the present tariff this principle is entirely disregarded.

A revenue tariff imposes no burdens upon the people except to pay the expenses of the government—avoiding, as far as possible, the *operation of the present system,* which imposes a double tax; the duties upon foreign imports alone going into the public treasury, while there is a higher tax in the higher prices of our own manufactures, which makes up the enormous profits of the manufacturers. This is as much a tax upon the people as though it was levied directly upon their *property,* and then *paid* from the national treasury in the form of bounty, with this advantage in the last method, that it would then fall upon each according to its means, while the burden is now placed disproportionally upon the poor.

A revenue tariff looks upon all classes and interests and all sections of the Union, as equally entitled to favor—not making one the particular pet and favorite of the government—and building it up at the expense of others; and in this manner it avoids the jealousies and disaffection which have heretofore threatened the permanence of the Union. It also approximates the income of the government as nearly as possible to the amount of its expenses, thus preventing a large surplus revenue and its attendant evils.

Such a tariff being at all times necessary and regulated by a standard which has little variation, is sure and permanent, not stimulating by temporary benefits or deceiving by false hopes, producing a feverish excitement and constant vacillation in business, and making the politics of the nation a miserable scramble for pecuniary gain.

In the "incidental protection" which it may confer it avoids raising the profits of one occupation far above that of others, but rather aims at a wholesome and permanent equality in every branch of industry in the nation. —*Barre Gazette.*

ILLINOIS.

Things seem to be getting badly out of joint in Illinois, as we learn by the papers.—The causes of difficulty are thus concisely summed up by the N. Y. News.

One of the chief elements of improved confidence in the stock market has been the prospect of some settlement of the affairs of the delinquent States, more particularly Illinois, which has made so great a stride towards a recovery of her credit. There is now reason to fear that all has been done will be lost. Michael Ryan, Esq., and Col. Oakley, it will be remembered, representing the Democratic party of Illinois, seized upon the only plan by which Illinois could redeem its honor and preserve the fruits of its expense hitherto incurred. That was, to procure from the bond holders the means of completing a canal which is amply able to pay them for their whole debt when completed. This the bond holders refused, unless the people of Illinois pay a tax to meet part of their annual interest. This the latter agreed to do if the canal should be completed in a specified time at a cost of $1,600,000. The work has gone into the hands of trustees, whose first movement has been to vote themselves $5 000 per annum each, propose a bill for the expense of their unauthorized visits to Europe, demand a nomnission upon their whole loan, appoint an engineer at a salary of $3,000 to conduct the work for them, and then reinstate, on the whole canal, all the same men who rioted in the profuse expenditures of former years. The next movement is to suspend the Michigan lake section of the work, in order to induce Congress to appropriate $1,500,000 more to make a deep cut for a ship canal. The whole affair has, justly, created deep excitement in Illinois.—It has gone so far as to jeopardize the payment of the tax, and in so doing to diminish all hope of any ultimate redemption of the Western stocks. Another bad feature in the affairs of Illinois is the formation of a combination under Thomas Mather, the ex-President of that old sink of iniquity, the State Bank, and a relative of the Governor, to resuscitate that old 'promise-mise." We have repeatedly, within a year notified the Illinois citizens, that Barrett, Mather, and the rest, are at work in the interests of that old corrupt concern.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

The N. Y. Jeffersonian contains a sensible article on the subject of giving the public advertising to those papers having the largest circulation, from which we make the following extract.

"Our doctrine on this subject is a very clear one. We believe that the great result of public opinion in the United States is Democratic—therefore that the Democratic Press is the organ of public opinion, and ought to be sustained by the patronage of the Government, which is the creature of that public opinion. It is in this way alone, that the Democratic Press can protect itself against the money lavishingly bestowed upon the Whig organs by the wehlthy and money-making aristocracy of the country. And yet we see in our own city the anomaly of a Government Department feeding and enriching one of the most deadly, the most vigilant and the bitterest of its foes. Wherever the fault of this lies it should be corrected."

The following very appropriate verse was found some time since, written upon the back of a broken bank note:

"Hark from the banks an awful crash,
Ye patriots hear the cry;
Here is a note that calls for cash,
But, oh, "'tis all in my eye!"

From the Lawrenceburg Beacon.

ANECDOTE OF MR. PROFFIT.

The following anecdote we copy from the Providence, Rhode Island, Journal and Advertiser, being ready to vouch for its genuineness. The gentleman who had the honor to represent, in part, the country alluded to in this anecdote, still resides here, and not unfrequently reads the advertisement by way of enquiry. Yet, perhaps Mr. Proffit could give him some information about the '*Ram*," since he has been to Brazil, where there are quantities of sheep grown; he may have stayed that far; for although unceasing enquiries although this part of the country up to this day no account has yet been received of his whereabouts. Mr. Turner is still ready to pay the reward when the said Rum is forthcoming:

The following anecdote of Mr. Proffit is furnished us by a correspondent:

In the early political life of Proffit, when a member of the Legislature of Indiana, he exhibited the same modest assurance and self-esteem that has since made him so conspicuous in more elevated stations. He was foremost in every debate—seeking conflict in a wordy warfare, with every member, friend or foe, that rose on the floor. This *cacoethes loquendi* was so strong a person, that his attentions was not confided to public measures and general laws, but descended to every private act or local bill brought before the House, not a proposition to remove the seat of justice or change the lines of a county, to appropriate the local school fund, to change or establish an election precinct, to incorporate a village, or restrain geese and hogs from running at large in any town or village in the State, could be made in the House by any member, but Mr. Proffit had *divers pros or cons* to urge in favor or against the measure, as suited the humor of the moment; and he generally claimed to be better informed on these local subjects than the representatives of the particular districts, whose constituents were to be affected by the measure. One day when he had been more than usually busy in intermeddling in measures of a purely local character, the management of which was always left by courtesy to the representatives of the counties interested, an old member from Dearborn who had several times experienced the annoyance of Mr. Proffit's impertinence, arose as Mr. P. seated himself, and with a grave air, said the gentleman from Petersburg had displayed, during the session, a most minute knowledge of nearly every county, town and village in the State, and a very intimate acquaintance with the local interests and feelings of the inhabitants of every section of it. The Honorable gentleman, he thought must have been an itinerant throughout the State the last year; and he would, with the consent of the House, ask information of the gentleman from Petersburgh, which he could probably give, on a subject of deep interest and concern to one of his constituents, if he would be kind enough to reply to the enquiry. Mr. Proffit having graciously nodded an assent, and the House having uttered a general cry of "consent," "consent," the member from Dearborn said he would make the enquiry by reading a paper sent to him that morning. Mr. Profit moving to a seat near the member from Dearborn, the latter read as follows:

'Know all men by thesents, that I, J. William Turner, late of Culpedper county, State of Virginia, send greeting:

TAKE NOTICE.

Strayed or stolen out of my high meadow and a low bottom a large grizzly gray Ram, with bald face—one glass eye—a straight horn and a crooked one—wool on the getting up side, and off the down lying—the skin and meat growing fast to the bone—he trots before and paces before.—Now, whosoever will take up the said rum and deliver the same to J. William Turner, living at the foot of the Blue Ridge, and has run away for horse stealing and gone to Indiana, shall receive eighteen pounds Virginia currency. Given under my hand and seal this 6th day of January, A.D. 183-.

J. WM. TURNER."

Turning to Proffit, to ask him if he could aid him in securing the reward, he discovered the Petersburg member, with hat in hand, making long strides for the door, amid a general roar of laughter from all sides of the House. Private and local legislation was wonderfully facilated by this occurrence during the session.

POSTPONING A DUEL.—The New Haven Herald says that a correspondence is now going on between two gentlemen of Boston, which began ten years ago with a challenge. Mr. A., a bachelor, challenged Mr. B., a married man with one child, who replied that the conditions were not equal, that he must necessarily put more at risk with his life than the other; and he declined. A year afterwards he received another challenge from Mr. A., who stated that he too had now a wife and child, and he supposed therefore the objection of Mr. B was no longer valid. Mr. B, replied that he had now two children, consequently the inequality still subsisted — The next year Mr. A., renewed his challenge, having now two children also, but his adversary had three. This matter, when last heard from, was still going on, the numbers being six to seven, and the challenge yearly renewed.

"WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK."—The Albany Citizen learns that during the trial of Big Thunder, now in progress at Hudson, Attorney General Van Buren and Ambrose L. Jordon, Esq., after passing some angry words, clinched each other in open Court, and were only separated by the interference of the bystanders Judge Edmonds sustained the dignity of his court by committing the combatants to close custody for 24 hours. The trial was suspended until the counsel served out their sentences in jail!—*Clere Herald.*

A HIT.—"Charles," said a father to his, while they were working at a saw-mill, "what possesses you to associate with such girls as you do? When I was of your age I could go with the first cut."

"But," said Charley, "the first cut is always a slab—did you know that?"

"Help me turn this log, Charles!"

NON-RESIDENT LAND HOLDERS

Non-residents are ruinous to any country. They are the leeches that are drawing the life blood out of the community. If such will neither spend their money among us, nor improve their property, they should be taxed above all others, and pay handsomely for the privileges of holding on to immense capital while others are *forced* to increase its value.—*State Sentinel.*

We are glad to see this ground taken by so influential a paper as the State Sentinel; it may wake up the people or Indiana to their true interests. Non resident land holders are a perfect night-mare upon the public, and there can be no impropriety in the Legislature taking such a course as is calculated to compel them to sell out to those who wish to occupy the lands for themselves. There are three prominent reasons why a law should be passed at the coming session of the Legislature, discriminating in favor of the actual settler. It should be done—it shou'd be done at *once:*

1st. It would add vastly to the aggergate wealth of the State, by increasing the *improvements* of the country—an object of magnitude at the present time, when the State is laboring under heavy embarrassments.

2d. There is a great injustice in compelling the actual settlers to improve the value of non-resident's lands without having an equivalent, which they will never get under the present system.

3d. It would bring into market immense tracts of unimproved lands by making the taxes so onerous on them, that those who now wish to get rich at other people's expense will be disappointed—very much to the interest of the Northern portion of the State.

We rejoice that the Sentinel has broken ground on this subject. The upper Wabash country and the Northern part of the State is literally a wilderness, on account of this state of things. Let the people see to this matter themselves: it can be effected by taxing all lands alike.—WILL THEY DO IT?—*Logan Chief.*

VANITY.—We believe that all men are in possession to a greater or less degree of this commodity, and that it sometimes meets with a rebuke, which will be certified to by every individual (we speak of the males) from his own experience. We were told a good joke by the captain of the train while traveling on a railroad to the north of this, which we have no objection to make public. It will be understood that the captain is not an Adnois.

I got on board the boat at——, (this is the way he tells the story,) having gone to the city to see the fashions, intending to come down on the train. At breakfast, there was a very handsome, plump little girl, (one of the prettiest women I ever saw,) and I noticed that most all the time we were eating, she kept her eyes fixed on me. Indeed, every time I raised my head, she appeared to be gazing intently on my countenance, and before I had finished my breakfast I was fully assured that I had made a conquest. As I was looking for a wife at the time, you may judge that I was not a little elated at my success in having secured the affections of such a lovely creature. I thought *this* was certainly an instance of 'love a first sight.' We reached the cars, I taking a seat some little distance from her, where, pondering on my good fortune, I could not fail to see, whenever I caught her eye, that she still continued the same sweet look upon me, and, although not much given to such things, I determined to begin a conversation with her.—I picked out a time when the cars had to go a considerable distance without stopping, and having screwed my courage up, I approached her and making a very polite bow, began:

'Miss, if I mistake not, I think I have seen you traveling on this route before?'

'Yes,' said the young lady, 'me and my brother went by here about three weeks ago, and somebody passed a counterfeit five dollar bill on him, *and I believe you are the fellow that did it, sir!*'

'Great G—d,' said the captain, 'madam I never saw you before since I was born!' and he sloped.—*Petersburg Repub.*

A SAD CASE.—The Westchester (Penn.) *Jeffersonian,* in noticing the death of John Patton, a lad 11 years old, attributes it to the melancholy effects produced by the murder of the brother of the deceased, Wesley Patton, by Jabez Boyd. The editor says:—The mutilated and disfigured remains of Wesley haunted his imagination day and night, and gave his youthful memory no rest. To use his own language, 'he could not cover Wesley up"

From the moment of beholding the sad and harrowing spectacle presented in the fiendish murder of an affectionate brother, a deep and settled gloom took possession of his mind, which the constant care of those around him could not eleviate. He was sent to school, in hopes that the scenes of boyish fancy, and the mingled play of young associates would bring back the life and joy to his eye; but no, there was no rest, no respite from the gloom around him. In the midst of play, and while repeating his lessons, the spectacle was still before him, and he would burst out in uncontrollable grief, until the heart sickened at his suffering.

His frame sunk under the oppression, and still the vision was there; and when, a short time before his death, maternal care hung over and inquired his wants, it was still "Wesley." "Wesley is giving me a drink of water," was his reply. Who can fathom the depth of his sufferings? But they are now over; he has left this earthly scene and passed into the embrace of an effectionate brother, who stood upon the bright shores of eternity, beckoning him to scenes of joys unnumbered."

☞ Far be it from us the intetion of injuring the true interests of the manufacturers of New England. We do not ask that a tax shall be levied upon every yard of cloth they make, to benefit the Southern planter and the Western agriculturalist; though this would be equally just as is the present tariff law, we would leave industry, of all kinds, to its own legitimate pursuits, the offspring of free competition, untrammelled by artificial contrivances; we would not withdraw honest labor from its natural and accustomed channels, and force it, by partial legislation, into hazardous speculations and manufacturing monopolies.—*U. S. Jour.*

A GOOD ANECDOTE.—As the good deacon A., on a cold morning in January, was riding by the house of his neighbor F., the latter was chopping wood and threshing his hands at the door. The usual salutations were exchanged; the severity of the weather briefly discussed, and the horseman made a demonstration of passing on, when his neighbor detained him with 'Don't be in a hurry deacon; wouldn't you like a glass of good old Jamaica this cold morning?'. 'That is you kindly,' said the old gentleman, at the same time beginning to dismount with all the deliberation becoming a deacon, 'I don't care if I do.' 'Ah, don't trouble yourself get off deacon,' said the wag, '*I merely asked for information*—we hav'nt a drop of rum in the house.'

USEFUL TO PRINTERS.—The United States *Gazette,* speaking of the improvement of Mr. Solon Robinson of Indiana, now in Philadelphia, says:—"The great secret seems to be in the substitution of a new and very cheap metal, susceptible of giving the very finest lines in the matrice, and yet so easily fused and managed that any printer can cast his own plates without any other fixtures than is to be found in any printing office, and that, too, in a very short space of time, and at a cost less than one-fourth the cost of common stereotype plates. Mr. Robinson showed us a plate that had born 10 000 impressions of a power press without affecting it. He also has specimens of printing from original metal plates and fac-simile duplicated in the new metal, of which it is difficult to tell which is the original and which the copy."

The coat worn by Gen. Jackson at the battle of New Orleans has been presented to the National Institute, by Gen. Thomas H. Bradley, in behalf of a portion of the citizens of Tennessee, with a request that it have a place by the side of the one worn by the father of our common country—General George Washington.

END OF MILLERISM.—Father Miller has confessed that he was mistaken in his calculations, in regard to "the final consummation of all things," and he earnestly requests all those who may have been injured by his doctrines, to forgive him.

Foolish man. Does he not know that some made insane by him, and his creed, have long since gone to their final account and many of them by their own hand? Can his apology restore these victims to life?—Can it wipe the tear from the widow's and orphan's eye? Can it restore those who are now inmates of the mad house to their right minds? Ah! no; Father Miller and his co workers have a fearful account to answer to, and the remainder of their lives is short time enough for that repentance so necessary.—*N. Y. Jeffersonian.*

☞ The New York Courier remarks that although it sees noticed the applications of "numerous gallant citizens," for appointments in the army at this time, it finds nothing said of any of these applicants volunteering their services as privates. Oh no!—The modern patriots go entirely for the pay and reward! Those who can't get contracts will serve as officers! Besides, it is thought that a Mexican war will not require close quarters or hard knocks.

A letter from Santa Fe, written on the 18th of July, and published in the St. Louis Era, states that much interest is felt in that section of country in relation to the annexation of Texas. A large portion of the inhabitants are said to be anxious for annexation, and in favor of the Rio del Norte as the boundary, which would include them in the Union.

FEMALE LYNCHERS.—The Mount Holly Herald states that a gay widower in the neighborhood of Bass river, having determined to marry applied to one lady and then another, and being refused by both went about slandering them. As soon as they heard of his ungallant mode of taking revenge, they held a council of war, and determined to punish him in such a manner as to make an example of him for his want of manly feeling and chivalry. They accordingly armed themselves with large tough birches, and seeing the gentleman passing along the road, they sallied forth upon him and assailed him with so much vigor that he was unable to make any resistance. They scored his back well, and but for the interference of a gentleman who was attracted by his cries of distress, would not have left an inch of skin in his whole hide."

A PROPOSITION.

Our columns have lately been so filled with advertisements, that we have not been able to present our readers with as great a variety of news as could wish; and furthermore our type is so nearly worn out in the service that it is neither so legible nor handsome as it ought to be. To remedy these evils, we propose, if our friends will enable us, by paying up their indebtedness, to procure NEW TYPE of a SMALLER SIZE than we now use, by which we can give one-fourth more reading matter than at present. If our proposition is accepted, we promise to issue a paper not inferior in its outward appearance or in the variety and interest of its contents, to any other in the state.

If our proposition be accepted, it must be done immediately, to enable us to get the type before the close of navigation.

Apprentice Wanted.

A Boy 14 to 16 years of age wanted at this office immediately, as an apprentice to the Printing Business.

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1845.

☞ As Judge BORDEN's health continues very precarious, it is doubtful whether he will be able to attend the Steuben Circuit Court.

TO OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS.—We will receive Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Beef, Pork, Flour, Corn, Potatoes, Wood or almost any kind of Country Produce, in payment for the Sentinel. For the past two years, on account of the deficiency of the crops, we have received but little from our country subscribers. We waited patiently through their season of adversity, and we hope now when Providence has bountifully smiled on their labors, that we shall not be forgotten.

Persons wishing to take the Sentinel can pay in Produce.

MEXICO.—By the news from Mexico in another column, it will be seen that all prospect of war is at an end. The advance of the troops towards Texas is stopped; the officers are quarrelling among themselves; and the country is evidently on the eve of another military revolution. In this state of things it is unnecessary to look for any further offensive operations on the part of Mexico against the United States. But even if matters had not come to this crisis we do not apprehend that any thing would have been done. The Mexicans have done all they ever would dared, to do—that is, they have issued numerous very valiant and fierce manifestoes and proclamations; but seeing that these were disregarded by the Americans, and that such a force was concentrating on their frontiers as it would be dangerous to meddle with, they have withdrawn from the contest, satisfied with their achievements on paper, in which, as they had it all their own way, they were in no danger of being worsted.

The prudent and energetic course of President Polk, has in all probability averted a war. Had we made no show of resistance, the Mexicans might probably have been induced to invade Texas. But the appearance of the United States troops on the Nueces showed them at once that such an enterprise would be attended with danger, and they wisely abandoned it.

The rumored engagement between the U. S. troops and Mexicans, to which we alluded in our last, turns out, as we expected, to be a Roorbach.

MAINE ELECTION.—By the returns received it is certain that the democrats have elected a majority in both branches of the Legislature. John F. Shannon, dem. is elected to Congress from the 1st (York) district, to fill a vacancy, by a majority of 900 to 1000. In 264 townsAnderson, dem. received 27,515 votes; Mores, whig, 22,638. Scattering 5,373. In these towns, Anderson has a majority of 4,877 over the whig candidate; but lacks 496 of a majority over all. The towns to hear from it is estimated will give him a clear majority over all.

The Democratic Review for September is embellished by a beautiful mezzotint engraving of Gen. Jackson in his last days, from a daguerreotype portrait taken in April last. The contents of this No. are unusually rich and varied, and are from the pens of some of the most distinguished American writers of the age. The contents are—Political Patronage; La Vendetta, a tale from the French; The Young Tragedian, a tale; Hurlbut's Essays on Government; Lyell's Geological Tour; Love's Emblems; A Word for Italy; American Humor; Labor; Life on the Prairie Land; Monthly Financial and Commercial Article; New Books for the Month.

Terms, Three Dollars per annum—scarcely the value of the portraits it contains.

J. L. O'SULLIVAN, Publisher,
136 Nassau street, N. York.

Dr Lardners Popular Lectures on Science and Art.—We have received Part X. of this cheap, but valuable work, published by Messrs. Greeley and McElrath, Tribune Buildings, N. York. The Lectures in this part are on—Conduction of Heat—Relation of Heat and Light—Composition and Resolution of Force—Centre of Gravity—Lever and Wheelwork.

It is published semi-monthly, each part containing 80 large pages, of very neat letter press, and illustrated with numerous engravings, and diagrams:—price 25 cents. It will be completed in 12 or 14 parts, forming two large and handsome octave volumes.

THE FARMER'S LIBRARY, AND MONTHLY JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURE, EDITED BY JOHN S. SKINNER.—Messrs. Greely & McElrath, of the New York Tribune, have commenced the publication of an extremely valuable work, under the above title, the first three numbers of which we have received. It is published monthly, each No. containing about one hundred pages, illustrated by engravings, for $5 00 per annum. Each No. consists of two distinct parts. The Farmer's Library—and The Monthly Journal of Agriculture, and is so arranged that they may be bound separately, making two volumes of 600 pages each.

In THE FARMER'S LIBRARY will be published continuously the best standard Works on Agriculture, embracing many which by their cost or the language in which they are written, would otherwise be beyond the reach of most American Farmers. By this arrangement the choicest European Treatises and Researches in Agriculture, costing many dollars in the original articles, may be obtained for a few shillings, and with the further advantage of being accompanied by notes and explanations of the editor, of what might otherwise be obscure to the American reader, or calculated to mislead, owing to the difference in soil, climate, &c. The September No. commences the publication of The Principles of Agriculture, by Albert D. Thaer, a highly distinguished German philosopher, and author of several Agricultural works of great celebrity in Europe. The July and August Nos. contain Lectures to Farmers on Agricultural Chemistry, by Alexander Petzholdt.

The Monthly Journal of Agriculture comprises selections from the higher class of English, German, and French Agricultural Periodicals; Editorials; communications of experiments, improved modes of culture, new implements, &c. &c.

We hope the enterprising publishers may be liberally sustained in this attempt to furnish the farmers of our country with a good standard Agricultural Library; and we hope no farmer who can possibly spare $5 00 will be deterred by the apparent high price of the work from subscribing. It will be worth ten times the price to any one who will study it attentively, and strive to profit by the information it contains.

EXECUTION.—H. G. Green, who was convicted at Troy, N. Y. of the murder, by poison, of his wife, to whom he had only been married a few days, was executed on the 10th inst. He appeared quite penitent, and conducted himself with much calmness and fortitude, though he was very weak and debilitated. After he had hung about ten minutes, the Rev. Mr. Van Kleek, the clergyman who attended him, informed those present that he had made a full and free confession of the crime for which he was executed, acknowledging the justice of his sentence, expressing deep penitence for his crime, and hoping for salvation through the merits of his Saviour.

Strong efforts were made by many, opposed to capital punishment, to have his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, but Governor Wright declined interfering.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The Democratic papers throughout the State are expressing their preferences for U. S. Senator. Several distinguished gentlemen are named, among the most prominent of whom are Messrs. Owen, Whitcomb, Bright, and Chamberlain.—The nominations, or rather recommendations, are generally made in the best kind of a spirit, and a disposition appears manifest on the part of the respective friends of these gentlemen to have the selection made fairly and satisfactorily, and cheerfully to acquiesce in it when made.—None of the gentlemen named would seek or accept the nomination on any other terms; we think we know enough of the purity and attachment to principle of all of them, to vouch for this on their behalf.

We copied a paragraph from the Madison paper, a week or two ago, stating that Mr. Bright would not be a candidate. This statement has since been modified; Mr. Bright does not seek the nomination but if the choice should fall on him, he would be proud to accede to the wishes of his fellow citizens. We have seen a letter from Mr. B. addressed to a friend in this place, in which he says: "I am not a candidate, nor will I be, if the use of my name *mars the peace and harmony of the democratic cause in any way, shape, or form.*" This is just what might be expected from that gentleman, by those why know him best; he is the last man who would, for the sake of personal preferment, divide or distract his party.

Mr. Owen, too, is equally determined not to allow his name to be used to further the schemes of those who would wish to destroy the harmony of the party. We find the following extracts of a letter *from him in the* State Sentinel:

"I desire no office at the expense of the union of the party; and if I cannot become Senator with the consent and good will of those who have borne the burden and heat of the day, I am content to remain as I am. * * *

"I have always held it [the Senatorial office] to be as honorable as any other office, not excepting one in the cabinet; and one in which almost all the great reputations of our country have been made. If our friends, on consultation, see fit to place my name before the Legislature, as the choice in caucus, I will not deny, that it will be to me a source of high gratification. *But, on the other hand, I hereby authorize you, in case the majority of the Democratic members prefer another name, and in case any of the minority still press my claims, to say for me, that I hold him no true friend of mine, who will do so. Acquiescence, at once and with frank good will, in the decision of a regular caucus, I hold to be the duty of a true Democrat.*"

The Goshen Democrat assures us that Mr. Chamberlain is governed by the same lofty feeling of self-denial, and faithful adherence to his party; and those who know him would be satisfied of this fact, without any such assurance.—When such honorable feelings actuate the candidates, it would be highly criminal in those who have the power of electing, to betray the trust reposed in them, by destroying the harmony, and defeating the success of the party. We hope at the caucus which will be held to select a candidate, the claims of no gentleman may be considered who will not pledge himself rigidly to adhere to the result, and cheerfully support the nominee; and that the same pledge be also exacted from every member of the caucus. Then, if any should prove base enough to forswear themselves and seek to prevent the election of the nominee, let them be held up to the deserved scorn and execration of the community.—We want no such men in our ranks, and their leaving us would be the best service they could render.

U. S. SENATOR.

From present appearances this office will not go a begging by a long sight, if we judge from the array of names thrown before the people for their consideration. For example, the Indiana Patriot proposes the name of Joseph A. Wright; the Lawrenceburgh Beacon and Indiana Tocsin, that of Robert Dale Owen; the Delaware county Democrat that of Samuel E. Perkins; the New Albany Democrat, Thomas L. Smith; a correspondent of the Logansport Pharos proposes Gov. Whitcomb, and the Fort Wayne Sentinel and Goshen Democrat have suggested the name of E. M. Chamberlain. All these are good men and true, and any of them would fill the office creditably to the State and to the party. Without wishing to disparage any of them we are free to say that we heartily concur in all that has been said by any one in favor of Gov. Whitcomb and Robert Dale Owen. We point to them with feelings of pride as men of whom not only the Democratic party, but the State may well be proud, and upon whose services they have a just claim. They are just the men for the station they occupy. Whitcomb three years ago was the first choice of old Elkhart all the time for Governor, and through her agency was his nomination affected.—His career as chief Magistrate of the State proves him to be worthy of the confidence reposed in him, and in that situation we hope to see him for three years longer.

Mr. Owens's career in Congress has been brief but full of honor. His district is devotedly attached to him—he has been re-elected by an increased vote, and can continue to be as long as he may desire a seat in Congress. He would be an ornament to the Senate, but he is a star in the House. His cool, mathematical judgment, his candor, his honesty, his burning patriotism, his glowing eloquence fit him for a popular leader, and constitute just the man who is wanted in these latter days on the floor of the lower House, while if transferred to the Senate Chamber his place could not be filled.

So much we feel in justice bound to say for Whitcomb and Owen, but after all, our preference is for Judge Chamberlain, and for these among other reasons:—

He is from the neglected North, a portion of the State which has been treated as another Nazareth by our political friends from James K. Polk down.

He has spent his time and money in the cause of Democracy, and to his exertions as much as to any man's are we indebted for the political Millenium which has dawned upon Indiana.

He is a man of equal ability with any whose names have been mentioned, and would fill the station with honor and credit. He is no sunshine politician—his Democracy never falters—he joins no cabal—he panders to no clique—he unites with no conspiracy against the public good—he stoops to no intrigue for selfish ends. In short he is just the man for the occasion.

But while saying this much we are well aware that the Goshen Democrat cannot settle this question. We have suggested his name, not is a spirit of dictation, but to elicit friendly discussion, that the representatives of the people may be better prepared to reflect the public will. Let the merits of all be treated with candor and respect, and then will our discussions result in perpetuating the harmony and unity of the party, and the honor of our State.—*Goshen Democrat.*

From the Indiana Tocsin.

THE NEXT U. S. SENATOR.

One of the first and most important acts of our Legislature will be the election of an U. S. Senator. It is of vital importance to the interests of the state and the reputation of the party, that a staunch, able and unwavering Democrat be chosen to fill this important seat—a man sound to the core upon the Tariff, the Currency, the Oregon and Texas questions—one who is talented, active, energetic and efficient, and in whose ability, the whole people can place the utmost confidence.

We hope, therefore, that the legislature, in their selection will be guided solely by the public interests. To this, questions of precedence, of personal choice, the location of the candidate and all sectional feeling should yield. Let Indiana follow the noble example of New England and New York and send one of her best men. It is sheer folly to say that this, that or the other portion of the state is entitled to fill the post. Our talented men belong to the State, not to sections; and he only should be chosen, who can perform its duties with the most honor and advantage to the State.

Among several others every way well qualified to discharge these duties in a manner to reflect honor upon the State and credit to themselves, the name of Hon. ROBERT DALE OWEN, in our opinion, is among the foremost. We are aware that this gentleman is too modest to descend into the political arena to huckster for support. The station must be his as a freewill offering, unsought, as was the office of President by J. K. Polk, or not at all. Mr. O's reputation is not confined to his own state; he is favorably known not only throughout the Union, but in Europe, as an able political economist, a gentleman of great literary and scientific attainments, and of unspotted purity of character.

In the 28th Congress, he ranked deservedly among the first for ability, influence, extensive information, great oratorical power, and indefatigable active business habits. It is no more than strict justice to say, that in all the essential characteristics of a statesman, no member of the House stood higher than he; and none who had obtained such enviable distinction in so short a time.

There is another consideration, which, in our opinion, should extend to Mr. O. the favorable consideration of the Legislature.—We refer to his able advocacy of the rights of labor. None have surpassed, and but few have equalled him, in the earnestness, ability and research which he has brought to bear upon this subject. It is this which is fast making him one of the most popular, as he now is one of the most able, men in the country. And we doubt not that his election as Senator would meet the wishes of much the largest portion of the whole party and, with a few exceptions, of nearly all in Northern Indiana.

—For the above reasons we individually prefer Mr. OWEN, although we should be perfectly satisfied should this high trust be committed to the able keeping of either Gov. Whitcomb or Hon. J. D. Bright.

[The Tocsin copies our article, suggesting the name of Hon. E. M. Chamberlain, and adds:—

Before receiving the "Fort Wayne Sentinel," we had penned the article headed "The next U. S. Senator," which gives our views upon this subject in full. We concur most heartily with the "Sentinel," in the above paragraph. The election of Mr. OWEN, we believe, would be an act of such exact "justice" to the whole State, that the "North" instead of thinking itself "hitherto neglected" and "overlooked" would joyfully assent to such selection "As a matter of compromise" we think it could not well be bettered.

As to our friend Judge CHAMBERLAIN, who has won such golden opinions by the able and dignified manner in which he has performed the duties of President Judge of this Circuit the above is the first intimation we have received of his being spoken of for the office. The Goshen Democrat has said nothing of it; and we do not know whether he would desire to be a candidate. But without wishing to derogate in the least from the abilities of Judge C. who ranks as one of the most prominent Democrats of the North, we must frankly say that our preference is for Mr. OWEN.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

The Union of this morning says:—Just as we are going to press, we learn that the Government has received some interesting intelligence information from the capital of Mexico to the 23d August, and from Vera Cruz to the 30th, *inclusive.* It is said, from the capital, that the new cabinet is considered as opposed to the war; and, even if it were otherwise disposed, it has not the means to carry on a war; that it is with the greatest difficulty it can raise the means to defray its necessary daily expenses; and that the war excitement is going down daily among all parties.

The accounts from Vera Cruz of the 29th state that there has been a retrograde movement in regard to the invasion of Texas—General Paredes absolutely refusing to march with his forces (seven thousand troops) towards Texas; that he has himself repaired to Mexico, and others have followed his example. The opinion was pretty well established at Vera Cruz, that the Mexicans will never attempt to cross the Rio Bravo; that they have made all the bluster they can, that they are without money, without credit, and consequently powerless; and that they are, moreover, on the eve of a revolution, which will overturn the present government.

Accounts on the following day (the 30th August,) from Vera Cruz, represent that there can be no doubt of a plan being nearly ripe to overturn the present government; and that Gen. Paredes, with Tornel and Valencia propose forming a triumvirate. It is said that Gen. Paredes cares nothing about federalism, but intended to make himself dictator.

The French minister has actually asked his passport—the government having refused to grant him the satisfaction he demanded.—News of the anticipated revolution was expected every mail at Vera Cruz.

Thus pass off the gasconades and blusters of Mexico! In what an elevated position does our country stand, in comparison with her; and our bold and prompt administration, with its wise precautionary measures, compared with the hesitating, discouraged, dispirited, disorganized, and revolutionary army and officers of Mexico!

LATER.—By the arrival of the Mexican schooner Yucateco, Captain Pratts, at New Orleans, from Tampico, whence she sailed on the 30th of August, later dates have been received. We find the following items in the Picayune of the 9th instant:

Mexico has not yet declared war, nor does she appear in any manner competent to do so. The country is rent by dissensions.—Open revolts have at last broken out in the army, and on all hands the ambitious military chieftains are quarrelling among themselves.

The President has at last succeeded in the formation of a Cabinet. We cannot make room for their letters of acceptance of office, all dated August 14th. They are wonderfully silent about the foreign relations of the country and war with the United State.

The Siglo of the 19th states that a rumor had prevailed for three days in the capital of a military revolt in one section of the army under Gen. Filisola, on its march to Texas.

Letters have been received at Tampico from San Luis Potosi, which announce that a revolution is near at hand. There appears to be a strong demand for the re-establishment of the Federal Constitution of 1824, and if this be not granted by the Government, it is likely to be carried by force.

STILL LATER.—By the arrival of the Mexican schooner Herarde, at New Orleans, from Vera Cruz, dates to the 30th ult., have been received by the N. O. Jeffersonian, of the 8th instant:

A bearer of dispatches for our Government, and for Com. Conner, came passenger. We learn from an extra of the Tropic, that the War fever had subsided in Mexico, and that there will probably be no declaration of war.

An election was held for President and Vice President of the Senate, when el Sr Pizzarro was elected to the first, and el Sr. Ramirez to the second.

Efforts were being made to organize a militin, but they were merely abortive. In the city of Mexico, which contains 200,000 inhabitants, only eleven recruits were found enlisted.

General Filasola, full of indignation, had thrown up the command of the division, which had caused the scandalous proceedings in San Luis Potosi, and had determined to return to the city of Mexico.

The Monitor of the evening of the 22d ult., states that General Bustamente has been named Commander in-Chief of the army to act against Texas.

NEWS FROM YUCATAN.

A portion of the Mexicans, it seems, have no idea of going to war with the United States, under any circumstances. By the brig Henry Leed, which recently arrived at New York, the Sun has letters and papers from Merida to the 9th of August. The people of Yucatan evince very little sympathy in the political contests of the central government of Mexico, and the presidential election created no unusual excitement. The prospect of a war between the United States and Mexico engrossed public attention, and it is worthy of note that our fellow citizens in that part of Mexico are treated with marked respect. The correspondent writes:

"The declaration of war will be the signal for a declaration of *independence here*, and with the adjoining State of Chiapas, the liberals of Tobasco, and the presence of small United States sloop of war, the Yucatanese, will set on foot a counter wave in favor of free government that will sweep all before it, until it unites in fraternal embrace with the great northern waves now sweeping over the plains of California and Santa Fe.

"We say to the friends of liberty in the north, the heart of Yucatan is in the right place, and she has strong arms which despotism could not paralyse. Yucatan loves Mexico, but she loves liberty more. She despises the base counterfeit of liberty that has disgraced Mexico; she longs for the Constitution of '24, but if it cannot be had, and war must come, then she raises her standard of Independence, and will take her stand among the nations as "the Republic of Yucatan."—If other States join her, she will receive them."

We were not prepared, says the Sun, for this intelligence, and were it not for the respectability of our correspondent, who is a most intelligent Spanish gentleman in one of the principal cities, we would be inclined to withhold its publication. His language in the original Spanish is more forcible than our translation. He has fair opportunities for ascertaining the course of public opinion, and we attach considerable importance to his statements. Yucatan may yet regenerate the whole Mexican Republic.

YUCATAN REVOLUTIONIZED AND INDEPENDENT.—The New York Sun of yesterday says:—"The counter wave in favor of free government, which our Yucatan correspondent predicted a few weeks ago, has been set in motion. The patriotic and intelligent Republicans of that ancient country are once more in the enjoyment of an enlightened system of self government, for the faithful administration of which their own stalwart frames and virtuous lives are the surest guarantees.

This gratifying intelligence comes to us by the brig Joseph Atkins, Captain Higgins, at this port, twenty six days from Tobasco, Mexico.

On the 9th of last month the Yucatanese under Gen. Barneo took possession of a Mexican schooner of War, and having placed on board of her all the Mexican functionaries and soldiers in that state, ordered her captain to sail with them for Vera Cruz, whence she departed immediately. She had been despatched by the Mexicans to levy men and money for the Texian war, but the people of Yucatan had suffered too much already from the oppressive tyranny of the central government; an immediate seperation was resolved upon and carried out in the manner stated, without shedding a drop of blood. The state government was at once changed to a national one, retaining all the republican principles which have distinguished the citizens of that state.

The N. Y. Tribune states that the Atlantic Insurance Co., of that city, have already paid nearly $100,000 of losses sustained at the great fire, and that they have notified all claimants that they are ready to pay up the balance instanter.

The New Orleans Tropic of the 24th furnishes the following extracts from the Texas papers, which will be found of no inconsiderable interest to our readers:

"The Brazos Planter says the convention has fixed the seat of government at the city of Austin until the year 1850. Thirty-six votes were given in favor of Austin, and a scattering vote for other places.

"An important document from the land office at Austin has been laid before the convention. From it, we learn that the superficial extent of Texas, as comprised within the limits defined by statute of the 1st Texan Congress, comprises, in round numbers, 397.000 square miles, or 254,284,166 acres; that the total amount of land issued by the various boards of land commissioners is 43,543.970 acres; that the total amount of the above, recommended *as good and lawful claims*, is 19,212,206 acres; issued by the department of war, as bounty and donation claims, 6,300,000 acres; land scrip sold by the Texian government, 368,787 acres; amount of legal claims to lands issued by Texas, 25,880,993 acres; amount issued, and supposed to be fraudulent, at 24,331,764 acres; issued by the authorities of Mexico, a portion of which is supposed to be invalid, 22,080,000 acres; and that the total amount of the public domain subject to location and unsurveyed, is 181.991;403 acres. The officer of the land office, in communicating the above statement, says that he has no means of knowing that he has no means of knowing the whole amount of scrip that has been issued by the Texan government, but thinks the amount yet out is about one-eighth of that shown to be in his office, and that the same is the case with reference to bounty lands."

RATHER LATE.—The Lawrenceburgh Beacon entertains its readers with a rich yarn about how the democracy of the "Pocket" have labored and how few of the State offices are filled by Democrats from this quarter. We are glad to see the editor's conscience thus speak; but why did he not think about "the Pocket" in 1843, when one of her sterling sons was a candidate for State Auditor. If we are not mistaken, this same Mr. John P. Dunn was very anxiously seeking the office himself. He was mindful only of his own "pocket" then.—*Ind. Statesman.*

A PLAIN QUESTION.—Is it compatible with the principles of equality or justice, that the great staples of the South and West, should be enormously taxed, *not to raise a revenue*, but TO PROTECT a few grinding manufacturing monopolists at the North; to enable a favored few overgrown wealthy capitalists to add to their already overflowing coffers, by what has aptly been termed GOVERNMENT PLUNDER! The worst of all plunder, inasmuch as it is sanctioned by an unconstitutional law.

How long, fellow citizens, shall it be allowed as the predominant policy of the country, thus to prostrate our vast agricultural and commercial interests at the unseemly shrine of a manufacturing aristocracy? How long shall we sanction this fattening of a mere handful at the expense of the industrious many, who produce all the *real* wealth of the nation by the sweat of their brow?—*U. S. Jour.*

PRICE CURRENT CORRECTED WEEKLY

Flour,	$3 50 a $3 75	
Salt,	1 50 per bbl.	
Wheat,	63 a 66 cts. per bu.	
Rye,	31 cts.	
Barley	50 cts.	"
Corn,	18 a 20 cts.	"
Oats,	15 cts.	"
Onions,	44	"
Potatoes	18 a 20	"
White Beans	75 a 1 00	"
Peas	62	"
Green Apples	1 00	"
Pork,	$5 00 a	
Hams	8 cts	
Shoulders	7	
Black Salts	$1 50 a 2 00	
Beeswax	25	
Eggs	8 cts. doz.	
Butter	12 a cts per lb.	
Cheese,	5 a 6 per lb.	
Maple Sugar	6 a 7	"
Beef,	2 a 2½ cts.	"
Tallow,	7 cts.	"
Beef Hides, green,	3 a 3 1-2	"
" " dry,	6 a 6 1-2	"
Flaxseed,	75 cts. per bushel.	
Timothy seed,	$1 00	"
Clover "	$4 00	"

MARKETS.

The advance in the Eastern markets, caused by the accounts of the crops in Europe, has led to a corresponding rise here. Flour is now worth $3 75 for city and 3 50 for northern and country brands. Wheat is nominally worth 64 cents, but the competition among buyers is so great that good samples are usually bid up to66. This competition ensures to all who come to our market the very highest price the state of the eastern market will justify. At the same time salt, iron, and goods generally can be purchased so much lower than in other places as to make it an object for all who can possibly reach here, to make this their market.

There is no material change in the eastern markets from our last week's quotations.

Fever & Ague.—Dr. Osgood's India Cholagogue which has gained so much notoriety in the cure of FEVER AND AGUE, and other bilious affections, may be found at the drug store of Dr. L. BEECHER, Fort Wayne, Indiana. This medicine was prepared by a regular physician, and is the result of an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate. Those who have used it themselves, or seen its salutary effects upon others, need no further evidence of its great value or the high estimation in which it is held. A small treatise on the "causes, treatment and cure of fever and ague and other diseases of bilious climates," may be had gratis of the above agent.

"None but the brave deserve the fair."

MARRIED.—At Erie, Pa., on the 10th inst. by Rev. G. A. LYON, Capt. J. W. MCLANE, of this city, to Miss Miss JANE C. NEELY, of Erie.

At Kennebunk, Maine, on the 8th inst. Mr. THOMAS MCCULLOCH of this city to Miss ABIGAIL CHADBORNE, of the former place.

☞ Both the above happy couples arrived here "safe and sound" yesterday morning. We heartily welcome the brides to their new home, and congratulate the groome—happy fellows—on their improved looks, and cheerful, smiling countenances;—they look like democrats after an election. "May they live a thousand years, and may" the breadth of their faces "never be less."

In Aboite township, on the 16th inst. by Rev. J. M. Day, Mr. ORVILLE GAYLORD, to Miss ELIZA VAUGHAN, both of Aboite.

DIED.—On Saturday last, at Middletown, Ohio, Mr. James Loring Hubbell, formerly of this city.

From the L. I. Farmer.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Sugar Coated Improved Indian Vegetable Pills are an excellent purgative; powerful, and yet actually pleasant in their operations. They have no nauseous taste, nor do they produce afterwards either nausea or gripe. In less than twelve hours after taking them, a person feels like a new being—just as if he had been really "born again."

Dealers furnished at the New York College of Health, 179 Greenwich Street, New York And sold by

H. B. REED, Fort Wayne
Wm. Dodge, Elkhart
A. B. Merrill, South Bend
John Congle, Plymouth
Thralls Pettinger, Warsaw
S. Hanna & Sons Port Mitchel

☞ CAUTION.—As a miserable imitation has been made, by the name of "Sugar Coated Pills," it is necessary to *be sure* that DR. G. BENJ. SMITH'S signature is on every box.—Price 25 cents.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Branch Bank at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of Seven Directors on the part of said Stockholders, will be held at the Banking House of said Bank in Fort Wayne, on Monday the third day of November next, between the hours of ten and six, of said day.

H. MCCULLOCH, *Cashier.*
Branch Bank, Fort Wayne, Sep. 27. '45. 13te

Important for the Country

FARMERS' DEPOT.

MY Fall Stock was shipped from the Eastern cities the last of August, and is hourly expected to arrive. To my old customers I say, hold on! for I am determined to sell Goods this season for the smallest kind of a commission.

My present stock of DRY GOODS I am and have been for the last three week selling off at COST, to *make room for my* New Stock.

For Wheat, Corn, Oat, &c. I am paying the Highest Cash Prices; also, for almost any other kind of "Truck" when a man wants *to raise a little cash to pay his taxes.*

Sept. 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

50 Doz. Little Spinning Wheel Irons for sale at CHITTENDEN'S
Sept. 27 Farmers' Depot.

SWEET POTATOES.—A few bushels fine Carolinas just received from Wayne county. For sale at No. 2 (Red) Jones' Block.
Sep. 27, 1845. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of Ten o'clock, a. m. and 4 p. m., on Saturday the 18th day of October next, the following described property to wit: Lot No. 26 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, with the improvements thereon, Taken as the property of Adam Milman, to satisfy an execution in favor of Henry R. Colerick, surviving partner of the late firm of Comparet and Colerick. The rents and profits for seven years will first be offered, and if the same should not sell for enough to satisfy said execution, then the fee simple will be sold,

B. B. STEVENS, Sh'ff A.C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dep't.
Sept. 26, 1845. 13—$2 00

HARDWARE
AT WHOLSALE.

THE subscriber contemplating different arrangements in business, has a good assortment of staple, saleable

SHELF HARDWARE,

Which he will sell for Cash cheaper than any house west of Albany.

Merchants desirous of replenishing small stocks please call and examine. J. T. KIRKLAND.
Cleveland, Sep. 19, 1845. 3w13

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL!

Dr. Osgood's
INDIA CHOLAGOGUE,
FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

DUMB AGUE, CHILL FEVER, INTERMITTENT FEVER, AND THE VARIOUS FORMS OF BILIOUS DISEASES.

DESIGNED especially for those affections of the Liver, and other internal organs, which attend the diseases of bilious climates.

Those who are suffering from the above diseases, as also those who have become invalids from their effects upon the constitution, will find the INDIA CHOLAGOGUE an invaluable remedy for purifying the blood, promoting the discharge of bile, and thoroughly removing from the system the morbid effects of a bilious climate.

Residents of bilious climates, EMIGRANTS, or *persons travelling through infected districts of country*, will find the Cholagogue an invariable and absolute preventative.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a Pamphlet on the "Causes, Treatment, and Cure," with full directions, a copy of which may be had gratis of the undersigned agent.

A supply of the above invaluable medicine just received and for sale by

DR. L. BEECHER.
Sep. 27, 1845.-13-tf. Fort Wayne, In.

TO LAND BUYERS.

THE undersigned (agent for the owners) will sell in tracts to suit purchasers the following described LANDS. The owners being desirous of closing up their land operations in the west, have authorized me to sell at such prices as *will induce settlers to purchase.* These lands were selected in 1835-6. Persons wishing to purchase for actual settlement would do well to examine some of these tracts before they purchase of the Government or others.

In Steuben County.	sec.	t.	r.
S W quarter	13	38	14
N W quarter	14	38	14
S W quarter	1	37	12
S E. quarter	12	37	12
S W quarter	24	37	12
N W quarter	11	36	14
N E quarter	12	36	12e
In Lagrange County.			
S w qr of n w qr	33	38	11
E hf s w quar	35	38	11
In DeKalb County.			
S E quarter	7	35	15

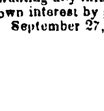
ALSO,

In Steuben County.	sec.	t.	r.
N W fr quar.	13	38	14
N W quarter	24	38	14
W hf s e qr.	1	37	12
N E quarter	13	37	12
North fr hf	9	36	15
E hf s e quar.	6	36	14
N fr half	4	36	15
S east quarter	12	36	12
W hf s w qr.	5	36	12
S E quarter	25	38	14
E hf s e quar	23	37	12
E hf n w qr	13	36	12
In DeKalb County.			
N E quarter	7	36	15
In Huntington County.			
E hf s e quar.	32	38	9
W hf s e quar	32	38	9
S W quarter	32	28	9
In Carroll County.			
W hf n w qr	24	26	3w
E hf n e quar	13	36	3
W hf n w qr	13	36	3

In addition to the above described lands I am authorized to sell some twenty six hundred acres situate in the south part of Whitley, and three or four tracts in Perry township, Allen county. Any letters addressed to me (post paid) by persons wishing to purchase, will be attended to.—By calling on me, at my house in Fort Wayne; Robert L. Douglass, of Angola; or Robert Spear, of Delphi, Carroll county, any information in regard to the above lands may be obtained.

M. SWEETSER.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 27, 1845 13-tf

TOWER'S CHEAP
Cabinet and Chair Factory,
COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.



B. H. TOWER returns his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he still continues, at his old stand, between the "Mighty Niagara" and Dr. Beecher's no-less celebrated Drug Store, to make and sell every description of

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS.

His articles he will warrant to be as well made and cheap as any other in the place, and those wanting any thing in his line, would consult their own interest by giving him a call.

September 27, 1845.

From the L. I. Farmer.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Sugar Coated Improved Indian Vegetable Pills are an excellent purgative; powerful, and yet actually pleasant in their operations. They have no nauseous taste, nor do they produce afterwards either nausea or gripe. In less than twelve hours after taking them, a person feels like a new being—just as if he had been really "born again."

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Wm. Dodge, Elkhart
A. B. Merrill, South Bend
John Congle, Plymouth
Thralls Pettinger, Warsaw
S. Hanna & Sons Port Mitchel

☞ CAUTION.—As a miserable imitation has been made, by the name of "Sugar Coated Pills," it is necessary to *be sure* that DR. G. BENJ. SMITH'S signature is on every box.—Price 25 cents.

Wanted, at the Farmers' Depot,

10 Doz. Splint Brooms
500 lbs. good Hops 300 bush. Barley
1500 lbs. Beeswax 1000 lbs. Ginseng
100 bush. Timothy Seed 2000 do. Flaxseed.
CASH or Goods will be paid for the above.
Sept. 27

An Error Rectified.

MANY persons have supposed that from the immense quantity of Goods sold at the NIAGARA STORE, since the arrival of the Spring and Summer supply, the Stock must be getting low. This is a mistake. I am in the weekly receipt of such articles as are required to

Keep my Assortment complete,

forwarded by my agents in New York, and purchasers may rely on always finding a full supply of every thing required. In a short time, the

Fall and Winter Goods

will be on hand. The stock will be so heavy that it becomes necessary to clear the shelves of all old Goods, to make room for the new; and I am therefore selling them off at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Purchasers may find BARGAINS by applying early. A. B. MILLER.
September 20, 1845

Interest on Canal Lands.

THE undersigned will receive Interest on Canal Lands, until the 10th November next. He may be found at the Store formerly occupied by O. Smith & Co., corner of Barr and Columbia streets. O. BIRD.
September 13, 1845. 11-3

Medical Notice.

REMOVAL.—T. M BANKS, M. D., returns his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, for the patronage he has received since he located in this city, and respectfully informs them that he has removed his office to Columbia street, opposite Dr. Beecher's Drug Store, where he will promptly attend to all calls in the line of his profession.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 13, 1845. 11—tf

Cash for Wheat.

I am paying CASH for all that comes to the Market, except a few bushels bought by the *Mills.* L. S. CHITTENDEN.
September 6.

Cash for Wheat.

THE highest price will be paid for any quantity of wheat. A B MILLER

COD FISH for sale by
Aug 26 HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

LOOKING-GLASSES of all sizes, just received by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

New Firm--New Goods.

S. & W. S. EDSALL having purchased the stock in trade of Messrs. LITTLE & MCCULLOCH, and SINCLEAR & EDSALL, have established themselves in the old stand of Sinclear & Edsall, where in addition to the old stock of goods, they are receiving from NEW YORK and BOSTON a large and well selected stock of

New Goods,

suited to the MARKET and the SEASON, which makes their assortment complete, and which will be sold at very low prices for Cash or Country Produce.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1845. 10tf

Nerve and Bone Liniment.

ALLEN'S Genuine Original Nerve and Bone Liniment. For sale by the Bottle, Dozen, or Gross. At (the old stand) Beecher's Drug Store. L. BEECHER.

WHITE-FISH, just received direct from the fishery—only a few days in salt; the choicest article ever brought to this market.

☞ A few quarter and half barrels put up expressly for family use.
Aug. 28. A. B. MILLER.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Perly Ainsworth late of Allen county, Indiana, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the clerk of the Allen Probate Court: Those indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will file them in the clerk's office. The estate is probably insolvent. CALVIN MCDONALD, Adm'r.
Sept.

LADIES' French Morocco and Kid SHOES, Gaiters, &c. just received at the store of
Aug. 26 HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

EASTERN SOLE LEATHER for sale by
Aug. 26, 1845. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

MUSLIN DE LAINES.—A beautiful lot just received by
Aug. 26, 1845. HAMILTON & WILLAMS.

ALPACCAS—A large assortment, plain, figured, and plaid, just received, and for sale cheap by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

To Printers.

TYPE FOUNDRY & PRINTERS' FURNISHING WAREHOUSE—The subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, STEEL COLUMN RULE, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing Office.

The Type, which are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrixes, with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. All the type sold by us is "hand cast."

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

N.B. A Machinist is constantly in attendance to repair presses and do light work.

Editors of newspapers who will buy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the above six months insertion in their papers, and send the papers containing it to the subscribers.

COCKCROFT & OVEREND,
6m8 68 Ann street, New York.

THE NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of eve y kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Tress Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, ✠ Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (in no case for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while the rolad are good. P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ia., August 23d, 1845. 8—y

CONSUMPTIVES,
Read the Wonderful Cure Performed by
DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Sy up of Wild Cherry.

THE wonderful cures performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Raising in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous effects; there is no acount of a medicine, from the earliest ages, furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

DR. SWAYNE: Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr. Joseph Smith, in a saw mill, near Waynesburg, I was attacted, with a cough, from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in my breast, loss of appetite, fever, etc. etc, which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attened by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints, and advertisement of

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

Procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown which relieved me. I continued until I had taken five bottles: I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, JOHN P. BOYSE.
Lewiston, Del.

☞ Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose office has been removed to the N.W. corner of Eighth and Race streets*, Philadelphia.

A. B. MILLER,
May 31—y. Agent, Fort Wayne.

SALT always on hand, and for sale a the lowest rates A B MILLER

Notice.

To the Tax Payers of Wells County, Ia.

The following taxes have been assessed for the year 1845, on each $100 valuation:

21 cents and 7 mills, for State purposes.
50 " on each poll for " "
35 cents on each $100 for County purposes.
50 cents on each poll for " "
15 " on each $100 town lots for road purposes.
1½ cents on each acre of taxable land, for road purposes.

The following Townships have assessed a township tax, as follows:

Harrison township 4 cents on each $100, and 6 cents on each poll.
Jackson township 3 cents on each $100.
Chester " 5 " " "
Jefferson " 5 " " "

The Treasurer or his Deputy will attend at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships, on the days mentioned, as follows:

In Jefferson township on Monday, Sept. 22, 1845.
In Lancaster " Tuesday, " 23, "
In Rockcreek, " Wednesday " 24, "
In Liberty " Thursday, " 25, "
In Jackson " Friday, " 26, "
In Chester " Saturday, " 27, "
In Nottingham " Monday, " 29, "
In Harrison " Tuesday " 30, "

Those who neglect to pay their taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in their townships, will have to settle the same at his office in Bluffton, where he will attend from the 1st day of October, 1845, until the 1st day of January, 1846, after which time there will be a penalty of 10 per cent.

ADNAH HALL, Tr. Wells Co.
AMOS TOWNSEND, Dep'ty.
Bluffton, Aug. 15, 1845. 8—6w

Furniture and Chairs,

THREE DOORS WEST OF R. W. TAYLOR'S STORE, ON COLUMBIA STREET,
At the Ware Room of F. P. Tinkham,

Where Furniture can be had low for cash, and cash only. Farmers, call and see my Furniture and see if it will not be better to sell your produce for cash, and pay cash.

August 9th, 1845. 6tf.

Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

GENUINE Otard, Du Puy, & Co. Cognac Brandy, and Hour-glass Hollands Gin; also a first rate article of Domestic Brandy and Gin, very low.

August 28 A B MILLER

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!
100 Stoves for Sale.

P. P. BAILEY, at the New York Hardware Store, (sign of the Padlock,) has just received and offers for sale the best selected stock of STOVES ever brought to this market, consisting of sizes nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, of the Premium Cooking Stoves Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5, of Atwood's Hot-air Engine Cooking Stoves—*two sticks of wood to last all the day*,—and the Arcole Company's new and splendid

Hot Air Parlor Stoves,

not equalled by any thing before patented, together with all the variety of 7 and 10 plate stoves to be *sold cheap for cash or produce.* The reputation of the Premium Cooking Stoves is so well and so favorably known all over the country, that it is only necessary to mention where they can be had, to ensure a certain and speedy sale for the entire lot, and those who would not be without a Stove of the first quality for the ensuing winter, must call early if they would be sure of finding one left. But

Atwood's Hot Air Cooking Stoves,

a new improvement for cooking, combining economy with great usefulness, is the Stove to which it is wished especially public attention to be directed; and to that end is annexed the following certificates from some of the most respectable persons living in the East, which constitute but a few of the hundreds of the same kind from equally respectable names.

RECOMMENDATIONS *from the* LADIES,
Who are the proper persons to judge of the good qualities of a Cooking Stove.

We have used Atwood's Empire Cooking Stoves in our families during the past winter, and feel it a duty to the public, and to the genius of the inventor, to give our testimony to its superior usefulness. There are many excellent stoves in the market, and we have used some of the best, but none of them have answered our wishes in all the various culinary operations as well as the Empire Cooking Stove has. It is of convenient height; and so much of the surface is presented to the heat, that a *variety* of operations *may* be conducted at once without *interference.* The oven is perfect—bread, pies, cake, pudding &c., cannot be better or more uniformly baked than this stove will bake them. It requires but a moderate quantity of fuel; and wood or coal may be used with equal results. The plan of the stove is simple, and its operations easily understood. It is neat in its design and construction, and every way worthy of the popularity it obtains wherever it is introduced.

Mrs. JOHN CARPENTER, Troy.
" WM. HAGEN, "
" S. M. BOUTEN, West Troy.
" S. D. NEENNEY, Troy.
" E. V. VALKENBURGH, "
" C. HEIMSTREET. "
" WILLIAM PEIRCE, "
" L. M. HULL, "
" ELIZA'H. BREWSTER "
" SARAH PLAYFORD, Schenectady.
Troy, June 1844.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, Having used your Empire Cooking Stove in my boarding house for the last year, I can and do most cheerfully recommend it to those wishing for one combining both economy and convenience. It does not consume more than one half the fuel that an ordinary Premium Stove does, while at the same time it bakes perfectly even, equal to a brick oven, which I have never seen a stove do before.

Mrs. J. B. DOWNS, First Street.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, Having used your Stove for the past two years, we concur in the opinion of Mrs. Downs, and would add that in our opinion no one after using your stove would be willing to part with it.

Mrs. H. RAYMOND, 68 Sixth st.
Mrs. S. W. HUBBELL.

CERTIFICATES FROM GENTLEMEN.

This is to certify that from some months experience in the use of Atwood's Empire Cooking Stove, I am satisfied that it combines more excellences for all the purposes for which a Cooking Stove is designed than any stove with which I am acqainted.

Rev. A. C. HAND, Pittsfield, Mass.
Troy, Aug 8, 1844.

Atwood's Patent Empire Cooking Stove, for the past two years has been used in my kitchen. It combines the many advantages necessary in a Cooking Stove, its fire chamber is so arranged that it will consume more or less fuel, (according to the season,) making it equally well calculated either for winter or summer use. It has a large oven, which bakes evenly. I have no hesitation in stating that this stove having once been introduced into the kitchen, there will be no occasion for its ejectment.

Dr. H. H. YOUNG, 104 Third st.
Troy, May 10, 1845.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, I have had your Empire Cooking Stove in use near a year. After a few weeks trial I gave you an expression of my opinion concerning its merits; subsequent trial has strongly corroborated the opinion I then gave. I am confident that the saving of fuel during this time has been more than the price of the Stove. I can confidently and sincerely recommend it, and I believe that no one, after having given it a fair trial, will differ with me in opinion.

G. W. FRANCIS.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, I am happy to inform you that I have fairly tested your Empire Stove, and am ready to recommend it to the public. For cooking and baking it excels any that I am acquainted with.

Dr. E. J MATTOCKS, 22 Fifth st.
Schaghticoke, Aug. 24, 1842.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, The Empire Stove that I purchased of you on trial, we have used to cook for the Junction Hotel, and have found it fully to answer your recommendation. It performs all the various operations of cooking in the most perfect manner, and with one third less fuel than any other stove we have ever used. The oven is the best I have ever seen—it bakes meat, bread, or pies evenly, and in the most beautiful manner. For washing and ironing it cannot be surpassed. We have a kettle set in an arch that we have formerly used for washing, but your stove entirely supersedes it both as to convenience and economy. A. J. HARRINGTON.
Hoosick, April 3, 1843.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, After waiting about two years to find a stove to suit me, I purchased your Empire Cooking Stove, and I must say it far exceeds my expectations. It boils quick, bakes and roasts well, and altogether in harmony—it takes less fuel, heats well, and in addition to that it kindles with less trouble than any other stove I have used by half, and keeps fire equally well. Respectfully yours, J. CASE.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, I fully concur in opinion with my brother and others in respect to your Empire Stove. TOBIAS CASE.
Sandy Hill, July 27, 1844.

Mr. Atwood—Sir, I have had one of your Empire Cooking Stoves in use for the past season, and am much pleased with the manner in which the business of cooking can be performed, and have no hesitation in saying that the said stove is the best plan that has fallen under my observation, for utility and economy. S. A. BEERS.

I have used Atwood's Empire Stove, and fully concur in the opinion of S. A. Beers, and others.

MILES TRAVER, of Schodack, Farmer.

Mr. B. has connected with the Stove business, a large MANUFACTORY OF TIN WARE, and is now prepared to sell to Country Merchants their supplies of Tin Ware, at as low prices as they have bought heretofore at Buffalo, or any of the Eastern markets. Canal Boats will find a full supply of Boat Lamps and Pumps.

P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ia., Aug. 23d, 1845. 8—y

NOTICE.

HOLDERS of Policies issued by George Johnson, Esq., former agent at this place of the Protection Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., since the 2d day of January, A. D. 1845, are requested to notify the subscriber of the same immediately, by a statement of such policy.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON.
Aug. 9th, 1845. *Ag't Pro. Ins. Comp.*

Perfumery.

A fine lot of French Perfumery, Toilet, Shaving and Fancy Soap; Orange, Lavender, and Cologne water; Hair Oil of every kind; Cosmetic Tooth Powders and Brushes, &c. &c. at the new Drug Store, corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Payson's Indelible Ink

Used without a preparation at REED'S.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
New York Trade.

The attention of Country Merchants is requested to the following CARDS of various branches of business, all of whom are provided with the best assortments of goods and merchandize from the foreign and domestic markets.

They are fully prepared to supply all articles needed for the country trade, and on such terms as cannot fail to suit customers either in prices or quality.

SILK GOODS.

Staple and Fancy Silk Goods.

Robert L. Smith & Henderson, 176 Pearl street.
Peck, Nicolson & Wright, 139 Pearl street, and 90 Beaver street.
George H. Williams, late of Williams, Rankin and Peniman, 24 Exchange place, opposite the Exchange, 3 doors from William street.

DRY GOODS.

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Hallock, Mount and Billings, 173 Pearl street, one door above Pine street.
Hall & Parsons, 49 William street.

Merrett, Ely & Co., Nos. 50 and 52 William st., between Wall and Pine streets.

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

Doremus, Suydam & Nixon, No. 39 Nassau-st., corner Liberty st., opposite the Post Office.
Angell & Co., No. 17 William street, between Exchange Place and Beaver street.
Cutters & Phelps, No 59 Cedar street.
Bates & Masterton, No. 26 Liberty street.

CROCKERY.

French and English China, Glass and Earthenware.

Thomas F. Field, 101 Broad street.
R. F. Haviland, 82 Maiden Lane.
H. Stevenson, No. 270 Pearl street, one door from Fulton Bank.

HARDWARE.

Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c., German and American, comprising every thing in the line.

Osborne & Little, 33 Fulton street, opposite the U. S. Hotel, between Pearl and Water sts.
Dennistoun & Disbrow, sign of the "Padlock," 68 Pearl street, near Broad street.
Andrew L. Halsted, No. 7 Platt treet, sells only for cash. The cheapest Hardware Store in the city.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

B. W. & C. F. Howe, 151 Water street, one door from Maiden Lane.

DRUGS.

French and English Drugs, Chemicals, Essences, Oils, Perfumery, Brushes, &c. Also, Platina Wire, Plate and Foil.

Johnson, Moore & Taylor, 81 Maiden Lane, (up stairs.)

DYE STUFFS.

Dye Stuffs, Dye Woods, Acids, &c.

William Partridge & Son, 27 Cliff street.

FRINGES, &c.

Fringe, Gimps, Cords and Tassels, Bindings, Zephyr Worsted, Coat Cords, &c.

D. A. Booth, Importer and Manufacturer of all kinds of Trimmings, No. 100 William street.

HOSIERY, &c.

Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves and Haberdashery, in every variety.

Lopes & Quackinbush, 20 William street.

Suspenders, Gloves, Cravats, Scarfs, Hosiery, &c. Caps, Stocks, Linens, Oil Silks, &c. &c.

John M. Davies & Jones, 106 William street, corner of John.

TOYS, &c.

English, French and German Fancy Goods; Fire Crackers, &c.

J. W. Holberton, No. 75 Maiden Lane, four doors east of William street.

FANCY GOODS.

French, English and German Fancy Goods, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Brushes, Combs, Fancy Boxes, Jewelry, Toys, &c.

William Noyes, 21 Cedar street, up stairs, between Pearl and William streets.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

Publishers of Music and Manufacturers of Musical Instruments.

F. Riley & Co., No. 297 Broadway, between Duane and Reade streets.
Firth, Hall & Pond, 239 Broadway, corner Park Place, sole agents for Chickering's Piano Forte; also, Worcester's celebrated Pianos.

Patent Harp Frame, Piano Forte Manufactory and Music Store.

Glenn, Rogers & Co., No. 152 Fulton street, east of Broadway.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Fine Watches.

S. Hammond & Co., of the late firm of Benedict & Hammond, will continue the selling of fine Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware, at the old stand, No. 44, *Merchants' Exchange.*

Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware.

Samuel W Benedict, Watch Maker.
D. Beach, Jeweller, No. 5, Wall street.

STATIONERY, &c.

Blank Books, Foreign and Domestic Stationery, &c.

Francis & Loutrel, 77 Maiden Lane.

Joseph Gillott's Steel Pens.

A complete assortment of all kinds of the above well known Pens, on cards and in boxes, together with a large stock of cheap Pens in boxe constantly on hand.

Henry Jessop, Importer, 91 John st, cor. of Gold.

RICH & LOUTREL,

Importers of French and English Fancy and Staple Stationery, 61 William street, New York.

English and French Tissue and Writing Papers; Sealing Wax, Wafers, Steel Pens, Parchment, Inks, Fluids, &c. Manufacturers of Account Books for the trade. Papers of every description at the manufacturer's prices. Domestic Stationery, on Commission.

[JAMES V. RICH. WM. M. LOUTREL.]

BRITANNIA AND TIN WARE.

Plain and Japanned Tin Ware.

Menzies & Brother, 34 Cliff street.

CARPETS, &c.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mattings, Druggets, &c.

Reuben Smith, Jr., 254 Broadway, opposite the City Hall.

LAMPS, &c.

Horn's Patent Glass Fountain Lamps for Camphene. Also, Webb's superior Double Distilled Camphene.

J. O. Fay, 136 Fulton street, Sun Buildings.

PERFUMERY.

Manufacturers of Perfumery, Cosmetics, Fancy Soap, &c.

Alexander & John Ramsay, successors to N. Smith Prentiss, sign of the Golden Rose, 45 Maiden Lane.

PRINTING MATERIALS.

Wood Type, Cases, Stands, Furniture, Gallys, &c. Also, New and Second Hand Printing Materials.

Wells & Webb, No. 32 Ann street.

TYPE AND STEROTYPE FOUNDRY.

James Connor & Son, 21 Ann street, corner Nassau street.

CAPS.

Hat, Cap, and Fur Store.

N. B. Wilbur & Co., No. 85 Maiden Lane.

IRON SAFES.

Manufacturer of Wilder's Patent Salamander, warranted free from dampness.

Silas C. Herring, 139 Water street.

RAZOR STROPS.

Manufacturer of the Celebrated Magic Razor Strop of Four Sides,

L. Chapman, 102 William street.

Sold at Manufacturer's Prices, by all the Hardware and Fancy Goods Importers—Prices reduced 33⅓ per cent.

PAPER WARE HOUSE.

Commission Paper Ware House.

Eugene Ely, 71 Fulton street, New York.
New York City, July, 1845. 3m4

To Southern & Western Merchants.

PHILADELPHIA WHOLESALE MERCHANTS.

THE subscribers, Merchants, Manufacturers, Importers and Wholesale Dealers of the city of Philadelphia, respectfully invite Southern and Western Merchants, who are about to visit the North during the ensuing season, for Fall and Winter Supplies, to an examination of their respective Stocks of Goods.

We take the opportunity afforded by the newspapers of your Districts, to give you the streets and numbers of our several places of business, and to unite in an invitation to you to give us a call.

Being supplied with full and complete assortments in our several departments, we feel confident that we shall be able to give entire satisfaction in terms and prices.

Importers and Dealers in Silk and Fancy Dry Goods, and fine French and British Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings

Ashhurst & Remington, 80 Market street.

Importer and Dealer in Staple Silk and Fancy Dry Goods Also, British, French & American Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailors Trimmings.

Barclay Lippincott, 65 Market street.

Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods

Taylor & Paulding, 96 Market street.
Wood & Oliver, 131 "
Rockhill, Smith & Co., 106 "

Importer and Dealer in Hosiery, Gloves, Laces Liners, and Fancy Goods.

George Eshenick & Co. 112 Market street.

Importers and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings &c.

De Coursey, Laforcade & Co. 77 Market st.
Wood & Wilson, 122 Market st., near 4th.
William H. Love, 147 Market st., north side.
Lambert Day, 108 Market street south side.

Print Warehouse, Dealers in Printed Calicoes only

Morrell & Co., 201 Market street.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Ready Made Clothing of every Grade.

Michael Tracy, 292 Market street.
Charles Harkness, south east corner of Fourth and Market street, (and sole agent for R. Heinisch's Tailors' Shears.)

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware and Cutlery.

Truitt, Pendleton & Truitt, 169 Market st. ab 4th.
Maslin & Pepper, 4 North Third street.
Richard Paxson & Sons, 3 Decatur street, above 6th, south from Market.
Moore, Heyl & Co, 139 Market street.

Welded wrought iron Tubes, for Steam, Gas, or Water; Locomotive, Marine, and other Boiler Flues.

Morris, Tasker & Morris, Manufacturers, S. E. corner of Third and Walnut streets.

Agency for the sale of Southworth Manufacturing Company's Superior Writing Papers.

N. S. Lawrence, Agent, 3 Minor street.

Publishers, Booksellers & Stationers.

Grigg & Elliot, 9 North Fourth street.
Isaac M. Moss, 12 South 4th st. below Market.

Bookseller, Publisher, and Importer of English, French and German Books.

George S. Appleton, 148 Chesnut street.

Cheap Publication and Periodical Establishment.

G. B. Zieber & Co., 3 Ledger Building, Third street, below Chesnut.

Importers of Watches, Jewelry, Fine Cutlery, Britannia, Plated and Silver Wares.

Dickson & Co. S. E. cor. Market and Third sts.
J. & W. L. Ward, 106 Chesnut stteet, opposite the Franklin House.
John C. Farr, 112 Chesnut street.
Watson & Hildeburn, 72 Market street.
Thomas C. Garrett & Co. 122 Chesnut, nr. 4th.

Manufacturer of Jewelry.

E. G. A. Baker, 7 Cherry st. between 3d & 4th.

Ornamental Sword Manufacturer, Dye Sinker, and Chaser in General.

F. W. Widmann, 98 North Third street.

Manufacturer of Silver and Brass Stair Rods and Cornice Poles.

Edward Jones, corner of George and Swanwick streets, between Walnut and Chesnut, west of 6th.

Importers of Fine Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Combs, Beads, Perfumery, Brushes, Soaps &c.

R. & G. A. Wright, 23 South Fourth street.

Importers of Toys, Fancy and Staple Goods, Beads, Brushes and Perfumery.

A. F. Ott Monrose, 16 South Fourth street, below Market.
Louis C. Bauersachs, 170 Market street.

Importer and Manufacturer of Perfumery, Cosmetics, Fancy Soaps, and Dealer in Fancy Goods.

Jules Huel, 46 South Third Street.

Importers of Toys, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments Glass and China Ware

C. Ahrenfeldt & Co., 16 North Fourth street between Market and Arch, up stairs.

China, Earthenware and Glass.

S. Tyndale, 219 Chesnut street.
Edward Snowdon, 34 North Third street, opposite the City Hotel.

Looking Glasses, Plated & Fancy Hardware, &c.

Thomas J. Natt, 134 Market street.

Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, Mathematical Instruments, Walking Canes, Microscopes, and Spy Glasses.

McAllister & Co., 48 Chesnut street.

Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, *and other Paints, and of Chemicals, &c., and Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Oils &c.*

Wetherill & Brother, 65 North Front street.

Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, &c.

Haskell, Merrick & Co., 45 North Front street.
Thompson, Pancoast & Co., 40 Market street.

Bonnet and Cap Manufacturer and Importer.

Thomas White 15 South Second Street. [late of Commerce street.

Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, Caps, Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats.

Charles Oat, 108 Market Street, south side.

Manufacturers of Umbrellas, Parasols, Parasolettes, and Sun Shades.

Wright & Brothers, 125 Market Street, north side, above 3d.
Sleeper & Fenner, 126 Market Street, south side, one door below 4th street.

Manufacturers of Fire and Thief Proof Chests, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Filters, &c.

Evans & Watson, 76 South Third Street, opposite the Exchange and Post Office.

Manufacturer of Premium Refrigerators, Water Filters and Coolers, Fire Proof Chests, Letter Copying Presses, &c.

Oliver Evans, 15 Chesnut Street, near Front.

Venetian Blind Manufacturer.

B. J. Williams, 12 North Sixth Street, a few doors above Market.

Piano Forte Manufacturer, Organ Builder, &c.

E. N. Scherr, 266 Chesnut Street.

Music, Pianos, and Musical Instruments.

James G. Osbourn, 112 South Third Street, below the Exchange.

Brass Eight-Day, 30 Hour, and General Clock Establishment.

James S. Smith, 82 North Third st., ab. Cherry.

Manufacturers of Common and Fancy Soaps, Mould and Dipt Candles, &c.

Elijah & Gillies Dallett, 36 Market Street.

Bank Note Engravers.

Toppan, Carpenter & Co.—Successors to Draper, Toppan & Co.—76½ Walnut Street.
Spencer, Hufty & Danforth—Successors to the old firm of Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co., and their successors—95 and 97 Walnut st.

Type and Stereotype Foundry.

L. Johnson & Co., 6 George street, between Walnut and Chesnut, and 6th and 7th.

Type Foundry.

Lewis Pelouze, North West corner of Third and Chesnut Streets.

Fire Engine and Hose Manufactory.

John Agnew, Franklin Works, 340 Vine Street.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Scales and Weights.

Gray & Brother, 34 Walnut Street, below 2d.

Manufacturers of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cheap Travelling Trunks. Valise Trunks, Carpet Bags &c.

A. L. Hickey & Co., basement of Jones' Hotel, 150 Chesnut Street.

Manufacturer of Splendid Cabinet Furniture and Ornamental Upholstery.

Crawford Riddell, 173 Chesnut Street.

Public Houses—Philadelphia.

The proprietors of the following named Houses in the city of Philadelphia, being prepared to accommodate Strangers and Travellers, [illegible] invitation pledge [illegible] assiduously to the comfort [illegible] carefully select our respective [illegible] terms, during their sojourn in

[illegible] North Fourth st.—A. F. Class.
United States Hotel, Chesnut Street, opposite [illegible] House—Thomas C. Rea.
[illegible] Chesnut street—John A. Jones.
[illegible] all, 68 Chesnut and 27 South Third [illegible]
[illegible] vant.
[illegible] Head's) South Third St.—[illegible]
[illegible]
Washington House, Chesnut Street, [illegible] 7th—H. J. Hartwell.
Columbia House, Chesnut Street, between 6th and 7th—Bigley & McKenzie.
American Hotel, Chesnut Street, between 5th and 6th, opposite the State House—H. A Chester.

Philadelphia, June 26th, 1845. 3m4

New Chair Factory.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the CHAIR MAKING BUSINESS on Calhoun street, a few doors south of Columbia street, in the shop occupied by Mr. Fink, Cabinet Maker, opposite Mr. Kiser's. They would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage; they intend keeping on hand Windsor and Fancy Chairs of different patterns, and of a quality which will give satisfaction and be found durable. ☞ All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. W. & J. PAUL.
Fort Wayne, August 9, 1845. 6m—6

SHINGLES.

I AM still carrying on Shingle Making, and have constantly on hand White Walnut and Yellow Poplar SHINGLES at my shop near the Canal Lock, one mile east of Fort Wayne.

JOHN SMITH.
June 19th, 1845. 20tf

NEW
DRUG STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Drug & Chemical Warehouse

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

THE subscriber is now opening as above a very extensive Stock of Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Oils, Varnishes, Paints, Glass, Dye Stuff, Brushes &c. &c. to which he would call the attention of Physicians, Merchants, and dealers generally. Having been engaged in the business in Cincinnati, our facilities for buying (together with having purchased for cash) will enable us to offer inducements to buyers equal to any other establishment in the west. Every article put up by us will be warranted fresh and pure and of the very best quality. Call and examine our stock.

HUGH B. REED.
June 14, 1845.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the office of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, against the goods, chattles, lands and tenements of Joseph Scott, John C. Hen, and Francis Comparet, I have levied on the following described property, to wit: Lot No. forty-nine, (49) in the old plat of the city of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana, and I will expose the same to sale at public out cry at the Court House door in said county, on the 6th day of September next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 4 o'clock, p. m., on said day. The rents and profits of said premises for seven years, will be first offered, and in case the same shall fail to sell for a sufficient sum to pay the debt, costs and accruing costs, the fee simple of the same will then be offered.

Taken as the property of Francis Comparet, at the suit of Henry R Colerick.

B. B. STEVENS, S. A. C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dep'ty.
August 16th, 1845. 7—4w

☞ The above sale is postponed to Monday, September 29th, by order of the plaintiff.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, to me directed, I will offer for sale at the Court House door of Allen county, State of Indiana, on the 13th day of October, 1845, between the hours of ten and four o'clock, the following described real estate, to wit: Town lot number forty-six, on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; decreed to be sold as the property of Lewis Bourie and others, at the suit of Henry Laverty and Henry V. Winans. The rents and profits for seven years of said property, will first be offered for sale. The terms of said sale will be as follows: One fifth of the purchase money to be paid down; one-third of the balance in six months; one third in twelve months, and the remaining third in eighteen months from the time of said sale; with interest on all of said payments from the date of said sale

ROBERT HANNA, Com'r.
August 9, 1845. 6tf

PORT, Madeira, and Malaga WINE, warranted genuine, for sale at the 'Niagara.'
August 28 A B MILLER

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS have just received their FALL STOCK of GOODS, a large and general assortment, including almost every article needed in Town or Country, all of which they will sell as low as can be found in the market.

Their Stock embraces every variety of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods:

Among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Flannels, Ticking, Alpaccas, Muslins, Laces, every variety of Prints, new style; Henry Sheetings, Wicking Batting, Cotton Yarn, long and short Reel. ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES,

at reduced prices: very good Rio Coffee at 10 cts. per pound at retail, and lower by the bag; Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Indigo, Saleratus, Pepper, Spice, Madder, Cavendish and Common Tobacco, Raisins, Mackerel, Codfish, &c. &c., at corresponding low prices. ALSO—

Crockery and Glass Ware, a general assortment; Also, Boots & Shoes, direct from the Manufacturers; Also, Eastern Sole Leather.

HARDWARE,

consisting in part of Grain Scoops, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Augurs, Screws, Butts, Cross Cut and Hand Saws, Cordage, &c. &c. ALSO—

Juniatta Iron and Nails of every size and the best quality, together with Swedes Iron, Steel and Eastern Nails. Best Pittsburgh Glass of all sizes kept constantly on hand. SALT, fresh from the works, as low as ever before sold at Fort Wayne.

WANTED,

almost every kind of Country Produce, such as Bees wax, Butter, Tallow, Ginseng and other Roots, Flax seed, Oats, &c. &c. The highest price in

Cash paid for good Wheat,

at all times, delivered at the City Mills, adjoining their Store, on the North side of the Canal, 126 yards West from the entrance of the Lima Road, and the same distance East from the Goshen Road as you come into the City from the North, just before crossing the Canal Bridge.

Country Merchants

can replenish their Stocks of Dry Goods, Groceries &c. &c., at a small advance on New York Prices.

Fort Wayne, August 26, 1845.

THE
MIGHTY FALLS OF NIAGARA

Afford a sublime spectacle for the contemplation of the admirers of the wonderful works of nature;—But

The Tremendous Fall in Prices

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, AT

A. B. MILLER'S CHEAP STORE,

Must be witnessed to be properly appreciated, and affords a far more astonishing and attractive subject to those who wish to buy a

Large lot of Goods with a Little Money!

A. B. MILLER is now receiving his spring and summer supply of NEW GOODS, which having been laid in with a view to accommodate all classes of customers, will be found to embrace every variety of articles, from the finest and most fanciful to the stoutest and most durable; and the whole are offered at such low prices as must ensure their ready sale, and give entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All who want goods of any description are invited to call, and they cannot fail to be accommodated, as the stock includes every thing the wants of the country demand, and the prices are so low that all can purchase, and may get more with the little money they now have than they formerly could with their pockets full.

The new arrivals include well assorted stocks of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Queensware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints, &c.

In the Dry Goods line will be found the most splendid lot of Calicoes, Muslin de Laines, and Alpaccas ever brought to the place, and at greatly reduced prices. Broadcloths, Sattinets, Jeans, Drillings, Vestings, and every kind of Summer Wear; Shirtings and Sheeting, &c. Also,

A great variety of Ladies' Fancy Goods,

such as Lawns, Balzarines, Silks, Dress Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Shawls, &c. Veils, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, Inserings, Gimps, Artificials, Jaconetts, Swiss and Mull Muslins, &c. Parasols and sun Shades, all qualities and prices, from 37½ up; Fans; Leghorn, silk, lawn, straw, and willow Bonnets, at half the price usually charged. City made Gaiters, Shoes, and slippers; children's do. do. all qualities; besides an endless variety of other articles, which it would take up the whole paper to enumerate.

Gentlemen's leghorn, palm, drab summer, and fur HATS of superior quality and latest style, BOOTS, Shoes, and Brogans, every sort from the finest calf to the stoutest double sole i cowhide—cheap.

Among the CROCKERY are some beautiful tea and Dinner Sets, of the latest styles, and much cheaper than ever before offered here; cups and saucers, plates and dishes, bowls and pitchers, &c.

The GROCERIES have been laid in with great care, and will be found particularly worthy the attention of all who delight in a really good article. The Teas, Coffees, Sugars, &c. are far superior to any ever offered at the same prices.

Besides the usual assortment of Hardware, he has a lot of HOLLOW WARE, pots, kettles, griddles, spiders, &c. remarkably light, smooth, and well finished.

Perfumery, Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Having obtained the Agency of several of the most celebrated and valuable PATENT MEDICINES, he can supply country dealers on the same terms as they could purchase of the manufacturers—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, Moffatt's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Sands' Sarsaparilla, Sherman's Lozenges, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Pease's Candy, &c.

Ashes, Black Salts, Ginseng, Seneca Snake Root, Hides, Butter, Eggs, Tallow, and all kinds of PRODUCE taken at their highest value for Goods at Cash Prices.

Fort Wayne, May 31, 1845.

A WORLD

Valuable real Estate for sale

AT AND NEAR HUNTINGTON, IA.

THE east half north east quarter section 23, town 28, north range 9 east, containing 80 acres, situated 1½ mile from Huntington, on the road to Dayton, via Fort Recovery, 20 acres of which are cleared and fenced.

North west qr of north east qr of the same section, adjoining said lot

West half south west qr section 31, town 28 north range 10 east, containing 95 24-100 acres, lying adjoining the Wabash River, about three miles from Huntington, with 20 acres deadened.

LOTS No. 18, 19, and 21, containing from 7½ to 8 acres, adjoining the town of Huntington, now in meadow, and well inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 17, near the upper lock, and adjoining said meadow, containing from one to two acres, inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 60, on the canal with a Log Cabin thereon.

A lot situate at the canal bridge, at the lower end of the town, containing from 4 to 5 acres.

Town Lots No. 64, 65, and 66, near the last mentioned lot, with a good Stable thereon.

Town Lots No. 63 and 67 with a Dwelling House thereon.

One Town Lot with a valuable two story Store House and Stone Cellar under the same, with two or three acres of land, it being the Store built and formerly occupied by GEORGE A. FATE, late of Huntington, deceased.

All of which land and other property was formerly owned by said Fate in his life time, and the land well selected at an early day, and is of a superior quality. The title to the same is good.

The terms will be one-third or one half cash, and a credit of 12 and 18 months on the balance, by giving notes with approved security. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

HENRY COOPER.

June 26th, 1845. tf52

WISTAR'S
Balsam of Wild Cherry,
THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

For Lung Complaints, and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

A CURE FOR CONSUMPTION!—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—Always triumphant!!—Cure follows Cure!! in its onward Victorious Career!!

DAYTON, February 11, 1845.

MR. J. W. WHITMORE—Dear Sir: As you are the regular authorized agent, in Dayton, for the sale of "Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," I take this method of making a statement of facts to you (which I hope may be published to the world) in reference to an almost miraculous cure, wrought in my case by means of the above invaluable Balsam.

Language fails to describe the salutary effects it produced, and the great benefit I derived from its use.

The citizens of Dayton and vicinity well recollect, that, on the 8th of August last, I received serious injury from the explosion of a cannon A portion of its contents entered my right side; and in all probability, some fragments or splinters of the ramrod passed through the "plura," and pierced the Lungs.

After the lapse of about six weeks, I was attacked with a distressing cough and violent pain in my right side. Some ten days after this, when in a paroxysm of coughing, an ulcer broke, and a large quantity of very offensive matter, mixed with blood, was discharged; most of which found passage through the opening of the wound.

From this opening there frequently passed a quantity of air, supposed to issue from the Lungs. During all this time my sufferings were almost intolerable.

My physicians, meanwhile, paid the strictest attention to me, and did all in their power for my recovery. But with all their skill, they could not reach the seat of distress, after the Lungs had been affected. I was visited during this time by at least twenty physicians.

It was now reduced to a certainty, that INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS was rapidly taking place; and that this would terminate my life in a very short time, was in the highest degree probable.

At this critical stage, a messenger was despatched to Cincinnati, and a celebrated physician of that place was consulted. When he was made acquainted with my situation, he remarked that nothing could be done by medical aid, if the constitution itself was not sufficient to throw off the disease.

My friends now despaired of my recovery, and I had no earthly ground of hope to survive many days. Fortunately, at this juncture, I saw one of Dr. Wistar's Pamphlets, entitled "Family Medical Guide," or "Treatise on Consumption of the Lungs." As I had often heard of dying men "catching at straws," I felt like doing so myself. By the consent of my physicians, I sent to you for a bottle of the medicine described, viz: "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," which relieved me almost immediately. After I had used some five or six bottles, I so far recovered as to be up and about. My cough ceased, and my lungs were restored to a healthy state—all from the healing and balmy influence, and powerful medicinal virtues of Wistar's Balsam.

Were it not for the external injury I received in my shoulder and arm by the explosion, I feel confident that I might have been working at my trade, (which is blacksmithing,) but this has prevented.

By exposure, I have since taken several severe colds; and my only remedy has been the Balsam. And I now most cordially recommend the genuine Wistar's Balsam to all who are afflicted with colds, coughs, or Lung complaints. I consider it an invaluable medicine—a real blessing to the world Any person desiring further information may call on me at any time. Yours, truly,

CHRISTOPHER R. SMITH.

City of Dayton, }
Montgomery county, State of Ohio. }

Subscribed and sworn to, before me, Justice of the Peace, this 11th day of February, 1845.

EBENEZER FOWLER.

☞ Testimony of three highly creditable citizens of Dayton, in confirmation of the above: ☜

We the undersigned, being intimately acquainted with Mr. Smith, and having seen and watched over him frequently during his late illness, do not hesitate to say that the foregoing is by no means an exaggerated statement It is entitled to full credit.

A. L. STOUT,
J. B. H. DODSON,
HENRY R. SMITH.

☞ We publish no fictitious statements.

☞ "WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of of Fourth and Walnut sts, by

SANFORD & PARK,
Agents for the West.

Also sold in Fort Wayne by,
DR. L. BEECHER,

Storage. Advances Made.

I am now prepared to advance on Furs, Beeswax, Ginseng, Flour, Wheat, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and all kinds of Produce to ship East, to the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars—the advance made in Cash the moment the Produce is deposited at my Warehouse.

Aug. 24, 1844. THOS. HAMILTON.

REFER TO:
Spofford, Tileson & Co.
John Steward, Jr., & Co. } New York.
Suydam, Sage & Co.
Hess & Powers.

TANNERY,
Leather Store, &c. &c

THE subscriber having purchased the Tannery of the late firm of Robinson & Page, intends continuing the Leather Business in all its branches, at the head of Columbia street, Fort Wayne.

In his Stock may be found,

Eastern Hemlock Tanned Spanish Sole, of various qualities.

Western Oak Tanned Sole, of a superior quality, such as will sell in the Eastern market for several cents per pound more, than Hemlock tanned.

Upper-Leather, Kip and Calf Skins.

Morocco, Lining and Binding Skins.

Harness, Skirting, Belt and Bridle Leather.

Findings for Shoe Manufacturers—Galleens and Shoe Trimmings.

Tanners and Curriers Tools, of all kinds Oil and Lampblack. Also:—

Boots and Shoes,

Eastern make, or made to measure, and warranted worth the price sold for.

WANTED—Hides and Bark, for which *Cash* will usually be paid.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, August 17, 1844.

IRON & NAILS.—Comprising a complete assortment of Band Iron, Sheet Iron, Round and Square do.; Spike, Stake, and Horse-shoe Iron and Nail Rods; and all sizes of cut and wrought Nails and Spikes, for sale by

PETER P. BAILEY,
At the "New York Hardware Store."

Fair Warning

THE subscriber wants money, and must have it. All those indebted to him for Medical Attentions, and Medicine, either by note or account, are requested to call and settle their respective dues, on or before the first of Sept, next, as further indulgence will not be extended to any, who are now in arrears.

5w1 W. V. SNYDER.

FARMING LANDS
For Sale.

THE subscriber wii give particular attention to sales of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a

General Land Agency

for Northern Indiana. He now, as Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—in

La grange co.	11,508 acres.	Wabash,	169
Steuben,	710	Miami,	1128
Noble,	160	Cass,	735
Wells,	560	Fulton,	722
Clinton,	598	Marshall,	64

Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan.

Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid,) or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845. 36

50 *Dozen Paint Brushes*

Of all sizes and of superior quality; also Varnish Brushes, Sash Tools, Wall Brushes, to which we would call the attention of Painters and Dealers. For sale, wholesale and retail, at Reed's Drug Store. Also, Thermometers for sale at Reed's.

Leather.

A FEW TONS first rate Spanish and Eastern Sole and Upper Leather already received, and more coming, will be sold remarkably low. may 3 L. G. BELLAMY.

Miss Paul's
FASHIONABLE
MILLINERY
BERRY STREET,
[Opposite the Market House,]
Fort Wayne,
INDIANA.

MISS PAUL respectfully informs the customers of her late mother, and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she intends to continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Rev. Mr. Rankin, opposite the Market house, where she will be happy to receive the calls of their old friends.

She will turn, clean and alter Straw and Leghorn Hats and Bonnets in the neatest style. Having a Patent Bonnet Press she can do them in a superior manner. She also keeps on hand and makes to order SILK BONNETS, CAPS, &c. of the latest fashion.

April 25th, 1845. 40—tf

Wagon and Carriage Making, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and the citizens of Fort Wayne, that he is still carrying on the WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS, on Main street, west of the Bank, near E. Broom's wagon shop, He is also making Ox, Cow, Sheep and Horse Bells, and intends keeping them constantly on hand, at wholesale or retail, as may suit his customers. Double and single Trees and Neck Yokes are also constantly on hand, well ironed and painted. Having had the experience of many years in the above business, and more particularly in the Bell business, he can say, without boasting, that he makes Bells that cannot be beat by any other Bell Maker in the world, and pledges himself to furnish an article altogether superior to any ever before offered for sale or used in this Western country. His Ox Bells are heard in good weather, from six to eight miles—smaller ones in proportion. He will repair old broken Bells, and make them as good, and oftentimes better, than they were before they were broken. The above articles can always be had at the Shop, or at the New York Hardware Store, on Columbia street, kept now by Mr. P. P. Bailey He will take in exchange for any article in his line, copper, brass, lumber, butter, cheese, all kinds of grain, cattle, pork, beef, sugar, and Store Goods, but must have some money. He does not mean to undersell every body! On the contrary, he intends to have the highest price, but give the best bargains at that. His motto is, go ahead, mind his own business only, and hopes by so doing to merit the patronage of all well disposed business men.

He returns sincere thanks for the unexpected liberal patronage he has received, and asks the forgiveness of all those brother mechanics on whose toes he may have trod very hard; and would only say—spare his life and let him work hard, and do all the good he can a little longer. He wants to stay here in Fort Wayne, if he behaves himself right well.

WILLIAM COUNTRYMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 17th. 1845. 46—tf

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Hats! Hats!

Spring Fashions for 1845.

J. W. McLANE has just returned from the East, and brought with him a few cases of superior **HATS** of the SPRING FASHION, among which may be found Beaver, Nutria, Cassimer, Brush and Muskrat fur, and Leghorn and Detroit straw—all of the best quality. He has also got a good assortment of Caps. To cut the story short, all who want a good fresh and fashionable article, will find it at the old stand of the BIG HAT.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

Farmers' Depot.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF GOODS—all kinds of Produce taken in exchange. Call at July 5. CHITTENDENS.

To the lovers of Good Tobacco.

I Have just received from Cincinnati the best quality "*James River Pound Lump*" *Chewing* TOBACCO. Let those who like a good article "come and try it." L. BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 25.

Barley Wanted.

1,000 Bushels good Barley wanted immediately at the 'Niagara,' for which the highest price will be paid.

Aug. 20. A. B. MILLER.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

B. W. OAKLEY would respectfully return his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been tendered him, and takes this opportunity to say that he has just received from TROY, N. Y. a

Superior Lot of Cooking Stoves,

of various sizes, which he has no hesitation in saying is one of the very best assortments that has ever appeared in Fort Wayne.

His stock of TIN SHEET IRON, and COPPER is also replenished, and his customers can now be accommodated with any article in his line, *at the very best rates.*

*** Old Pewter, old Copper, and old Brass taken in exchange for Ware.

Red Deer Skins.

I am in the market for this article, and will pay a little more than any other person. Call at the Farmer's Depot.

july 26, L. S. CHITTENDEN.

SALERATUS, at Wholesale, by
June 17. SMITH & Co.

Millinery & Dress-Making.

MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, and its vicinity, that she has returned with the Latest Eastern FASHIONS, and a general assortment of

M L LINERY GOODS.

She tenders her sincere acknowledgements for the former liberal patronage received, and feels assured from past experience that she can still continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of

Bonnets, Caps, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.,

kept constantly on hand, and made to order.—Leghorn and Straw Hats repaired in the neatest style. DRESS-MAKING attended to as usual, and New Fashions received every month.

Artificial Flowers of the latest French and English patterns made on the shortest notice.—Country Milliners can be supplied with them as cheap as they can be purchased in New York or any of the Eastern cities.

Store on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller's.

May 29th, 1855.

Misses' Gimp Flats.

A few splendid and fashionable Flats can be had at the Niagara for the cost in N. York.

A. B. MILLER.

BALZORINES and LAWNS.—A splendid lot just received at the 'Niagara.' Ladies wanting any thing really rich and fashionable had better call without delay.

July 12. A. B MILLER.

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the probate Court of Allen County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Curtis Holgate, deceased, is authorised to sell at PRIVATE SALE the following Real Estate, to wit: Town Lots numbered 13 and 28, on the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, lying on and near the East Canal Basin, at the foot of Columbia street

Also, the N.E. qr. sec. 10, town 31, north of range 15 east, containing 95 64-100 acres.

Also, 150 acres off of the east side of section 4, town 31, north of range 13 east, lying on the St. Joseph River.

Terms, one-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments at 6, 12, and 18 months.

Purchasers will apply to F. P. RANDALL, Fort Wayne. WM. C. HOLGATE.

"Truth needs no Boasting."

This is an old, and a true saying. What would be the use of calling public attention to any thing, whether in the medical line or otherwise, unless it had stood the test of truth?

THE COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

HOARHOUND CANDY

INVENTED BY

JOHN PEASE & SONS, No. 45 Division-Street, New York, bears the experience of FIVE YEARS' use and praise, from all sections of the Union, because it has effected just such cures as its Inventor said it would, therefore, "the truth needs no boasting." When ex-President Jackson, President Tyler, Governor Bouck, Mayor Morris, and other men of their character and standing praise it, it is almost useless for the Proprietors to speak of its merits. Still they feel in duty bound to the afflicted and their friends to promulgate its virtues as far as possible, in order that the thousands now lingering under disease, may be restored to health.

Pulmonary Complaints,	*Liver Complaint,*
Colds—Hoarseness,	*Difficulty of Expectoration,*
Coughs, Whoopingcough,	*Night Sweats,*
Irritation of the Throat,	*And all Diseases*
Croup,—Asthma,	*Leading to Consumption,*

At once yield to its unrivalled virtues,—and the sick are cured!

This compound Candy is compounded from TWENTY-FIVE of the most safe and salutable ingredients, and by its combination if one of these articles should be used separately and afford no relief, in the Compound Extract of Hourhound they are so amalgamated that the benefit of the WHOLE is experienced in one compound, and still it is so pleasant that any child will eat it.

J PEASE & SONS, 45 Division St. N. Y.

For sale by A. B MILLER.

June 28—y. Agent for Ft. Wayne.

English Currants.

A lot of superior fresh Zante Currants, (commonly called English Dried Currants) just received, and for sale at

DR. L. BEECHER'S.

Tress Hoop Manufactory
IN FORT WAYNE.

J. HOWE informs the Coopers of Northern Indiana that he has commenced the manufacture of TRESS HOOPS at the Machine Shop, in the rear of the City Mills. All persons wanting the article would do well to give him a call, as he warrants his Hoops to be equal, if not superior, to any brought from the East. He asks no "protection," nor does he wish to have an entire monopoly of the market; neither does he ask that articles in his line made elsewhere should have a heavy duty imposed on them that they might be sold the cheaper; but he hopes all friends of domestic industry will give a preference to home-made articles, when, as in this case, they are better and cheaper than the imported.

Orders from a distance supplied at short notice, and a liberal discount made to dealers.

WANTED,—Any quantity of butt cuts of thrifty Black Young Hickory, from 6 to 12 inches through, eight feet long, and free from knots or curls. A liberal price paid on delivery.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Hoops. Oct. 12, 1844 —y15

THE NEW YORK
Contribution Fire Insurance Co.

No. 57, WALL-STREET,

HAVE appointed PETER P. BAILEY their Agent to make Insurance in Fort Wayne and its vicinity upon Houses, Barns, Stores, Mills, Merchandise, Household Furniture, and every variety of Personal Property against loss or damage by Fire.

J. SMYTH ROGERS, President.
R. W. MARTIN, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

J. Smyth Rogers	Reuben Withers
James McBride	William Scott
John Adams	Ferdinand Suydam
John Haggerty	Peter J. Nevins
Gulian C. Verplanck	Richard Irvin
John Johnston	C. V. S. Roosevelt
Joseph Kernochan	E. D. Hurlburt
John J. Palmer	George P. Pollen
Peter Lorillard	William Colgate
James McCall	Lowell Holbrook
Henry Parish	Caleb Basstero.

Applications for Insurance either from the Town, Country, or adjacent villages, will meet with immediate attention.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Hardware Merchant.

GROCERIES.—An *Eterna* lot for sale at the *Farmers' Depot.*

CHITTENDEN.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS,
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, FLOUR, SALT, FISH, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, POT AND PEARL ASHES, & PRODUCE GENERALLY.

☞ Cash paid for Wheat. ☜

Corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, opposite City Mills.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45—tf

FOR SALE,

20 Feet on Columbia street, and on the Canal, being immediately west of S Hanna's new brick block on corner of Barr and Columbia streets. Apply to

March 14. G. JOHNSON.

Marble Tomb Stones.

THE subscriber has now and intends keeping on hand a supply of marble for Tomb Stones, &c., which he will engrave to order in a superior style, and as low as they can be had in the east, adding transportation.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

Choice Liquors.

PORT WINE, Cognac Brandy, and Schedan Gin. These liquors have been selected with an especial reference to medical use.

july 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Still on Hand.
New Goods. at No. 3.

WE are receiving a seasonable stock of New Goods and they will be sold to our customers as low as possible for Cash, or in exchange for almost every kind of Produce, Roots, Hides, Deer Skins, Black Salts, &c. &c.

June 17 SMITH & Co.

Boots and Shoes.

L. G. BELLAMY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he is now receiving a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety, made in the latest style, and of the best materials and workmanship. Ladies' Gaiter and Walking Shoes, a very superior article. Misses' do. do. Also—every variety of Gentlemen's wear, from the finest Morocco boot to the strongest Stogas or Cow hides.

Coarse boots from 14 shillings to $3 00.

Womens' boots from $1 to $1 62; other articles equally cheap.

The above articles are of the best quality, and will be sold as low as can be bought in the west Boots and Shoes made to order, on the shortest notice. Nov. 9—6m19

Produce Exchange.
NEW STORE,
Corner of Calhoun & Main streets.

WM. THARP & Co. have just received from New York and Boston a large stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, a great variety of Prints, new style; bleached and unbleached Shirtings, &c. Also,

Family Groceries,

at the most reduced prices; and a general and well assorted lot of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE. Also, a very large stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

Boots and Shoes

of the greatest variety, and of superior quality, which will be afforded at lower prices than ever offered in this market. Also,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

consisting in part of Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Butts, Screws, Knives and Forks, &c. together with a large assortment of PATENT and other MEDICINES, and other articles, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

WM. THARP & Co.

Have connected with the Goods business in Fort Wayne, an extensive

Boot & Shoe Manufactory,

where they are prepared to fill all orders in that line on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the country. They have also an

Extensive Tannery.

for the manufacture of every variety of UPPER and SOLE LEATHER which they will keep constantly on hand for sale: or they will exchange, with all other articles in their business, for *Tan-Bark, Hides, Roots,* and almost every article of *Country Produce,* such as Tallow, Beeswax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, and HORSES and CATTLE.

WILLIAM THARP,
CHARLES PAIGE,
CONRAD NILL.

June 23, 1845.

WYNKOOP & CO's
COMPOUND
TONIC MIXTURE,
A warranted cure for
FEVER & AGUE,

The proprietors of this Medicine, having the greatest confidence in its virtues, have been induced to offer it to the public, with the assurance that it will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that distressing complaint. It is highly recommended, and has been entensively used with distinguished success, in relieving many of those who are suffering under this scourge of our country. This Medicine, when used according to the directions, has never failed of affecting a permanent cure in the most obstinate stage of the disorder. Persons of weak stomach, and children may take it without the least difficulty. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, induces an appetite, and seldom requires more than one bottle to effect a cure. It is purely vegetable, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution.

The proprietors, in order to secure the confidence of the public in the great virtues of this medicine, instead of publishing a long list of certificates, which are often procured for the most *worthless nostrums*—they authorise their agents and all who sell their "TONIC MIXTURE" on their own account, to warrant it in *all cases* to effect a cure when taken according to the directions, or *refund* the *purchase money.*

This Mixture is carefully prepared by WYNKOOP & Co. DRUGGISTS, 62 *Vesey Street, a few doors below the Astor House, New York*—and for sale by the Druggists generally throughout the United States.

N. B. The Label on each Bottle will contain the written signature of the Proprietors

For sale at the Drug Store of
[DR. L. BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 14. 50—m6

Medicated Lozenges,

Wholesale & Retail at A. B. MILLER'S *Ft. Wayne*

DR SHERMAN'S

THIS is the most pleasant and agreeable way of taking medicine, particularly for children, as all the nauseousness is obviated and and active properties of the medicine, highly concentrated. Cure should be taken to keep all idea of medicine from the patient, particularly children, and to impress upon them the idea of their taking some delicate confection. All of Dr Sherman's articles will have a fac-simile of his name accompanying them, without which none can be genuine.

Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

Are the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction, Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs.

Over 3,000 persons have given their names within the last year as a reference of the wonderful virtues of these Cough Lozenges. They cure all recent cases in a few hours, seldom requiring more than one day to entirely eradicate the most distressing ones. Price 25 cents a box.

WORM LOZENGES,

Proved in more than four hundred thousand cases to be infallible: the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them. Price 25 cents a box.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES

Give immediate relief in Nervous or sick Headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, despondency, inflammatory, or pentrid sore throat, bowel or summer complaint, fainting, oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest, cholic, spasms, cramps of the stomach or bowels, hysterical affections and all nervous cholera or cholera morbus, diarrhœa, lastitude, or a sense of fatigue. Price 25 cents a box.

Fever and Ague Lozenges

Are offered to the public with the greatest confidence in their perfect adaption to the cure of the Intermittent Fever, or as commonly called, Fever and Ague, which has so long been the scourge of the West.

They are far superior to Quinine or Bark, and do not leave the patient with such derangements of the liver and constitution, as is too often the case with either of those articles.

The chill will not return after being broken, as it usually does with other remedies. The experience of years has fully tested the efficacy of this remedy. Several of our oldest and most distinguished physicians have used it in their practice, and no medicine has ever been so uniformly successful.

Dr. C. B. Zabriskie, of New Jersey has used this remedy for ten years in several hundred cases, and always curing in a few days: and the disease never returning, as it usually does when broken by other medicines.

The Rev. Mr. Moffat in his travels has known many instances of the Fever and Ague Lozenges curing the most obstinate cases, where the skill of the ablest physicians availed nothing. Price $1 a box.

SODA LOZENGES.

Two or three taken at once will cure the heartburn in five minutes; taken before dinner will promote digestion.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER:

The best strengthening plaster in the world, and a sovereign remedy for pains, or weakness in the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joints, rheumatism, lumbago, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Price only 12½ cents. Sold in Fort Wayne by

49 v. A. B. MILLER, Agent.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale 3 lots of Canal Land, pleasantly situated on the Canal and Little river, 4 miles east of Huntington, Indiana. The land is well timbered, and is of fine soil. For terms, apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Oct. 12 1844.

The Empire Mills,

At the St. Mary's Aqueduct, Western Addition to the City of Fort Wayne,

ARE now prepared to grind all Wheat or other grain that may be offered. CASH will be PAID for any quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.

Flour, Middling, Bran, Corn Meal, and Feed Stuff, kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 28, 1844.

To Merchants and Grocery Keepers.

25 Kegs Austin & Co.'s celebrated Rifle POWDER.

8 half kegs do. do. do.
10 qr. kegs do. do. do.

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by
June 8 R. P. JONES.

The Brag Plough

THE undersigned having obtained the right of making and vending SPROUSE'S PATENT DIAMOND PLOUGH, for the county of Allen is ready to furnish those persons who stand in need of a Plough (none of your common things,) with a good article. The subscriber having used said Plough can recommend it as surpassing any thing of the kind ever before offered for sale in this country. Call at my place 2½ miles south of Fort Wayne, or at George Baker's shop, on Calhoun street. F. D. LASSELLE

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber having been legally authorised by the owners of various tracts of land, is now ready to sell and execute contracts for the same. The land lies in the counties of Allen, Adams, Noble, DeKalb, Steuben, and Lagrange, Indiana; it was selected and entered by a practical farmer, with an especial regard to quality of soil and advantage of location for agricultural purposes, and is believed to be a least equal in value to any lands now in market Title indisputable. Prices to correspond with the times, and terms of payment made easy to the purchaser.

The subscriber can at all times be found at at his land office, in the second story of Benj Smith's new brick, corner of Calhoun street.

JAMES P. FURK.

IMPORTANT.

B. FOSGATE'S ANODYNE CORDIAL

A safe and effectual Remedy for the

Summer Complaints,

Viz: DIARRHŒA & CHOLERA MORBUS;

ALSO,

FLATULENT & SPASMODIC COLICS.

THIS invaluable Medicine for the above complaints, surpasses any other remedy now in use. Hundreds of cases have come to the knowledge of the proprietor, where a speedy cure has been effected by the use of the Cordial, after a resort to the common remedies had proved unavailing. It has been extensively used throughout this State and elsewhere, for many years—has been approved, and is used in practice by a great number of the most respectable physicians, as may be seen by their certificates and recommendations accompanying each bottle.

This medicine is discovered to be a certain and effectual remedy for the intestine diseases, produced by the drinking of the waters of the rivers in the southern and south-western States, which renders it of inestimable value to those who reside or travel in those sections of country.

☞ Sold in Fort Wayne by
Dr. L. BEECHER.

☞ MACKEREL and SHAD—a delicate article for family use. Call at
July 5. CHITTENEEN'S.

Palm Hats—Leghorn Bonnets.

A Choice lot at the Farmers' Depot.
CHITTENDEN.

Counter Racks.

2 very splendid black walnut Counter Racks will be sold for eight dollars—Cost originally fifteen. Enquire at the Farmer's Depot.

july 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

GEORGE JOHNSON. E. A. McMAHON.

Johnson & McMahon,
Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Clinton streets, north east of the Bank.

February 22d, 1845. 34

ROBERT LOWRY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
GOSHEN,
ELKHART CO. INDIANA,

Will practice in the courts of Elkhart and the neighboring counties, and attend to all business usually transacted by the profession. y37

D. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE

COLERICK & WALPOLE,
Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE,

WILL attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis.

OFFICE—On Berry street. April 6, '44.

S. G. UPTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
BLUFFTON, WELLS COUNTY, IA.

All professional business entrusted to his care, will be faithfully attended to.

He will also attend to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, and all business connected with Land Agency, &c. aug 2 4-1y

F. P. RANDALL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
AND MASTER IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Office in Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

Refers to—
W. G. & G. W. Ewing, Fort Wayne,
A. Hamilton, "
S. Hanna, "
Hugh McCulloch, "
Alfred Harrison, Indianapolis,
Richard Suydam, New York,
W. Hyslop; "
Alex. Kevan, "
Jos. Jamieson, "
J. D. & C. Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office near the Bank, north of Treasurer's office

LYSANDER WILLIAMS,
Attorney at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office on Calhoun street, over B. Smith's Store.

REFERENCES
Hon. Jas. W. Borden, Fort Wayne.
H. McCulloch, Esq. "
Capt. Jos. Morgan, "
Michael G. Bright, Esq. Madison.
Gov. Whitcomb, Indianapolis.
Hon. John Law, Vincennes.

☞ Collections and Land Agency punctually attended to throughout the state.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Law Office,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully executed.

Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets Entrance on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, JR.

NOTARY PUBLIC,
Commissioner of Deeds, &c. for the state of N. York

Paints.

English, Emerald, Paris, and Chrome Green; Chrome Yellow; Carmine; Ant werp and Prussian Blue; Terre de Sienna, Chinese Vermillion, English do.; Carmine, Osborn's Water Colors, for sale, wholesale and retail, at H. B. REED'S Drug and Chemical Store.

Just Received

A LOT of Cincinnati White Lead pure and No. 1; Linseed Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Copal Varnish, &c. HUGH B. REED.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,

May be found at Bigger & Edgerton's Office, 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

NOTICE.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Co. the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1845. 51

Medical Notice.

T. M. BANKS, M. D., having located himself in Fort Wayne, would respectfully inform the citizens of said place and vicinity, that he will attend to any and all calls pertaining to his profession.

Office over H. Durrie's Hardware Store, Calhoun street. Residence on Berry street, one door west of the law office of H. Cooper, Esq.

Medical Notice.

DR. AYRES will attend to the practice of MEDICINE in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country; and will at any hour, promptly attend to the calls of those who may thus favor him.

Office one door east of the Post Office. Residence on Lafayette street, opposite Mr. McJunkin's school room.

Sep. 23, 1842 v13

DR. L. BEECHER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,
PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

Two doors east of the Printing office, northside Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE. IA.

S. HANNA & SONS,
STORAGE, FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, &c. &c.

Store on the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, Fort Wayne, Ia.

18] R. P. JONES, [44
Forwarding and Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
Pork, Flour, Wheat, Pot & Pearl Ash,
SALT, &c. &c. &c.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal Advances made on Produce consigned for the Eastern Market.

Refer to
J. J. Palmer, Pres't. Merch. Bank, N. Y
Messrs. Benedict & Tompkins, N. Y.
Messrs. Holbrook, Carter, & Co. Boston.

Trusses.

WE have just received a large assortment of Trusses of almost every description.—Persons requiring them cannot fail to be suited—call and see. HUGH B. REED.

Instruments.

Surgical Instruments, Dissecting do, Tooth Forceps, Tooth Keys, Spring Lancets, Thumb do, Gum do., always on hand, and for sale very cheap at Hugh B. Reed's new Drug Store.

BLACK Italian SILK, a most beautiful article for Ladies' Dresses. Call at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

HENRY HITZFIELD,
Musical Instrument Maker,

INFORMS the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he makes and sells SERAPHIMS and ORGANS of all sizes, and also various other Musical Instruments.

He will also repair and put in order PIANO FORTES and ACCORDIONS. Shop on the corner of Main and Harrison streets. All work warranted to be done well.

July 12, 1845. y2

Fire! Fire! Fire!

THE undersigned has been appointed an Agent of the "*Hartford Fire Insurance Company,*" of Hartford, Conn., and is authorized to issue Policies of Insurance, and to perform all other duties necessary and incidental to said agency.

All persons wishing to have their property Insured may rely with entire confidence upon the promptness and responsibility of this company. Having been doing an extensive business since 1810, a claim occasioned by the destruction of property by fire has never yet been contested. But in all cases the amount of loss covered by the Insurance has been promptly paid to the unfortunate sufferer. On account of the extensive patronage of the Company they are enabled to insure property upon terms so low that no one need run the hazard of having his property destroyed without recompense by this powerful and often uncontrolable element.

F. P. RANDALL.

April 19, 1845. 42-tf

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company,* of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables, and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

*Against loss

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

VOLUME 6.—No. 23. FORT WAYNE, IA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1845. WHOLE NUMBER 569.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.
IN THE THIRD STORY OF BARNETT AND HANNA'S NEW BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET.

TERMS:
$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
$2,50 IF PAID WITHIN SIX MONTHS.
$3,00 AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

☞ All letters on business must be post paid or they will not be attended to.

☞ Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each three subsequent insertions, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than $1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

American House,
(ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE,)
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

ISYSANDER WILLIAMS informs his friends and the travelling community that he has taken the above well known and commodious house, and is now prepared to entertain guests. Neither pains nor expense will be spared to make this house worthy the patronage of the public, and to give satisfaction to all who may call. His Table and Bar will always be furnished with the best the country affords, and every exertion used to promote and ensure the comfort and accommodation of his guests. As his charges will be moderate, he hopes to receive a share of the patronage of a liberal and generous public.

A first Stabling with careful Hostlers and plenty of Feed.

March 15, 1845. y37

To the People of Allen County.

THOSE who are acquainted with the superior qualities of "NEW HAVILS or Improved Plaster," and the "PERSIAN PILLS" will doubtless be glad to learn that Dr. L. Bruckner of Fort Wayne has just received another fresh supply. The immense quantities sold through out the west alone, supersedes the necessity of saying one word in support of their character.—Yet should there be an incredulous Son or Daughter of affliction who has been subjecting week Lame Back, Rheumatism, Oppressive Pain in the Breast or side, or with Swelling, Tumors, King's Evil, &c. (for either of which the PLASTER is known to be a sure antidote) or with Liver Affections, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Scrofula, or any of the diseases prevalent in the Wabash Country, recently originate in an impurity of the blood and circulating fluids, which the PERSIAN PILLS never fail speedily to remove; for the Benefit of such we will give a few extracts of letters, showing the estimate in which these medicines are held where known.

Crawfordsville, In. Jan. 27th 1845.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. I have sold out nearly all the large supply of the justly celebrated "HERREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS" you furnished me three weeks since, and it would be well to keep me well supplied as I find calls for the medicines increasing daily.

I would here state, that I have no articles in My Drug Store that gives better satisfaction than the "HERREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS."

NOAH S. THOMPSON.

Washington, In. Aug. 3d, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. At the request of many, who are unwisely trusting the now supply of your celebrated "Hebrew Plaster" and "Persian Pills" we write you the *sec and* time saying that we are out. We have frequent calls for both Plaster and Pills which render general satisfaction. Please send us another lot immediately, and oblige

Yours Respectfully, GALLAGHER WALTERS.

Bloomfield, Edgar co. Ill. May 24th 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. We have sold all the celebrated Hebrew Plaster and Persian Pills left with us a FEW DAYS AGO. Will you please send 4 or 5 doz. more immediately.

Respectfully O. & D. BAILEY,

Coalport July 8, 1845.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—We have sold all the Hebrew Plaster left with us and as there is a great call for it we wish you to send us at least 2 or 3 doz. more and also 1 doz. of the Persian Pills. Yours Respectfully,

HUSSEY & GREST.

Bloomfield, Edgar Co., Ill., May 27, 1844.

Mr. D Harter & Co. Gents.—The Pills and Plaster you sent us, came to hand in good order. We have had immediate demand for them and it promises to supercede nearly all other kind of medicine in this Vicinity.

O. & D. BAILEY.

Hardinsburg, In. Sept. 2, 1844.

Mrs. D. Harter & Co. Sirs:—Your Hebrew Plaster you left with me to sell is all sold out some time since. The Persian Pills are all sold but a few boxes. Both Plaster and Pills gives general satisfaction. There seems to be an increasing demand for both articles.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

Williamsport, In., Sept. 27 1844.

D. Harter & Co.—Dear Sirs—I have sold all the Persian Pills that you left here, and should be glad to get more. They have accomplished miracles here, and are in great demand. The Pills are called for several times every day.—If you cannot come this way soon please send some by stage.

Yours, &c. EBENEZER KING.

* Since the above letter was received, we have been informed by the writer, that the case alluded to in the above, was that of a young man living near W——— who for several months had been confined in a darkened room, from an aggravated case of inflammation in the eyes, rendering him *totally blind*. After applying every remedy within his reach, without receiving any benefit, he commenced using the "Persian Pills," and had used them but a short time when all inflammation left him, and his health seldom permanently reinstated,

For sale by the following Agents.
Dors. L. Bruckner, Fort Wayne;
S. Myers, Huntington.
General Agents for In. & Ill.
6m1 D. HARTER & CO.

DALLEY'S
Magical Pain Extractor Salve,
THE WONDER & BLESSING OF THE AGE.

THIS curative when universally known of will be earnestly sought by every humane Healer and Parent.

Not only does it rapidly cure what shy thing else can, but in addition conquers a host of diseases which have *ever defied the skill of every age.*

Besides it has six intrinsic attributes unknown to all others in medicine. Viz: entirely counteracts every Poisonous injuries—over every kind of inflammation—over all pains, even of the worst Burns, Bruises, Sores, Piles, blistard surfaces, &c., and Heals, curing no Scar. And has removed five scars and contracted chords of eighteen years date.

The limits of an advertisement will not permit an enumeration of all the cases where this infallible remedy has been found beneficial.—Pamphlets can be had, *gratis*, of the undersigned, giving well authenticated certificates of cures effected by it, in cases of Burns, Scalds, Rheumatic Affections, Fistulas, Nervous Headache, Piles, Black Tongue, Erysipelas, Broken Breasts, Felons, Carbuncles, Fever Sores, Scald head, Salt Rheum, Barbers' Itch, White Swelling, Scrofulous Humors, &c. &c.

Sold by HENRY DALLEY, Albany, N. Y. the Inventor, Manufacturer and sole Proprietor. Also by his agent in Fort Wayne,

May 31st—y. A. B. MILLER.

RAISINS.—A choice lot for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

CURACOES.—A general assortment of the most recent styles, just received by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

TEA.—Fine flavored Hyson, Young Hyson and Imperial, for sale low.

A. B. MILLER.

NOTICE

To the Tax-Payers of Huntington County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sum of *Twenty Cents* on each One Hundred Dollars' valuation, has been assessed for *State Purposes; Forty Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for *County Purposes; One Cent* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for a *Lunatic Asylum;* and *One and One Fourth Cent* on each and every Acre of Taxable Land, and *Fifteen Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation of Town Lots with the improvements thereon, for *Road Purposes;* and also a *Poll Tax* of Fifty Cents for State purposes, and Fifty Cents for County purposes for the year 1845.

The following amounts are also levied in the different Townships for Township Purposes, viz:

Jackson Township	4 cts on each	$100 valuation
Clear Creek	3 cents	" "
Huntington	5 cents	" "
Rock Creek	3 cents	" "
Lancaster	4 cents	" "
Salamony	4 cents	" "
Jefferson	4 cents	" "
Wayne	5 cents	" "

The Treasurer or his deputy will attend at the usual places of holding Elections in—

Jackson Township,	Monday, 15th	Sept.
Clear Creek	Tuesday, 16th	"
Warren	Wednesday, 17th	"
Union	Thursday, 18th	"
Rock Creek	Friday, 19th	"
Salamony	Saturday, 20th	"
Lancaster	Monday, 22d	"
Jefferson	Tuesday, 23d	"
Wayne	Wednesday, 24th	"

Huntington, Thursday, 25th " for the purpose of receiving such Taxes. Persons neglecting to attend to the Payment of their Taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in the different Townships for the receipt of Taxes, will have to settle the same at his office in the Town of Huntington before the last day of January 1846; and upon their failure to do so the Treasurer is compelled to collect the same by distraining and selling property for that purpose.

W. B. LOUGHRIDGE.
Treasurer Huntington County.
June 21st, 1845. 3m 52.

DR. FOLGER'S
OLOSAONIAN,
OR
ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

THE Proprietor of this remedy, in offering it to the public, is actuated by a desire to benefit his fellow beings. From the commencement of his practice in the year 1823 his attention has been particularly directed to the various diseases which affect the Chest—he has watched their progress, day by day—he has made a trial through a series of years of the various remedies recommended by different reputable members of the faculty upon those who have applied to him for Medical advice, and is now able to form a correct opinion, not only of the virtues of the remedies commonly preferred in such ailments, but also of the many different complaints for which the Olosaonian, is recommended. He has paid the most unwearied attention, during his time to the numerous diseases of the Lungs, in connection with the Liver and Digestion Organs, and has fully investigated the causes which lead to a fatal termination in the above mentioned diseases, and which may be established, to a great measure, to the satisfaction of the afflicted in the early stages of the same.

The frequent solicitations of those who have been signally benefitted by this remedy have induced the proprietor to bring it before the public. He knows, from much experience, that Consumption is a disease which requires all the attention which can be bestowed upon it, and of the art which a well-informed practitioner of medicine can possibly bring to bear upon that complaint. He has been fully persuaded that the course of treatment commonly pursued will generally lead to fatal results, and it is this conviction which has led him to labor diligently, with a view, if possible, to discover the principle of disease whereby health may be restored, and the Destroyer of the fair, the young, the beautiful be overcome. The cures which it has already performed shows that he is not offering a new thing which is worthless, or seeking after a reputation for having discovered a remedy to which he is not justly entitled. It has been used with the most astonishing success when all other means had apparently failed. It has given sweet relief and speedy cure to those whose rest has been broken by a tiresome and a tedious cough, it has allayed the Pain in the Chest consequent upon the same, and has, in numberless instances, overcome those dreadful symptoms which are often regarded as the precursors of Death viz., the Hectic Fever and night sweats. In certain most alarming cases, such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and the Consumption, when all other remedies made use of, not excepting the Blue Pill, seemed to aggravate the complaint. It is an effectual remedy in Asthma of long standing, especially in that kind which is denominated Phthisical or Spasmodic; in fact, wherever persons are found who may be afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Sore throat, Bleeding of the Lungs, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Pain in the Chest, Dyspepsia, and Derangements of the Liver; this medicine will be found an invaluable remedy.

DR. FOLGER, N. Y. Jan. 3d, 1845.

DEAR SIR.—YOUR OLOSAONIAN has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and, had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there have been no recurrence of the disease since. I also used it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians; who was troubled with a most distressing Cough that threatened to lead to consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

YOURS, &c.
A. C. CASTLE M. D.

Dentist, 381 *Broadway.*

THE OLOSAONIAN has been administered with great effect at the "*Home for Sailors*" in Pearl Street, under the direction of Captain Gelston. In every case of severe Cough where it was used produced an immediate cure; and in the various diseases of the Lungs, where trial was made it has proved itself to be worthy of the reputation which it bears as an "All Healing Balsam," for it cures where all other medicines seem to fail.

The Institution for Aged Indigent Females, and most of our other charitable institutions, have also used it with decided success in Asthma and Consumptive diseases. While other remedies Constipate the Bowels; and thus render it necessary to make use of Cathartic Medicine—by which means the good effect of the mixture is destroyed and great debility produced—this remedy is free from these objections, as under its use the Bowels are free. And the curative properties are such that it has not in a single instance been known to fail.

The Proprietor would urge upon the purchaser not to be deceived, as there are many remedies offered for the cure of Diseases of the Lungs, which may be forced upon them instead of the one here recommended. The name of *Dr. Folger's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam* has been given to it to distinguish it from like remedies, and it is hoped that they will not allow any person to put them off with any other medicine when they wish to purchase the one above described.

Price only One Dollar per bottle.

A. B. MILLER,
Agent, Fort Wayne.

49y

WOOLLEN YARN, gray mixed, white, and red, at HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

MENS and Boys' CAPS—a prime assortment Aug. 23. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

THE MUSE.

From the United States Journal,

EQUALITY.

Who dare chain the immortal mind,
Or the active spirit bind;
From the centre to the sun,
God hath left his creatures free.

Every son of Adam's race,
Fills the same material place;
But the passions vile and strong,
Claim the right of doing wrong.

Dare the noble creature man,
Counteract his Maker's plan,
Wantonly his charter brave,
For the birth-right of a slave!

Only when the mind is free,
Man reflects his destiny;
Equal rights make equal men,
Be our glorious motto then.

Bare we bend the servile knee,
In the Land of Liberty—
Firemen of the living God,
Scorn to kiss the vernal rod.

Author of eternal days,
Flood the earth with freedom's rays—
In thine own supremacy,
Wield thy sceptre o'er the free.

E. B. M.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.

The present low price of wheat is naturally attracting the attention of our citizens to the cause which has produced the result.—The price of produce is extremely low.—And why is it thus? Because, we have had a great yield, and have an *immense* surplus to dispose of, say the tariffites. What has become of our home market? The boasted tariff's of '42 is still in operation. What has become of the manufacturers who were to consume the farmers produce? Or is all we have heard from whig orators upon this subject, mere chimera—chicanery got up to deceive the people? The tariff benefit the Agriculturist! Every day's experience is proving the fallacy of this doctrine.

We sincerely trust that the agriculturists of the West will "not long, awake to the sense of their own rights. Such lessons as they are now receiving, must, in the end, make them fully understand their own interests.—They will by and-by begin to learn that the demand for an article must regulate the price—and that when Government undertakes to make a demand for produce, it is getting out of its legitimate sphere, and meddling with that which the laws of nature alone can regulate.

America is an agricultural country, and all attempts to make it any thing else are but vain endeavors to set against wind and tide. It is impossible for our government to regulate the price of any commodity of which we raise a surplus, as it would be to turn the current of the Mississippi. The valleys of the Lakes and Western rivers, are a mine of wealth to the nation. We see our Atlantic citizens marching on to greatness, with giant strides—population rapidly increasing, and the valuation of property doubling—we find new manufactories going up in the eastern cities, and daily read accounts of the manufactures dividing their 20 and 30 per cent. profits. But from whence does this increase of wealth flow? From the valleys of the west. The husbandmen are digging it from the soil. And what are they receiving in return? The west is yearly exporting more than it imports. Then why is it not proportionately prospering? We have been taught to understand that that territory which exports more than it imports, would prosper.—And such would be the case, if no unnatural influence were put forth to prevent it. But an unnatural influence is now at work against the west. The tariff enables the eastern manufacturer to monopolize the market with his own fabrics, and places the farmer completely at his mercy.

This is the protection which the tariff is rendering American Industry! The manufacturers are dividing their 20 and 30, and in some instances, 40 per cent. profits, while the western farmers are receiving from 40 to 70 cents a bushel for their wheat! The cultivators of eastern capitalists are being filled by the earnings of the toiling millions. How long will such a state of things be submitted to? We answer, as long as the protective policy is adhered to. As long as our Government continues to legislate for the benefit of capital.—*Mich. Argus.*

EXTRAORDINARY SAGACITY OF A CAT.—We have the following anecdote from an unquestionable source, and assure our readers that the statement may be relied on:—

A gentleman of this city had two cats upon the premises, related by the ties of mother and daughter—both of which were blessed with a litter of kittens about the same time. Not many days after, the two mothers were observed sitting together in the shed, and intently eyeing each other, as if holding a consultation. After the lapse of several minutes thus spent, the younger cat returned to her kitten, one only having lived, and brought it towards the older cat, which still kept her place. The kitten she placed directly before her mother, and then sat down just far from it. The two parents looked again at each other for some time, when the older retreated, leaving the kitten where the mother had placed it.

The mother again took up her mewing offspring, and once more approached her recusant companion, when the same ceremony was repeated with similar effect. This occurred several times, when the older cat, as if influenced by the mute appeal of the mother, took up the strange kitten thus forced upon her charity, conveyed it to the spot where her darlings were deposited, and, to all appearances, adopted it as her own.

The younger cat, having thus seen the object of her solicitude provided for, retired slowly to her straw, where she was soon after taken with a fit, and almost immediately died. We leave it for naturalists to explain whether the invalid cat was aware of her speedy dissolution or not; or whether, what we call instinct, in the lower order of animals; does not occasionally approach very near to what is termed reason among the human species.—*New Haven Courier.*

WHAT IS A REVENUE TARIFF?

This question, we believe, has never been satisfactorily answered, and we doubt whether it can be; or whether, strictly speaking, there can be such a thing as an unmixed revenue tariff; but there are certain principles which should characterize such a tariff, to the standard of which we should approximate as nearly as the nature of things will permit.

A revenue tariff will proportion the burdens of the government, as nearly as possible, according to the wealth of each individual—placing but slight duties on articles which are indispensable for the poor, and high duties on articles of foreign luxury, the consumption of which is confined to the rich. In the present tariff this principle is entirely disregarded.

A revenue tariff imposes no burdens upon the people except to pay the expenses of the government—avoiding, as far as possible, the operation of the present system, which imposes a double tax; the duties upon foreign imports alone going into the public treasury, while there is a higher tax in the higher prices of our own manufactures, which makes up the enormous profits of the manufacturers. This is as much a tax upon the people as though it was levied directly upon their property, and then paid, from the national treasury in the form of bounty, with this advantage in the last method, that it would then fall upon each according to its means, while the burden is now placed disproportionally upon the poor.

A revenue tariff looks upon all classes and interests and all sections of the Union, as equally entitled to favor not making one the particular pet and favorite of the government—and building it up at the expense of others; and in this manner it avoids the jealousies and dissatisfaction which have heretofore threatened the permanency of the Union. It also approximates the income of the government as nearly as possible to the amount of its expenses, thus preventing a large surplus revenue and its attendant evils.

Such a tariff being at all times necessary and regulated by a standard which has little variation, is sure and permanent, not stimulating by temporary benefits or deceiving by false hopes, producing a feverish excitement and constant vacillation in business, and making the politics of the nation a miserable scramble for pecuniary gain.

In the "incidental protection" which it may confer it avoids raising the profits of one occupation far above that of others, but rather aims at a wholesome and permanent equality in every branch of industry in the nation.—*Barre Gazette.*

ILLINOIS.

Things seem to be getting badly out of joint in Illinois, as we learn by the papers.—The causes of difficulty are thus concisely summed up by the N. Y. News.

One of the chief elements of improved confidence in the stock market has been the prospect of some settlement of the affairs of the delinquent States, more particularly Illinois, which has made so great a stride towards a recovery of her credit. There is now reason to fear that all has been done will be lost. Michael Ryan, Esq., and Col. Oakley, it will be remembered, representing the Democratic party of Illinois, seized upon the only plan by which Illinois could redeem its honor and preserve the fruits of its expenses hitherto incurred. That was, to procure from the bond holders the means of completing a canal which is amply able to pay them for their whole debt when completed. This the bond holders refused, unless the people of Illinois pay a tax to meet part of their annual interest. This the latter agreed to do if the canal should be completed in a specified time at a cost of $1,600,000. The work has gone into the hands of trustees, whose first movement has been to vote them selves $6 000 per annum each, propose a bill for the expense of their unauthorized visits to Europe, demand a commission upon their whole loan, appoint an engineer at a salary of $3,000 to conduct the work for them, and then resusate, on the whole canal, all the same men who fooled in the profuse expenditures of former years. The next movement is to suspend the Michigan lake section of the work, in order to induce Congress to appropriate $1,500,000 more to make a deep cut for a ship canal. The whole affair has, justly, created deep excitement in Illinois.—It has gone so far as to jeopardize the payment of the tax, and in so doing to diminish all hope of any ultimate redemption of the Western stocks. Another bad feature in the affairs of Illinois is the formation of a combination under Thomas Mather, the ex-President of that old sink of iniquity, the State Bank, and a relative of the Governor, to resuscitate that old 'promise-mine.' We have repeatedly, within a year notified the Illinois citizens, that Barrett, Mather, and the rest, are at work in the interests of that old corrupt concern.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

The N. Y. Jeffersonian contains a sensible article on the subject of giving the public advertising to those papers having the largest circulation, from which we make the following extract.

"Our doctrine on this subject is a very clear one. We believe that the great result of public opinion in the United States is Democratic—therefore that the Democratic Press is the organ of public opinion, and ought to be sustained by the patronage of the Government, which is the creature of that public opinion. It is in this way alone, that the Democratic Press can protect itself against the money lavishingly bestowed upon the Whig organs by the wealthy and moneymaking aristocracy of the country. And yet we see in our own city the anomaly of a Government Department feeding and enriching one of the most deadly, the most virulent and the bitterest of its foes. Wherever the fault of this lies it should be corrected."

The following very appropriate verse was found some time since, written upon the back of a broken bank note:

"Hark from the banks an awful crash,
Ye patriots hear the cry:
Here is a note that calls for cash,
But, oh, "'tis all in my eye!"

From the Lawrenceburg Beacon.

ANECDOTE OF MR. PROFFIT.

The following anecdote we copy from the Providence, Rhode Island, Journal and Advertiser, being ready to vouch for its genuineness. The gentleman who had the honor to represent, in part, the county alluded to in this anecdote, still resides here, and not unfrequently reads the advertisement by way of enquiry. Yet, perhaps Mr. Proffit could give him some information about the "*Ram,*" since he has been to Brazil, where there are quantities of sheep grown; he may have stayed that far; for although unceasing enquiries although this part of the country up to this day no account has yet been received of his whereabouts. Mr. Turner is still ready to pay the reward when the said Ram is forthcoming:

The following anecdote of Mr. Proffit is furnished us by a correspondent:

In the early political life of Proffit, when a member of the Legislature of Indiana, he exhibited the same modest assurance and self-esteem that has since made him so conspicuous in more elevated stations. He was foremost in every debate—seeking conflict with a wordy warfare, with every member, friend or foe, that rose on the floor. This *cacoethes loquendi* was so strong a person, that his attentions was not confined to public measures and general laws, but descended to every private act or local bill brought before the House, not a proposition to remove the seat of justice or change the lines of a county, to appropriate to the local school fund, to change or establish an election precinct, to incorporate a village, or restrain geese and hogs from running at large in any town or village in the State, could be made in the House by any member, but Mr. Proffit had divers *pros* or *cons* to urge in favor or against the measure, as suited the humor of the moment; and he generally claimed to be better informed on these local subjects than the representatives of the particular districts, whose constituents were to be affected by the measure. One day when he had been more than usually busy in intermeddling in measures of a purely local character, the management of which was always left by courtesy to the representatives of the counties interested, an old member from Dearborn who had several times experienced the annoyance of Mr. Proffit's impertinence, arose as Mr. P. seated himself, and with a grave air, said the gentleman from Peters burg had displayed, during the session, a most minute knowledge of nearly every county, town and village in the State, and a very intimate acquaintance with the local interests and feelings of the inhabitants of every section of it. The Honorable gentleman, he thought must have been an itinerant throughout the State the last year; and he would, with the consent of the House, ask information of the gentleman from Petersburgh, which he could probably give, on a subject of deep interest and concern to one of his constituents, if he would be kind enough to reply to the enquiry. Mr. Proffit having graciously nodded an assent, and the House having uttered a general cry of "*consent,*" "*remount,*" the member from Dearborn said he would make the enquiry by reading a paper sent to him that morning. Mr. Proffit moving to a seat near the member from Dearborn, the latter read as follows:

"Know all men by thesents, that I, J. William Turner, late of Culpepper county, State of Virginia, send greeting:

TAKE NOTICE.

Strayed or stolen out of my high meadow and a low bottom, a large grizzly gray Ram, with bald face—one glass eye—a straight horn and a crooked one—wool on the getting up side, and bare on the down lying—the tails behind and pieces before.—Now, whosoever will take up the said ram and deliver the same to J. William Turner, living at the foot of the Blue Ridge, and has ran away for horse stealing and gone to Indiana, shall receive eighteen pounds Virginia currency. Given under my hand and seal this 9th day of January, A.D. 1833.

J. WM. TURNER."

Turning to Proffit, to ask him if he could aid him in securing the reward, he discovered the Petersburg member, with hat in hand, making long strides for the door, amid a general roar of laughter from all sides of the House. Private and local legislation was wonderfully facilitated by this occurrence during the session.

POETICISING A DUEL.—The New Haven Herald says that a correspondence is now going on between two gentlemen of Boston, which began ten years ago with a challenge. Mr. A., a bachelor, challenged Mr. B., a married man with one child, who replied that the conditions were not equal, that he must necessarily put more at risk with his life than the other; and he declined. A year afterwards he received another challenge from Mr. A., who stated that he too had now a wife and child, and he supposed therefore the objection of Mr. B. was no longer valid. Mr. B., replied that he had now two children, consequently the inequality still subsisted.—The next year Mr. A., renewed his challenge, having now two children also, but his adversary had three. This matter, when last heard from, was still going on, the numbers being six to seven, and the challenge yearly renewed.

"WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK."—The Albany Citizen learns that during the trial of Big Thunder, now in progress at Hudson, Attorney General Van Buren and Ambrose L. Jordon, Esq., after passing some angry words, clinched each other in open Court, and were only separated by the interference of the bystanders. Judge Edmonds sustained the dignity of his court by committing the combatants to close custody for 24 hours. The trial was suspended until the counsel served out their sentences in jail!—*Cleveland Herald.*

A HIT.—"Charles," said a father to his son, while they were working at a saw-mill, "what possesses you to associate with such girls as you do? When I was of your age I could go with the first cut."

"But," said Charley, "the first cut is always a slab—did you know that?"

"Help me turn this log, Charles!"

NON-RESIDENT LAND HOLDERS.

Non-residents are ruinous to any country. They are the leeches that are drawing the life blood out of the community. If such will neither spend their money among it, nor improve their property, they should be taxed above all others, and pay handsomely for the privileges of holding on to immense capital while others are *forced* to increase its value.—*State Sentinel.*

We are glad to see this ground taken by so influential a paper as the State Sentinel, it may wake up the people or Indiana to their true interests. Non resident land holders are a perfect night-mare upon the public, and there can be no impropriety in the Legislature taking such a course as is calculated to compel them to sell out to those who wish to occupy the lands for themselves. There are three prominent reasons why a law should be passed at the coming session of the Legislature, discriminating in favor of the actual settler. It should be done—it shou'd be done at once:

1st. It would add vastly to the aggregate wealth of the State, by increasing the *improvements* of the country—an object of magnitude at the present time, when the State is laboring under heavy embarrassments.

2d. There is a great injustice in compelling the actual settlers to improve the value of non-residents' lands without having an equivalent, which they will never get under the present system.

3d. It would bring into market immense tracts of unimproved lands by making the taxes so onerous on them, that those who now wish to get rich at other people's expense will be disappointed—very much to the interest of the Northern portion of the State.

We rejoice that the Sentinel has broken ground on this subject. The upper Wabash country and the Northern part of the State is literally a wilderness, on account of this state of things. Let the people see to this matter themselves: it can be effected by taxing all lands alike.—WILL THEY DO IT?

—Logan Chief.

VANITY.—We believe that all men are in possession to a greater or less degree of this commodity, and that it sometimes meets with a rebuke, which will be *certified* to by every individual (we speak of the males) from his own experience. We were told a good joke by the captain of the team while traveling on a railroad to the south of this, which we have no objection to make public. It will be understood that the captain is not an Adonis.

I got on board the boat at ——, (this is the way he tells the story,) having gone to the city to see the fashions, intending to come down on the train. At breakfast, there was a very handsome, plump little girl, (one of the prettiest women I ever saw,) and I noticed that most all the time we were eating, she kept her eyes fixed on me. Indeed, every time I raised my head, she appeared to be gazing intently on my countenance, and before I had finished my breakfast I was fully assured that I had made a conquest. As I was looking for a wife at the time, you may judge that I was not a little elated at my success in having secured the affections of such a lovely creature. I thought *this* was certainly an instance of love a first sight. We reached the cars, I taking a seat a little distance from her, where, pondering on my good fortune, I could not fail to see, whenever I caught her eye, that she still continued the same sweet look upon me, and, although not much given to such things, I do determined to begin a conversation with her.—I picked out a time when the cars had to go a considerable distance without stopping, and having screwed my courage up, I approached her and making a very polite bow, began:

"Miss, if I mistake not, I think I have seen you traveling on this route before?"

"Yes," said the young lady, "me and my brother went by here about three weeks ago, and somebody passed a counterfeit five dollar bill on him, and *I believe you are the fellow that did it, sir!*"

"Great G——d," said the captain, "tandum I never saw you before since I was born!" and he sloped. *—Petersburg Repub.*

A SAD CASE.—The Westchester (Penn.) *Jeffersonian,* in noticing the death of John Patton, a lad 11 years old, attributes it to the melancholy effects produced by the murder of the brother of the deceased, Wesley Patton, by Jabez Boyd. The editor says:—"The mutilated and disfigured remains of Wesley haunted his imagination day and night, and gave his youthful memory no rest. To use his own language, 'he could not cover Wesley up.'"

From the moment of beholding the sad and harrowing spectacle presented in the fiendish murder of an affectionate brother, a deep and settled gloom took possession of his mind, which the constant care of those around him could not elevate. He was sent to school, in hopes that the scenes of boyish fancy, and the mingled play of young associates would bring back the life and joy to his eye; but no, there was no rest, no respite from the gloom around him. In the midst of play, and while repeating his lessons, the spectacle was still before him, and he would burst out in uncontrollable grief, until the heart sickened at his suffering.

His frame sunk under the oppression, and still the vision was there; and when, a short time before his death, maternal care hung over and inquired his wants, it was still "Wesley." "Wesley is giving me a drink of water," was his reply. Who can fathom the depth of his sufferings? But they are now over; he has left this earthly scene and passed into the embrace of an affectionate mother, who stood upon the bright shores of eternity, beckoning him in scenes of joys unnumbered."

☞ Far be it from us the intention of injuring the true interests of the manufacturers of New England. We do not ask that a tax shall be levied upon every yard of cloth they make, to benefit the Southern planter and the Western agriculturalist; though this would be equally just as is the present tariff law, we would leave industry, of all kinds, to its own legitimate pursuits, the offspring of free competition, untrammelled by artificial contrivances; we would not withdraw honest labor from its natural and accustomed channels, and force it, by partial legislation, into hazardous speculations and manufacturing monopolies.—*U. S. Jour.*

A GOOD ANECDOTE.—As the good deacon A., on a cold morning in January, was scolding by the house of his neighbor F., the latter was chopping wood and threshing his hands at the done. The usual salutations were exchanged; the severity of the weather briefly discussed, and the horseman, made a demonstration of passing on, when his neighbor detained him with 'Don't be in a hurry deacon; wouldn't you like a glass of good old Jamaica this cold morning?' 'There's no kindly,' said the old gentleman, at the same time beginning to dismount with all the deliberation becoming a deacon. 'I don't care if I do.' 'Ah, don't trouble yourself to get off deacon,' said the wag, '*I merely asked for information*'—we hav'nt a drop of rum in the house.'

☞ ENCOURAGEMENT TO PRINTERS.—The United States *Gazette,* speaking of the improvement of Mr. Solon Robinson of Indiana, now in Philadelphia, says:—"The great secret seems to be in the substitution of a new and very cheap metal, susceptible of giving the very finest lines in the matrice, and yet easily fused and managed that any printer can cast his own plates without any other fixtures than is to be found in any printing office, and that, too, in a very short space of time, and at a cost less than one-fourth the cost of common stereotype plates. Mr. Robinson showed us a plate that had borne 10 000 impressions of a power press with no inflecting it. He also has specimens of printing from original metal plates and from those duplicated in the new metal, of which it is difficult to tell which is the original and which the copy."

The coat worn by Gen. Jackson at the battle of New Orleans has been presented to the National Institute, by Gen. Thomas H. Bradley, in behalf of a portion of the citizens of Tennessee, with a request that it have a place by the side of the one worn by the father of our common country—General George Washington.

ENDLESS MILLERISM.—Father Miller has confessed that he was mistaken in his calculations, instigated to "the final consummation of all things," and he earnestly requests all those who may have been injured by his doctrines, to forgive him.

English man. "Does he not know that some made in-sane by him, and his creed, have long since gone to their final abolition, and many of them by their own hand? Can his apology restore these victims to life?—Can it wipe the tear from the widow's and orphan's eye? Can it restore those who are now inmates of the mad house to their right minds? Ah! no; Father Miller and his co-workers have a fearful account to answer to, and the remainder of their lives is short time enough for that repentance so necessary.—*N. Y. Jeffersonian.*

☞ The New York Courier remarks that although it "has noticed the applications of numerous gallant citizens," for appointments in the army at this time, it finds nothing said of any of those applicants volunteering their services as privates. Oh no!—The modern patriots go entirely for the pay and present. Those who can't get contracts will serve as officers! Besides, it is thought that a Mexican war will not require more quarters or hard knocks.

A letter from Santa Fe, written on the 16th of July, and published in the St. Louis Era, states that much interest is felt in that section of country in relation to the annexation of Texas. A large portion of the inhabitants are said to be anxious for annexation, and in favor of the Rio del Norte as the boundary, which would include them in the Union.

FEMALE LYNCHERS.—The Mount Holly Herald states that a gay widower in the neighborhood of Rose river, having determined to marry applied to one lady and then another, and, being refused by both went without slandering them. As soon as they heard of his ungallant mode of taking revenge, they held a council of war, and determined to punish him in such a manner as to make an example of him for his want of manly feeling and chivalry. They accordingly armed themselves with large hoop birches, and seeing the gentleman passing along the road, they sallied forth upon him and assailed him with so much vigor that he was unable to make any resistance. They scented his back well, and but for the interference of a gentleman who was attracted by his cries of distress, would not have left an inch of skin in his whole hide."

A PROPOSITION.

Our columns have lately been so filled with advertisements, that we have not been able to present our readers with as great a variety of news as could wish; and furthermore our type is so nearly worn out in the service that it is neither so legible nor handsome as it ought to be. To remedy these evils, we propose, if our friends will enable us, by paying up their indebtedness, to procure NEW TYPE of a SMALLER SIZE than we now use, by which we can give one-fourth more reading matter than at present. If our proposition is accepted, we promise to issue a paper not inferior in its outward appearance or in the variety and interest of its contents, to any other in the state.

If our proposition be accepted, it must be done immediately, to enable us to get the type before the close of navigation.

Apprentice Wanted.

A Boy 14 to 16 years of age wanted at this office immediately, as an apprentice to the Printing Business.

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1845.

☞ As Judge Borden's health continues very precarious, it is doubtful whether he will be able to attend the Steuben Circuit Court.

TO OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS.—We will receive Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Beef, Pork, Flour, Corn, Potatoes, Wood or almost any kind of Country Produce, in payment for the Sentinel. For the past two years, on account of the deficiency of the crops, we have received but little from our country subscribers. We waited patiently through their season of adversity, and we hope now when Providence has bountifully smiled on their labors, that we shall not be forgotten.

Persons wishing to take the Sentinel can pay in Produce.

MEXICO.—By the news from Mexico in another column, it will be seen that all prospect of war is at an end. The advance of the troops towards Texas is stopped; the officers are quarrelling among themselves; and the country is evidently on the eve of another military revolution. In this state of things it is unnecessary to look for any further offensive operations on the part of Mexico against the United States. But even if matters had not come to this crisis we do not apprehend that any thing would have been done. The Mexicans have done all they ever would dared, to do—that is, they have issued numerous very valiant and fierce manifestoes and proclamations; but seeing that these were disregarded by the Americans, and that such a force was concentrating on their frontiers as it would be dangerous to meddle with, they have withdrawn from the contest, satisfied with their achievements on paper, in which, as they had it all their own way, they were in no danger of being worsted.

The prudent and energetic course of President Polk, has in all probability averted a war. Had we made no show of resistance, the Mexicans might probably have been induced to invade Texas. But the appearance of the United States troops on the Nueces showed them at once that such an enterprise would be attended with danger, and they wisely abandoned it.

The rumored engagement between the U. S. troops and Mexicans, to which we allluded in our last, turns out, as we expected, to be a Rhorbach.

MAINE ELECTION.—By the returns received it is certain that the democrats have elected a majority in both branches of the Legislature. John F. Shannon, dem. is elected to Congress from the 1st (York) district, to fill a vacancy, by a majority of 960 to 1000. In 264 towns Anderson, dem. received 27,515 votes: Morse, whig, 22,-639. Scattering 5,373. In those towns, Anderson has a majority of 4,877 over the whig candidate; but lacks 636 of a majority over all. The town to hear from it is estimated will give him a clear majority over all.

The Democratic Review for September is embellished by a beautiful mezzotint engraving of Gen. Jackson in his 1st days, from a daguerreotype portrait taken in April last. The contents of this No. are unusually rich and varied, and are from the pens of some of the most distinguished American writers of the age. The contents are—Political Patronage; La Vendetta, a tale from the French; The Young Tragedian, a tale; Herbert's Essays on Government; Lardner's Popular Lectures on Science and Art.—We have received Part X. of this cheap, but valuable work, published by Messrs. Greeley and McElrath, Tribune Buildings, N. York. The Lectures in this part are on—Conduction of Heat—Relation of Heat and Light—Composition and Resolution of Force—Centre of Gravity—Lever and Wheelwork.

It is published semi-monthly, each part containing 80 large pages, of very neat letter press, and illustrated with numerous engravings, and diagrams:—price 25 cents. It will be completed in 14 or 24 parts, forming two large and handsome octavo volumes.

THE FARMER'S LIBRARY AND MONTHLY JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURE, EDITED BY JOHN S. SKINNER.—Messrs. Greely & McElrath, of the New York Tribune, have commenced the publication of an extremely valuable work, under the above title, the first three numbers of which we have received. It is published monthly, each No. containing about one hundred pages, illustrated by engravings, for $5 00 per annum. Each No. consists of two distinct parts. The Farmer's Library—and The Monthly Journal of Agriculture, and is so arranged that they may be bound separately, making two volumes of 600 pages each.

In THE FARMER'S LIBRARY will be published continuously the best standard Works on Agriculture, embracing many which by their cost or the language in which they are written, would otherwise be beyond the reach of most American Farmers. By this arrangement the choicest European Treatises and Researches in Agriculture, costing many dollars in the original articles, may be obtained for a few shillings, and with the further advantage of being accompanied by notes and explanations of the editor, of what might otherwise be obscure to the American reader, or calculated to mislead, owing to the difference in soil, climate, &c. The September No. commences the publication of The Principles of Agriculture, by Albert D. Thaer, a highly distinguished German philosopher, and author of several Agricultural works of great celebrity in Europe. The July and August Nos. contain Lectures to Farmers on Agricultural Chemistry, by Alexander Patchodit.

The Monthly Journal of Agriculture comprises selections from the higher class of English, German, and French Agricultural Periodicals; Editorials; communications of experiments, improved modes of culture, new implements, &c. &c.

We hope the enterprising publishers may be liberally sustained in this attempt to furnish the farmers of our country with a good standard Agricultural Library; and we hope no farmer who can possibly spare $5 00 will be deterred by the apparent high price of the work from subscribing. It will be worth ten times the price to any one who will study it attentively, and strive to profit by the information it contains.

EXECUTION.—H. G. Green, who was convicted at Troy, N. Y. of the murder, by poison, of his wife, to whom he had only been married a few days, was executed on the 10th inst. He appeared quite penitent, and conducted himself with much calmness and fortitude, though he was very weak and debilitated. After he had hung about ten minutes, the Rev. Mr. Van Kleek, the clergyman who attended him, informed those present that he had made a full and free confession of the crime for which he was executed, acknowledging the justice of his sentence, expressing deep penitence for his crime, and hoping for salvation through the merits of his Saviour.

Strong efforts were made by many, opposed to capital punishment, to have his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, but Governor Wright declined interfering.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The Democratic papers throughout the State are expressing their preferences for U. S. Senator. Several distinguished gentlemen are named, among the most prominent of whom are Messrs. Owen, Whitcomb, Bright, and Chamberlain.—The nominations, or rather recommendations, are generally made in the best kind of a spirit, and a disposition appears manifest on the part of the respective friends of these gentlemen to have the selection made fairly and satisfactorily, and cheerfully to acquiesce in it when made.—None of the gentlemen named would seek or accept the nomination on any other terms; we think we know enough of the purity and attachment to principle of all of them, to vouch for this on their behalf.

We copied a paragraph from the Madison paper, a week or two ago, stating that Mr. Bright would not be a candidate. This statement has since been modified; Mr. Bright does not seek the nomination but if the choice should fall on him, he would be proud to accede to the wishes of his fellow citizens. We have seen a letter from Mr. B. addressed to a friend in this place, in which he says: "I am not a candidate, nor will I be, if the use of my name *mars the peace and harmony of the democratic cause in any way, shape, or form.*" This is just what might be expected from that gentleman, by those who know him best; he is the last man who would, for the sake of personal preferment, divide or distract his party.

Mr. Owen, too, is equally determined not to allow his name to be used to further the schemes of those who would wish to destroy the harmony of the party. We find the following extracts of a letter from him in the State Sentinel:

"I desire no office at the expense of the union of the party; and if I cannot become Senator with the consent and good will of those who have borne the burden and heat of the day, I am content to remain as I am.

"I have always held it [the Senatorial office] to be as honorable as any other office, not excepting a seat in the cabinet; and one in which almost all the great reputations of our country have been made. If our friends, on consultation, set me to place my name before the Legislature, as the choice in caucus, I will not deny, that it will be to me a source of high gratification. *But, on the other hand, I hereby authorize you, in case the majority of the Democratic members prefer another name, and in case any of the minority still press my claims, to say for me, that I hold him no true friend of mine, who will do so. Appreciating, at once and with frank good will, in the decision of a regular caucus, I hold to be the duty of a true Democrat.*"

The Goshen Democrat asserts in that Mr. Chamberlain is governed by the same lofty feeling of self-denial, and faithful adherence to his party; and those who know him would be astonished of this fact, without any such assurance.—When such honorable feelings actuate the candidates, it would be highly criminal in those who have the power of electing, to betray the trust reposed in them, by destroying the harmony, and defeating the success of the party. We hope at the caucus which will be held to select a candidate, the claims of no gentleman may be considered who will not pledge himself rigidly to adhere to the result, and cheerfully support the nominee; and that the same pledge be also exacted from every member of the caucus. Then, if any should prove base enough to forswear themselves and seek to prevent the election of the nominee, let them be held up to the deserved scorn and execration of the community.—We want no such men in our ranks, and their leaving us would be the best service they could render.

U. S. SENATOR.

From payment appearances this office will not go a begging by a long sight, if we judge from the array of names thrown before the people for their consideration. For example, the Indiana Patriot proposes the name of Joseph A. Wright; the Lawrenceburgh Beacon and Indiana Tocsin, that of Robert Dale Owen; the Delaware county Democrat, that of Samuel E. Perkins; the New Albany Democrat, Thomas L. Smith; a correspondent of the Logansport Pharos proposes Gov. Whitcomb, and the Fort Wayne Sentinel and Goshen Democrat have suggested the name of E. M. Chamberlain. All these are good men and true, and any of them would fill the office creditably to the State and to the party. Without wishing to disparage any of them we are free to say that we heartily concur in all that has been said by any one in favor of Gov. Whitcomb and Robert Dale Owen. We point to them with feelings of pride as men of whom not only the Democratic party, but the State may well be proud, and upon whose services they have a just claim. They are just the men for the station they occupy. Whitcomb three years ago was the first choice of old Elkhart all the time for Governor, and though her agency was his nomination affected.—His career as chief Magistrate of the State proves him to be worthy of the confidence reposed in him, and in that situation we hope to see him for three years longer.

Mr. Owen's career in Congress has been brief but full of honor. His district is devotedly attached to him—he has been re-elected by an increased vote, and can continue to be as long as he may desire a seat in Congress. He would be an ornament to the Senate, but he is a star to the House. His cool, mathematical judgment, his candor, his honesty, his burning patriotism, his glowing eloquence fit him for a popular leader, and constitute just the man who is wanted in these latter days on the floor of the lower House, while if transferred to the Senate Chamber his place could not be filled.

So much we feel in justice bound to say for Whitcomb and Owen, but after all, our preference is for Judge Chamberlain, and to these among other reasons:—

He is from the neglected North, a portion of the State which has been treated as another Nagareth by our political friends from James K. Polk down.

He has spent his time and money in the cause of Democracy, and to his exertions as much as to any man's are we indebted for the political Millennium which has dawned upon Indiana.

He is a man of equal ability with any whose names have been mentioned, and would fill the station with honor and credit.

He is no sunshine politician—his Democracy never falters—he joins no cabal—he panders to no clique—he unites with no conspiracy against the public good—he stoops to no intrigue for selfish ends. In short he is just the man for the occasion.

But while saying this much we are well aware that the Goshen Democrat cannot settle this question. We have suggested his name, not in a spirit of dictation, but to elicit friendly discussion, that the representatives of the people may be better prepared to reflect the public will. Let the merits of all be treated with candor and respect, and then will our discussions result in perpetuating the harmony and unity of the party, and the honor of our State.—*Goshen Democrat.*

From the Indiana Tocsin.

THE NEXT U. S. SENATOR.

One of the first and most important acts of our Legislature will be the election of an U. S. Senator. It is of vital importance to the interests of the state and the reputation of the party, that a staunch, able and unwavering Democrat be chosen to fill this important seat—a man sound to the core upon the Tariff, the Currency, the Oregon and Texas questions—one who is talented, active, energetic and efficient, and in whose ability, the whole people can pose the utmost confidence.

We hope, therefore, that the legislature, in their selection, will be guided solely by the public interests. To this, questions of preference, of personal choice, the location of the candidate and all sectional feeling should yield. Let Indiana follow the noble example of New England and New York and send one of her best men. It is sheer folly to say that this, that or the other portion of the state is entitled to fill the post. Our talented men belong to the State, not to a clique; and he only should be chosen, who can perform it duties with the most honor and advantage to the State.

Among several others every way well qualified to discharge these duties in a manner to reflect honor upon the State and credit to themselves, the name of Hon. ROBERT DALE OWEN, in our opinion, is among the foremost. We are aware that this gentleman is too modest to descend into the political arena to huckster for support. This stand must be has as a freewill offering, unsought, as was the office of President by J. K. Polk, or not at all. Mr. O's reputation is not confined to his own state; he is favorably known not only throughout the Union, but in Europe, as an able political economist, a gentleman of great literary and scientific attainments, and of unspotted purity of character.

In the 28th Congress, he ranked deservedly among the first for ability, influence, extensive information, great oratorical power, and indefatigable active business habits. It is no more than strict justice to say, that in all the essential characteristics of a statesman, no member of the House stood higher than he; and none who had obtained such a enviable distinction in so short a time.

There is another consideration, which, in our opinion, should extend to Mr. O. the favorable consideration of the Legislature.—We refer to his able advocacy of the rights of labor. None have surpassed, and but few have equalled him, in the earnestness, ability and research which he has brought to bear upon this subject. It is this which is fast pushing him to the front popular, as he now is one of the most able, men in the country. And we doubt not that his election as Senator would meet the wishes of much the largest portion of the whole party and, with a few exceptions, of nearly all in Northern Indiana.

—For the above reasons we individually prefer Mr. OWEN, although we should be perfectly satisfied should this high trust be committed to the able keeping of either Guy, Whitcomb or Hon. J. D. Bright.

[The Tocsin copies our article, suggesting the name of Hon. E. M. Chamberlain, and adds:—

Before receiving the "Fort Wayne Sentinel," we had penned the article headed "The next U. S. Senator," which gives our views upon this subject in full. We agree most heartily with the "Sentinel," in the second paragraph. The election of Mr. OWEN, we believe, would be an act of such exact "justice" to the whole State, that the "North" instead of thinking itself "hitherto neglected and overlooked" would joyfully assent to such selection. "As a matter of compromise" we think it could not well be bettered.

As to our friend Judge CHAMBERLAIN, who has won such golden opinions by the able and dignified manner in which he performed the duties of President Judge of the Circuit the above is the first intimation we have received of his being spoken of for the office. The *Goshen Democrat* has said nothing of it, and we do not know whether he would desire to be a candidate. But without wishing to derogate in the least from the abilities of Judge C. who ranks as one of the most prominent Democrats of the North, we must frankly say that our preference is for Mr. OWEN.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

The *Union* of this morning says:—Just as we are going to press, we learn that the Government has received some interesting interesting information from the capital of Mexico to the 23d August, and from Vera Cruz to the 30th, inclusive. It is said, from the capital, that the new cabinet is considered as opposed to the war; and, even if it were otherwise disposed, it has not the means to carry on a war; that it is with the greatest difficulty it can raise the means to defray its necessary daily expenses; and that the war excitement is going down daily among all parties.

The accounts from Vera Cruz of the 29th state that there has been a retrograde movement in regard to the invasion of Texas.—General Paredes absolutely refusing to march with his forces (seven thousand troops) towards Texas; that he has himself repaired to Mexico, and others have followed his example. The opinion was pretty well established at Vera Cruz, that the Mexicans will never attempt to cross the Rio Bravo; that they have made all the bluster they can, that they are without money, without credit, and consequently powerless; and that they are, moreover, on the eve of a revolution, which will overturn the present government.

Accounts on the following day (the 30th August,) from Vera Cruz, represent that there can be no doubt of a plan being nearly ripe to overturn the present government; and that Gen. Paredes, with Tornel and Valencia, proposes forming a triumvirate. It is said that Gen. Paredes cares nothing about federalism, but intended to make himself dictator.

The French minister has actually asked his passport—the government having refused to grant him the satisfaction he demanded.—News of the anticipated revolution was expected every mail at Vera Cruz.

Thus pass off the gasconades and blusters of Mexico! In what an elevated position does our country stand, in comparison with her; and our bold and prompt administration; with its wise precautionary measures, compared with the hesitating, discouraged, disphisticated, disorganized, and revolutionary army and officers of Mexico!

LATER.—By the arrival of the Mexican schooner Yucatteco, Captain Prats, in New Orleans, from Tampico, whence she sailed on the 30th of August, later dates have been received. We find the following items in the Picayune of the 7th instant:

Mexico has not yet declared war, nor does she appear in any manner competent to do so. The country is rent by dissensions.—Open revolts have at last broken out in the army, and on all hands the ambitious military chieftains are quarrelling among themselves.

The President has at last succeeded in the formation of a Cabinet. We cannot make room for their letters of acceptance of office, all dated August 14th. They are wonderfully silent about the foreign relations of the country and war with the United State.

The Siglo of the 19th states that a rumor had prevailed for three days in the capital of a military revolt in one section of the army under Gen. Filisola, on its march to Texas.

Letters have been received at Tampico from San Luis Potosi, which announce that a revolution is near at hand. There appears to be a strong demand for the re-establishment of the Federal Constitution of 1824, and if this be not granted by the Government, it is likely to be carried by force.

STILL LATER.—By the arrival of the Mexican schooner Hetarde, at New Orleans, from Vera Cruz, dates to the 30th ult., have been received by the N. O. Jeffersonian, of the 8th instant:

A bearer of dispatches for our Government, and for Com. Connor, came passenger. We learn from an extra of the Tropic, that the War fever had subsided in Mexico, and that there will probably be no declaration of war.

An election was held for President and Vice President of the Senate, when el Sr. Pizzarro was elected to the first, and el Sr. Ramirez to the second.

Efforts were being made to organize a militia, but they were merely abortive. In the city of Mexico, which contains 200,000 inhabitants, only eleven recruits were found enlisted.

General Filasola, full of indignation, had thrown up the command of the division, which had caused the scandalous proceedings in San Luis Potosi, and had determined to return to the city of Mexico.

The Monitor of the evening of the 22d ult., states that General Bustamente has been named Commander in-Chief of the army to act against Texas.

NEWS FROM YUCATAN.

A portion of the Mexicans, it seems, have no idea of going to war with the United States, under any circumstances. By the brig Henry Leed, which recently arrived at New York, the Sun has letters and papers from Merida to the 9th of August. The people of Yucatan evince very little sympathy in the political contests of the central government of Mexico, and the presidential election created no unusual excitement. The prospect of a war between the United States and Mexico engrossed public attention, and it is worthy of note that our fellow citizens in that part of Mexico are treated with marked respect. The correspondent writes:

"The declaration of war will be the signal for a declaration of independence here, and with the adjoining State of Chiapas, the Isthmus of Tehuacan, and the presence of small United States sloop of war, the Yucatanese, will not on fant a counter wave in favor of *free government* that will sweep all before it, until it unites in fraternal embrace with the great northern waves now sweeping over the plains of California and Santa Fe.

"We say to the friends of liberty in the south, the heart of Yucatan is in the right place, and she has strong arms which despotism could not paralyse. Yucatan loves Mexico, but she loves liberty more. She despises the base counterfeit of liberty that has disgraced Mexico; she longs for the Constitution of '24, but if it cannot be had, and war must come, then she raises her standard of independence, and will take her stand among the nations as "the Republic of Yucatan."—If other States join her, she will receive them."

We were not prepared, says the Sun, for this intelligence; and were it not for the respectability of our correspondent, who is a most intelligent Spanish gentleman in one of the principal cities, we would be inclined to withhold its publication. His language in the original Spanish is more forcible than our translation. He has *fair opportunities* for ascertaining the course of public opinion, and we attach considerable importance in his statements. Yucatan may yet regenerate the whole Mexican Republic.

YUCATAN REVOLUTIONIZED AND INDEPENDENT.—The New York Sun of yester day says:—"The courier wave in favor of free government, which our Yucatan correspondent predicted a few weeks ago, has been set in motion. The patriotic and intelligent Republicans of that ancient country are once more in the enjoyment of an enlightened system of self government, for the faithful administration of which their own stalwart frames and virtuous lives are the surest guarantees.

This gratifying intelligence comes to us by the brig Joseph Atkins, Captain Higgins, at this port, twenty six days from Tobasco, Mexico.

On the 9th of last month the Yucatanese under Gen. Barnen took possession of a Mexican schooner of War, and having placed on board of her all the Mexican functionaries and soldiers in that state, ordered her captain to sail with them for Vera Cruz, whence she departed immediately. She had been despatched by the Mexicans to levy men and money for the Texian war, but the people of Yucatan had suffered too much already from the oppressive tyranny of the central government; an immediate seperation was resolved upon and carried out in the manner stated, without shedding a drop of blood. The entire government was at once changed to a national one, retaining all the republican principles which have distinguished the citizens of that state.

The N. Y. Tribune states that the Atlantic Insurance Co., of that city, have already paid nearly $100,000 of losses sustained at the great fire, and that they have notified all claimants that they are ready to pay up the balance instanter.

The New Orleans Tropic of the 27th furnishes the following extracts from the Texas papers, which will be found of no inconsiderable interest to our readers:

"The Brazos Planter says the convention has fixed the seat of government at the city of Austin until the year 1850. Thirty-six votes were given in favor of Austin, and a scattering vote for other places.

"An important document from the land office at Austin has been laid before the convention. From it, we learn that the superficial extent of Texas, as comprised within the limits defined by statute of the 1st Texan Congress, comprises, in round numbers, 397,000 square miles, or 254,284,160 acres; that the total amount of land issued by the various boards of land commissioners is 43,-543,970 acres; that the total amount of the above, recommended *as good and lawful claims*, is 19,212,206 acres; issued by the department of war, as bounty and donation claims, 6,300,000 acres; land scrip sold by the Texian government, 368,787 acres; amount of legal claims to lands issued by Texas, 25,880,993 acres; amount issued, and supposed to be fraudulent, at 24,331,764 acres; issued by the authorities of Mexico, a portion of which is supposed to be invalid, 22,080,000 acres; and that the total amount of the public domain subject to location and unsurveyed, is 181,991,403 acres. The officer of the land office, in communicating the above statement, says that he has no means of knowing the whole amount of scrip that has been issued by the Texan government, but thinks the amount yet out is about one-eighth of that shown to be in his office, and that the same is the case with reference to bounty lands."

RATHER LATE.—The Lawrenceburgh Beacon entertains its readers with a rich yarn about how the democracy of the "Pocket" have labored and how few of the State offices are filled by Democrats from this quarter. We are glad to see the editor's conscience thus speak; but why did he not think about "the Pocket" in 1843, when one of her sterling sons was a candidate for State Auditor. If we are not mistaken, this same Mr. John P. Dunn was very anxiously seeking the office himself! He was mindful only of his own "pocket" then.—*Ind. Statesman.*

A PLAIN QUESTION.—Is it compatible with the principles of equality or justice, that the great staples of the South and West, should be enormously taxed, *not to raise a revenue*, but TO PROTECT a few grinding manufacturing monopolists at the North; to enable a favored few overgrown wealthy capitalists to add to their already overflowing coffers, by what has aptly been termed GOVERNMENT PLUNDER! The worst of all plunder, inasmuch as it is sanctioned by an unconstitutional law.

How long, fellow citizens, shall it be allowed us the predominant policy of the country, thus to prostrate our vast agricultural and commercial interests at the unseemly shrine of a manufacturing aristocracy? How long shall we sanction this fattening of a mere handful at the expense of the industrious many, who produce all the *real* wealth of the nation by the sweat of their brow!—*U. S. Jour.*

PRICE CURRENT CORRECTED WEEKLY

Flour,	$3 50 a $3 75
Salt,	50 per bbl.
Wheat,	63 a 66 cts. per bu.
Rye,	31 cts.
Barley	50 cts. "
Corn,	18 a 20 cts. "
Oats,	15 cts. "
Onions,	44 "
Potatoes	18 a 20 "
White Beans	75 a 1 00 "
Peas	62 "
Green Apples	1 00 "
Pork,	2 00 a
Hams	8 cts
Shoulders	7
Black Salts	$1 50 a 2 00
Beeswax	26
Eggs	8 cts. doz.
Butter	12 a cts per lb.
Cheese,	5 a 6 per lb.
Maple Sugar	6 a 7 "
Beef,	2 a 2½ cts. "
Tallow,	7 cts. "
Beef Hides, green,	3 a 3 1-2 "
" dry,	6 a 6 1-2 "
Flaxseed,	75 cts. per bushel.
Timothy seed,	$1 00 "
Clover "	24 00 "

MARKETS.

The advance in the Eastern markets, caused by the accounts of the crops in Europe, has led to a corresponding rise here. Flour is now worth $3 75 for city and 3 50 for northern and country brands. Wheat is nominally worth 64 cents, but the competition among buyers is so great that good samples are usually bid up to 65. This competition continues to all who come to our market the very highest price the state of the eastern market will justify. At the same time salt, iron, and goods generally can be purchased to much lower than in other places so to make it an object for all who can possibly reach here, to make this their market.

There is no material change in the eastern markets from our last week's quotations.

Fever & Ague.—Dr. Hoagland's Indian Cholagogue which has gained so much notoriety in the cure of FEVER AND AGUE, and other bilious affections, may be found at the drug store of Dr. De Witt, Fort Wayne, Indiana. This unrivalled remedy was prepared by a regular physician, and is the result of an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate. Those who have used it themselves, or seen its salutary effects upon others, need no further evidence of its great value or the high estimation in which it is held. A small portion on the tongue, treatment and cure of fever and ague and other diseases of bilious climates," may be had gratis of the above agent.

"None but the brave deserve the fair."

MARRIED.—At Erie, Pa., on the 16th inst. by Rev. G. A. Lyon, Capt. J. W. McLane, of this city, to Miss Miss JANE C. NEELY, of Erie.

At Kennebunk, Maine, on the 8th inst. Mr. THOMAS MCCULLOCH of this city to Miss ABIGAIL CHADBORNE, of the former place.

☞ Both the above happy couples arrived here "safe and sound" yesterday morning. We heartily welcome the brides to their new home, and congratulate the groom—happy fellows—on their improved looks, and cheerful, smiling countenances;—they look like democrats after an election. "May they live a thousand years, and may" the breadth of their faces "never be less."

In Aboite township, on the 16th inst. by Rev. J. M. Day, Mr. ORVILLE GAYLORD, to Miss ELIZA VAUGHAN, both of Aboite.

DIED.—On Saturday last, at Middletown, Ohio, Mr. James Loring Hubbell, formerly of this city.

From the L. I. Farmer.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith's Sugar Coated Improved Indian Vegetable Pills are an excellent purgative; powerful, and yet actually pleasant in their operations. They have no nauseous taste, nor do they produce afterwards either nausea or gripe. In less than twelve hours after taking them, a person feels like a new being—just as if he had been really born again."

Dealers furnished at the New York College of Health, 179 Greenwich Street, New York and sold by

H. B. REED, Fort Wayne
Wm. Dodge, Elkhart
A. B. Merrill, South Bend
John Cangle, Plymouth
Thrails Pottinger, Warsaw
S. Hanna & Sons Port Mitchel

☞ CAUTION.—As a miserable imitation has been made, by the name of "Sugar Coated Pills," it is necessary to *be sure* that Dr. G. BENJ. SMITH'S signature is on every box.—Price 25 cents.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Branch Bank at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of Seven Directors on the part of said Stockholders, will be held at the Banking House of said Bank in Fort Wayne, on Monday the third day of November next, between the hours of ten and six, of said day.

H. McCULLOCH, *Cashier.*

Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne*, Sep. 27, 1845. 13tc

Important for the Country.

FARMERS' DEPOT.

MY Fall Stock was shipped from the Eastern cities the 1st of August, and is hourly expected to arrive. To my old customers I say, hold out for I am determined to sell Goods this season for the smallest kind of a commission.

My present stock of DRY GOODS I am sure I have been for the last three weeks selling off at COST, to make room for my New Stock.

For Wheat, Corn, Oats, &c. I am paying the Highest Cash Prices; also, for almost any other kind of "Truck" when a man want, *to raise a little cash to pay his taxes.*

Sept. 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

☞ Doz. Little Spinning Wheel Bone for sale at CHITTENDEN'S
Sept. 27 Farmers' Depot.

SWEET POTATOES.—A few bushels fine Carolinas just received from Wayne county. For sale at No. 2 (Red) Jones' Block.
Sept. 27, 1845. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of Ten o'clock, a. m. and 4 p. m., on Saturday the 18th day of October next, the following described property to wit: Lot No. 26 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, with the improvements thereon, Taken as the property of Adam Milman, to satisfy an execution in favor of Henry R. Colerick, surviving partner of the late firm of Comparet and Colerick. The rents and profits for seven years will first be offered, and if the same should not sell for enough to satisfy said execution, then the fee simple will be sold,

B. B. STEVENS, Sh'ff A.C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dep't.
Sept. 25, 1845. 13—$2 00

HARDWARE
AT WHOLSALE.

THE subscriber contemplating different arrangements in business, has a good assortment of staple, saleable

SHELF HARDWARE,

Which he will sell for Cash cheaper than any house west of Albany.

Merchants desirous of replenishing small stocks please call and examine. J. T. KIRKLAND.
Cleveland, Sep. 19, 1845. 3w13

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL!

Dr. Osgood's
INDIA CHOLAGOGUE,
FOR FEVER AND AGUE,

DUMB AGUE, CHILL FEVER, INTERMITTENT FEVER, AND THE VARIOUS FORMS OF BILIOUS DISEASES.

DESIGNED especially for those affections of the Liver, and other internal organs, which attend the diseases of bilious climates.

Those who are suffering from the above diseases, as also those who have become invalids from their effects upon the constitution, will find the INDIA CHOLAGOGUE an invaluable remedy for purifying the blood, promoting the discharge of bile, and thoroughly removing from the system the morbid effects of a bilious climate.

Residents of bilious climates, EMIGRANTS, or *persons travelling through infected districts of country*, will find the Cholagogue an invaluable and absolute preventative.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a Pamphlet on the "Causes, Treatment, and Cure," with full directions, a copy of which may be had gratis of the undersigned agent.

A supply of the above invaluable medicine just received and for sale by

Dr. L. BEECHER.
Sep. 27, 1845.—13-tf. Fort Wayne, In.

TO LAND BUYERS.

THE undersigned (agent for the owners) will sell in tracts to suit purchasers the following described LANDS. The owners being desirous of closing up their land operations in the west, have authorized me to sell at such prices *as will induce settlers to purchase.* These lands were selected in 1835-6. Persons wishing to purchase for actual settlement would do well to examine some of them before they purchase of the Government or others.

In Steuben County.

	sec.	t.	r.
S W quarter	13	38	14
N W quarter	14	38	14
S W quarter	1	37	12
S fr. quarter	12	37	12
S W quarter	24	37	12
N W quarter	11	36	14
N E quarter	12	36	12e

In Lagrange County.

S W quarter	35	38	11
E fr. quar.	35	38	11

In DeKalb County.

S E quarter	7	35	16

ALSO,

In Steuben County.

	sec.	t.	r.
N W fr quar.	13	36	14
N W quarter	24	36	14
W fr qr.	19	37	12
N E quarter	13	37	12
North fr lot	9	36	15
E fr. quar.	17	36	14
S E fr. qr.	4	36	15
S east quarter	12	36	12
W fr. qr.	5	36	12
S E quarter	25	36	14
E fr. quar	23	37	12

E fr. qr.	13	36	12

In DeKalb County.

N E quarter	7	35	15

In Huntington County.

E fr. qr.	12	28	9
W fr. qr.	12	29	9
S W quarter	32	29	9

In Carroll County.

W fr. qr.	24	26	3w
E fr. qr.	11	26	3
W fr. qr.	13	26	3

In addition to the above described lands I am authorized to sell some twenty six hundred acres situate in the south part of Whitley, and three or four tracts in Perry township, Allen county. Any letters addressed to me (post paid) by persons wishing to purchase, will be attended to.—By calling on me, at my house in Fort Wayne; Robert L. Douglass, of Auxvile; or Robert Spear, of Delphi, Carroll county, any information in regard to the above lands may be obtained.

H. SWEETSER.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 27, 1845 13-tf

TOWER'S CHEAP
Cabinet and Chair Factory,
COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

B. H. TOWER returns his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he still continues, at his old stand, between the "Mighty Niagara" and Dr. Beecher's no-less celebrated Drug Store, to make and sell every description of

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS.

His articles he will warrant to be as well made and cheap as any other in the place, and those owing any thing in his line, would consult their own interest by giving him a call.

September 27, 1845.

Wanted, at the Farmers' Depot,

10 Doz Split Brooms
500 lbs. good Hops 300 bush. Barley
1500 lbs. Beeswax 1000 lbs. Ginseng
100 bush. Timothy Seed 2000 do. Flaxseed.
CASH or Goods will be paid for the above.
Sept. 27

An Error Rectified.

MANY persons have supposed that from the immense quantity of Goods sold at the NIAGARA STORE, since the arrival of the Spring and Summer supply, the Stock must be getting low. This is an error. I am in the weekly receipt of such articles as are required to

Keep my Assortment complete,

forwarded by my agents in New York, and purchases can may rely on always finding a full supply of every thing required. In a short time, the

Fall and Winter Goods

will be on hand. The stock will be so heavy that it becomes necessary to clear the shelves of all old Goods, to make room for the new; and I am therefore selling them off at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Purchasers may find BARGAINS by applying early.
A. B. MILLER.
September 20, 1845

Interest on Canal Funds.

THE undersigned will receive Interest on Canal Funds, until the 10th November next. He may be found at the Store formerly occupied by O. Smith & Co., corner of Barr and Columbia streets. U. BIRD.
September 13, 1845. 11-tf

Medical Notice.

REMOVAL.—T. M. BANKS, M. D., returns his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, for the patronage he has received since he located in this city, and respectfully informs them that he has removed his office to Columbia street, opposite Dr. Beecher's Drug Store, where he will promptly attend to all calls in the line of his profession.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 13, 1845. 11—tf

Cash for Wheat.

I am paying CASH for all that comes to the Market, except a few bushels bought by the *Mills.*
L. S. CHITTENDEN.
September 6.

Cash for Wheat.

THE highest price will be paid for any quantity of wheat.
A B MILLER

SALT FISH for sale by
Aug 16. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

LOOKING-GLASSES of all sizes, just received by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

New Firm--New Goods.

S. & W. S. EDSALL having purchased the stock in trade of Messrs. LITTLE & MCCULLOCH, and SINCLEAR & EDSALL, have established themselves in the old stand of Sinclear & Edsall, where in addition to the old stock of goods, they are receiving from NEW YORK and BOSTON a large and well selected stock of

New Goods,

suited to the MARKET and the SEASON, which makes their assortment complete, and which will be sold at very low prices for Cash or Country Produce.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 2, 1845. 10tf

Nerve and Bone Liniment.

ALLEN'S Genuine Original Nerve and Bone Liniment. For sale by the Bottle, Dozen, or Gross. At (the old stand) Beecher's Drug Store. L. BEECHER.

WHITE-FISH, just received direct from the fishery—only a few days in salt; the choicest article ever brought to this market.

☞ A few quarter and half barrels put up expressly for family use.
Aug. 23. A. B. MILLER.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Perly Ainsworth late of Allen county, Indiana, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the clerk of the Allen Probate Court. Those indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will file them in the clerk's office. This estate is probably insolvent. CALVIN McDONALD, Adm'r.
Sept. 20, 1845. 12p

STRAYED,

FROM the subscriber, about six months ago, a large WHITE COW, marked with brands about the neck and head, six years old; her three small brown spots on one side the belly, and two on the other. Also, strayed about 3 months ago, a WHITE MARE, 3 years old, a small chunky animal, probably not more than 13 or 14 hands high; the left hind foot—no other marks remembered. Whoever will return said animals, or either of them, to the subscriber, living opposite to the Lutheran Church, or give information where they may be found, shall be suitably rewarded. CHARLES LAMB.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 10, 1845. 11—

Cash for Wheat.

S. & W. S. EDSALL will at all times pay CASH for Wheat delivered at the Stone Mills, at the Aqueduct, or at their Store, on Columbia street.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 6, 1845. 10tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of Sinclear & Edsall is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, Notes, &c. of the late firm are in the hands of Joseph P. Edsall, who is author

LADIES' French Morocco and Kid SHOES. Gaiters, &c. just received at the store of Aug. 16 HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

EASTERN SOLE LEATHER for sale by Aug 26, 1845. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

MUSLIN DE LAINES.—A beauti ful lot just received by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS. Aug. 26, 1845.

ALPACAS—a large assortment, plain, figured, and plaid, just received, and for sale cheap by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

To Printers.

TYPE FOUNDRY & PRINTERS' FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.—The subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, STEEL COLUMN RULE, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing Office.

The Type, which are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrixes, with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. All the type sold by us is "hand cast."

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

N.B. A Machinist is constantly in attendance to repair presses and do light work.

Editors of newspapers who will copy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the above six months insertion in their papers, and send the papers containing it to the subscribers.

COCKCROFT & OVEREND,
6m8 68 Ann street, New York.

THE NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Red Screws, Rope, Chocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Balls. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Roseburg make of Iron Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, Pot and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, for no credit. Farmers will find here find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while the cold are good. F. P. BAILEY.

Fort Wayne, In., August 23d, 1845. 8—y

CONSUMPTIVES,

Read the Wonderful Cure Performed by

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Sy up of Wild Cherry.

THE wonderful cures performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Rasling in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous efficacy, there is no account of a medicine, from time immemorial upon, furnishing a parallel to the almost tremendous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

DR. SWAINE: Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr. Joseph Smith, in a saw mill, near Waynesburg, I was attacked, with a cough, from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in my breast, loss of appetite, fever, etc. etc, which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints, and advertisement of

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,

Procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown which relieved me. I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I willingly do offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, JOHN P. BYERS.

Lewistown, Del.

☞ Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, whose office has been removed to the N.W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Phila.

A. B. MILLER, } Agents,
May 31—y. Agent, Fort Wayne.

SALT always on hand, and for sale a the lowest rates A B MILLER

Notice.

To the Tax Payers of Wells County, In.

The following taxes have been assessed for the year 1845, on each $100 valuation:

25 cents and 7 mills, for State purposes.
50 " on each poll for "
35 cents on each $100 for County purposes.
50 cents on each poll for " "
15 " on each $100 town lots for road purposes.

1½ cents on each acre of taxable land, for road purposes.

The following Townships have accessed a township tax, as follows:

Harrison township 4 cents on each $100, and 6 cents on each poll.
Jackson township 3 cents on each $100.
Chester " 5 " " "
Jefferson " 5 " " "

☞The Treasurer or his Deputy will attend at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships, on the days mentioned, as follows:

In Jefferson township on Monday, Sept. 22, 1845.
In Lancaster " Tuesday, " 23, "
In Rockcreek, " Wednesday " 24, "
In Liberty, " Thursday, " 25, "
In Jackson " Friday, " 26, "
In Chester " Saturday, " 27, "
In Nottingham " Monday, " 29, "
In Harrison " Tuesday, " 30, "

Those who neglect to pay their taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in their townships, will have to settle the same at his office in Bluffton, where he will attend from the 1st day of October, 1845, until the 1st day of January, 1846, after which time there will be a penalty of 10 per cent.

ABNAH HALL, Tr. Wells Co.
AMOS TOWNSEND, Deputy.
Bluffton, Aug. 15, 1845. 3—6w

Furniture and Chairs,

THREE DOORS WEST OF R. W. TAYLOR'S STORE, ON COLUMBIA STREET,

At the Ware Room of F. P. Tinkham,

Where Furniture can be had low for cash, and cash only. Farmers, call and see my Furniture and see if it will not be better to sell your produce for cash, and pay cash.

August 9th, 1845. 6tf

Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

GENUINE Otard, Du Puy, & Co. Cognac Brandy, and Hennessy Jas Hennessy & Co. Cognac Brandy, and Hennessy Jas Hennessy & Co. Cognac Brandy, and Hennessy Jas Hennessy

Valuable real Estate for sale

AT AND NEAR HUNTINGTON, IA.

THE east half north east quarter section 23, town 28, north range 9 east, containing 80 acres, situated 1½ mile from Huntington, on the road to Dayton, via Fort Recovery, 20 acres of which are cleared and fenced.

North west qr of north east qr of the same section, adjoining said lot

West half south west qr section 31, town 28 north range 10 east, containing 95 84-100 acres, lying adjoining the Wabash River, about three miles from Huntington, with 20 acres deadened.

LOTS No. 18, 19, and 21, containing from 7½ to 8 acres, adjoining the town of Huntington, now in meadow, and well inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 17, near the upper lock, and adjoining said meadow, containing from one to two acres, inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 69, on the canal with a Log Cabin thereon.

A lot situate at the canal bridge, at the lower end of the town, containing from 1 to 5 acres.

Town Lots No. 64, 65, and 66, near the last mentioned lot, with a good Stable thereon.

Town Lots No. 63 and 67 with a Dwelling House thereon.

Also—One Town Lot with a valuable two story Store House and Stone Cellar under the same, with two or three acres of land, it being the Store built and formerly occupied by GEORGE A. FATE, late of Huntington, deceased.

All of which land and other property was formerly owned by said Fate in his life time, and the land well selected at an early day, and is of a superior quality. The title to the same is good.

The terms will be one-third or one half cash, and a credit of 12 and 18 months on the balance, by giving notes with approved security. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

HENRY COOPER.

June 26th, 1845. 1593

WISTAR'S

Balsam of Wild Cherry,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

For Lung Complaints, and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

A CURE FOR CONSUMPTION!—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—Always triumphant!—Cure follows Cure!! in its onward Victorious Career!!

DAYTON, February 11, 1845.

MR. J. W. WHITMORE—DEAR SIR—As you are the regular authorized agent, in Dayton, for the sale of "Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," I take this method of making a statement of facts to you (which I hope may be published) to the world; in reference to an almost miraculous cure, wrought in my case by means of the above invaluable Balsam.

Language fails to describe the salutary effects it produced, and the great benefit I derived from its use.

The citizens of Dayton and vicinity well recollect, that, on the 8th of August last, I received serious injury from the explosion of a cannon. A portion of its contents entered my right side; and in all probability, some fragments or splinters of the cannon passed through the "pleura," and pierced the Lungs.

After the lapse of about six weeks, I was attached with a distressing cough and violent pain in my right side. Some ten days after this, when in a paroxysm of coughing, an ulcer broke, and a large quantity of very offensive matter, mixed with blood, was discharged; most of which found passage through the opening of the wound.

From this opening there frequently passed a quantity of air, supposed to issue from the Lungs. During all this time my sufferings were almost intolerable.

My physicians, meanwhile, paid the strictest attention to me, and did all in their power to my recovery. But with all their skill they could not reach the seat of distress, after the Lungs had been affected. I was visited during the time by at least twenty physicians.

It was now reduced to a certainty, that INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS was rapidly taking place; and that this would terminate my life in a very short time, was in the highest degree probable.

At this critical stage, a messenger was despatched to Cincinnati, and a celebrated physician of that place was consulted. When he was made acquainted with my situation, he remarked that nothing could be done by medical aid, if the constitution itself was not sufficient to throw off the disease.

My friends now despaired of my recovery, and I had entirely ground of hope to survive many days. Fortunately, at this juncture, I saw one of Dr. Wistar's Pamphlets, entitled "Family Medical Guide," or "Treatise on Consumption of the Lungs." As I had often heard of dying men "catching at straws," I felt like doing so myself. By the counsel of my physicians, I sent to you for a bottle of the above-named article, viz: a "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," which relieved me almost immediately. After I had used some five or six bottles, I so far recovered as to be up and about. My cough ceased, and my lungs were restored to a healthy state—all from the healing and balmy influence and powerful medicinal virtues of Wistar's Balsam.

Were it not for the sickness, injury I received at my shoulder and arm by the explosion, I feel confident that I might have been working at my trade, (which is blacksmithing,) but this has prevented.

By exposure, I have since taken several severe colds; and my only remedy has been "the Balsam." And I now most cordially recommend the same to Wistar's Balsam to all who are afflicted with colds, coughs, or Lung complaints. I consider it an invaluable medicine—a real blessing to the world. Any person desiring further information may call on me at any time. Yours, truly,

CHRISTOPHER R. SMITH.

City of Dayton, }
Montgomery county, State of Ohio. }

Subscribed and sworn to, before me, Justice of the Peace, this 11th day of February, 1845.

EBENEZER FOWLER.

☞ Testimony of three highly creditable citizens of Dayton, in confirmation of the above.☜

We the undersigned, being intimately acquainted with Mr. Smith, and having seen and watched over him frequently during his late illness, do not hesitate to say that the foregoing is by no means an exaggerated statement. It is entitled to full credit.

A. L. STOUT,
J. R. H. DODSON,
HENRY R. SMITH.

☞ We publish no fictitious statements.

☞ "WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of of Fourth and Walnut sts, by

SANFORD & PARE,
Agents for the West.

Also sold in Fort Wayne by

Dr. L. BEECHER.

Storage. Advances Made.

I am now prepared to advance on Furs, Beeswax, Ginseng, Flour, Wheat, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and all kinds of Produce to ship East, to the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars—the advances made in Cash the moment the Produce is deposited at my Warehouse.

Aug. 21, 1845. THOS. HAMILTON.

REFER TO—
Spofford, Tileson & Co.
John Steward, Jr., & Co.
Suydam, Sage & Co.
Hoes & Powers,
} New York.

TANNERY,

Leather Store, &c. &c

THE subscriber having purchased the Tannery of the late firm of Robinson & Page, intends continuing the Leather Business in all its branches, at the head of Columbia street, Fort Wayne.

In his Stock may be found,

Eastern Hemlock Tanned Spanish Sole, of various qualities.

Western Oak Tanned Sole, of a superior quality, such as will sell in the Eastern market for several cents per pound more, than Hemlock tanned.

Upper Leather Kip and Calf Skins.

Morocco, Lining and Binding Skins.

Harness, Skirting, Belt and Bridle Leather.

Findings for Shoe Manufacturers—Galloons and Shoe Trimmings.

Tanners and Curriers Tools, of all kinds

Oil and Lampblack. Also:—

Boots and Shoes,

Eastern make, or made to measure, and warranted worth the price sold for.

WANTED—Hides and Bark, for which Cash will usually be paid.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, August 17, 1844.

IRON & NAILS,—Comprising a complete assortment of Band Iron, Sheet Iron, Round and Square do.; Spike, Sticks, and Hot-cut Iron and Nail Rods; and all sizes of cut and wrought Nails and Spikes, for sale by

PETER P. BAILEY,
At the "New York Hardware Store."

Fair Warning.

THE subscriber wants money, and must have it. All those indebted to him for Medical Attentions, and Medicine, either by note or account, are requested to call and settle their respective dues, on or before the first of September next; as further indulgence will not be extended to any, who are now in arrears.

5w1 W. V. SNYDER.

FARMING LANDS

For Sale.

THE subscriber will give particular attention to sales of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a

General Land Agency

for Northern Indiana. Having, as Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—In

La grange co.	11,560 acres.	Wabash,	160
Steuben,	710	Miami,	1198
Noble,	160	Cass,	736
Wells,	560	Fulton,	720
Clinton,	594	Marshall,	64

Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan.

Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid,) or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH R. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845. 36-

50 Dozen Paint Brushes

Of all sizes and of superior quality; also Varnish Brushes, Sash Tools, Wall Brushes, to which we would call the attention of Painters and Dealers. For sale, wholesale and retail, at Reed's Drug Store. Also, Thermometers for sale at Reed's.

Leather.

A FEW TONS first rate Spanish and Eastern Sole and Upper Leather already received, and more coming, will be sold remarkably low.

may 3 L. G. BELLAMY.

Miss Paul's

FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY

BERRY STREET,
[Opposite the Market House,]

Fort Wayne,

INDIANA.

MISS PAUL respectfully informs the customers of her late mother, and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she intends to continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Rev. Mr. Rankin, opposite the Market house, where she will be happy to receive the calls of their old friends.

She will turn, clean and alter Straw and Leghorn Hats and Bonnets in the neatest style. Having a Patent Bonnet Press she can do them in a superior manner. She also keeps on hand and makes to order SILK BONNETS, CAPS, &c. of the latest fashion.

April 25th, 1845. 40—tf

Wagon and Carriage Making, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and the citizens of Fort Wayne, that he is still carrying on the WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS, on Main street, west of the Block house, near E. Brace's wagon shop. He also making Ox, Cow, Sheep and Horse Bells, and intends keeping them constantly on hand, at wholesale or retail, as many suit his customers. Double and single Trace and Neck Yokes are also constantly on hand, well ironed and painted. Having had the experience of many years in the above business, and more particularly in the Bell business, he can say, without boasting, that he makes Bells that cannot be beat by any other Bell Maker in the world, and pledges himself to furnish an article altogether superior to any ever before offered for sale or used in this Western country. His Ox Bells are to bend in good weather, from six to eight miles—small or ones in proportion. He will repair old broken Bells, and make them as good, and oftentimes better, than they were before they were broken. The above articles can always be had at the Shop, or at the New York Hardware Store, on Columbia street, kept now by Mr. P. P. Bailey. He will take in exchange for any article in his line, copper, brass, lumber, butter, cheese, all kinds of grain, cattle, pork, beef, sugar, and Store Goods, but must have some money. He does not mean to undersell every body. On the contrary, he intends to have the highest price, but give the best bargains at that. His motto is, go ahead, mind his own business only, and hopes by so doing to merit the patronage of all well disposed business men.

He returns sincere thanks for the unexpected liberal patronage he has received, and asks the forgiveness of all those brother mechanics on whose toes he may have trod very hard; and would only say—spare his life and let him work hard, and do all the good he can a little longer. He wants to stay here in Fort Wayne, if he behaves himself right well.

WILLIAM COUNTRYMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 17th, 1845 46—tf

FIRST ARRIVAL

Hats! Hats!

Spring Fashions for 1845.

J. W. McLANE has just returned from the East, and brought with him a few cases of superior HATS of the SPRING FASHION, among which may be found Beaver, Nutria, Cassimere, Brush and Muskrat fur, and Leghorn and Detroit straw—all of the best quality. He has also got a good assortment of Caps. To cut the story short, all who want a good fresh and fashionable article, will find it at the old stand of the HIGH HAT.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

Farmers' Depot.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF GOODS—all kinds of Produce taken in exchange. Call at

July 5. CHITTENDENS.

To the lovers of Good Tobacco.

I Have just received from Cincinnati the best quality "*James River Pound Lump*" *Chewing* TOBACCO. Let those who like a good article come and try it?

Fort Wayne, Apr. 25. L. BEECHER.

Barley Wanted.

1,000 Bushels good Barley wanted immediately at the "Niagara," for which the highest price will be paid.

Aug. 30. A. B. MILLER.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

E. W. OAKLEY would respectfully return his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been tendered him, and takes this occasion to say that he has just received from TROY, N. Y. a

Superior Lot of Cooking Stoves,

of various sizes, which he has no hesitation in saying is one of the very best assortments that has ever appeared in Fort Wayne.

His stock of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER is also replenished, and his customers can now be accommodated with any article in his line, *at the very best rates.*

☞ Old Pewter, old Copper, and old Brass taken in exchange for Ware.

Red Deer Skins.

I am in the market for this article, and will pay a little more than any other person. Call at the Farmer's Depot.

July 26. L. S. CHITTENDEN.

SALERATUS, at Wholesale, by

June 17. SMITH & Co.

Millinery & Dress-Making.

MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, and its vicinity, that she has returned with the Latest Eastern FASHIONS, and a general assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS.

She tenders her sincere acknowledgements for the former liberal patronage received, and feels assured from past experience that she can still continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of

Bonnets, Caps, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.,

Kept constantly on hand, and made to order.—Ladies and Straw Hats repaired in the neatest style. DRESS-MAKING attended to as usual, and New Fashions received every month.

Artificial Flowers of the latest French and English patterns made on the shortest notice.—Country Milliners can be supplied with them as cheap as they can be purchased in New York or any of the Eastern cities.

Store on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller's.

May 29th, 1845.

Misses' Gimp Flats.

A few splendid and fashionable Flats can be had at the Niagara for the cash in N. York.

A. B. MILLER.

BALZORINES and LAWNS.—A splendid lot just received at the "Niagara." Ladies wanting any thing really rich and fashionable had better call without delay.

July 12. A. B. MILLER.

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the probate Court of Allen County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Curtis Holgate, deceased, is authorized to sell at PRIVATE SALE the following Real Estate, to wit: Town Lots numbered 13 and 28, on the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, lying on and near the East Canal Basin, at the foot of Columbia street.

Also, the N.E. qr. sec. 10, town 31, north of range 12 east, containing 95 64-100 acres.

Also, 150 acres off of the east side of section 4, town 31, north of range 13 east, lying on the St. Joseph River.

Terms, one-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments at 6, 12, and 18 months.

Purchasers will apply to P. P. BANDALL, Fort Wayne. WM. C. HOLGATE.

"Truth needs no Boasting."

This is an old, and a true saying. What would be the use of calling public attention to any thing, whether in the medical line or otherwise, unless it had stood the test of truth?

THE COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

HOARHOUND CANDY

INVENTED BY

JOHN PEASE & SONS, No. 45 Division-Street, New York, bears the experience of FIVE YEARS' use and praise, from all sections of the Union, because it has effected just such cures as its Inventor said it would, therefore, "the truth needs no boasting." When the President Jackson, Vice President Tyler, Governor Bouck, Mayor Morris, and other men of their character and standing praise it, it is almost useless for the Proprietors to speak of its merits. Still they feel in duty bound to the afflicted and their friends, to promulgate its virtues as far as possible, in order that the thousands now lingering under disease, may be restored to health.

Pulmonary Complaints,	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds—Hoarseness,	*Difficulty of Expectoration,*
Coughs, Whoopingcough,	*Night Sweats,*
Irritation of the Throat,	*And all Diseases*
Croup,—Asthma,	*Leading to Consumption,*

At once yield to its unrivalled virtues,—and the sick are cured!

This compound Candy is compounded from TWENTY-FIVE of the most safe and salutary simple ingredients, and by its combination if one of these articles should be used separately and afford no relief, in the Compound Extract of Hoarhound they are so amalgamated that the benefit of the whole is experienced in one compound, and relief is as sure as that any child will eat it.

J. PEASE & SONS, 45 Division St. N. Y.

For sale by A. B. MILLER.

June 23—y. Agent for Ft. Wayne.

English Currants.

A lot of superior fresh Zante Currants, (commonly called "English Dried Currants,) just received, and for sale at

DR. L. BEECHER'S.

Tress Hoop Manufactory IN FORT WAYNE.

J. ROWE informs the Coopers of Northern Indiana that he has commenced the manufacture of TRESS HOOPS at the Machine Shop, in the rear of the City Mills. All persons wishing the article would do well to give him a call, as he warrants his Hoops to be equal, if not superior, to any brought from the East. He asks no "protection," nor does he wish to have an entire monopoly of the market; neither does he ask that articles in the line made elsewhere should have a heavy duty imposed on them that they might be sold the cheaper; but he hopes all friends of domestic industry will give a preference to home-made articles, when, as in this case, they are better and cheaper than the imported.

Orders from a distance supplied at short notice, and a liberal discount made to dealers.

WANTED,—Any quantity of hot cuts of thrifty Black Walnut Timber, from 6 to 12 inches in diameter, eight feet long, and free from knots or curls. A liberal price paid on delivery.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Hoops. Oct. 18, 1844 —y15

THE NEW YORK

Contribution Fire Insurance Co.

No. 57, WALL-STREET,

HAVE appointed PETER P. BAILEY their Agent to make Insurance in Fort Wayne and its vicinity upon Houses, Brick Stores, Mills, Merchandize, Household Furniture, and every variety of Personal Property against loss or damage by Fire.

J. SMYTH ROGERS, President.
R. W. MARTIN, Secretary.

DIRECTORS

J. Smyth Rogers	Reuben Withers
James McBride	William Scott
John Adams	Ferdinand Suydam
John Haggerty	Peter J. Nevins
Gulian C. Verplanck	Richard Irvin
John Johnston	C. V. S. Roosevelt
Joseph Kernochan	E. D. Harthurt
John J. Palmer	George P. Pollen
Peter Lorillard	William Colgate
James McCall	Lowell Holbrook
Henry Parish	Caleb Hastings.

Applications for Insurance either from the Town, Country, or adjacent villages, will meet with immediate attention.

PETER P. BAILEY,
Hardware Merchant.

GROCERIES.—An *Eterna* lot for sale at the *Farmers' Depot.*

CHITTENDEN.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS,
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, FLOUR, SALT, FISH, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, POT AND PEARL ASHES, & PRODUCE GENERALLY.

☞ Cash paid for Wheat. ☜

Corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, opposite Cary Mills.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45—tf

FOR SALE,

20 Feet on Columbia street, and on the Canal, being immediately west of S. Hanna's new brick block on corner of Barr and Columbia streets. Apply to

March 14. G. JOHNSON.

Marble Tomb Stones.

THE subscriber has now and intends keeping on hand a supply of marble for Tomb Stones, &c., which he will engrave to order in a superior style, and as low as they can be had in the east, adding transportation.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

Choice Liquors.

PORT WINE, Cognine Brandy, and Schiedam Gin. These liquors have been selected with an especial reference to medical use.

july 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Still on Hand.

New Goods. at No. 3.

WE are receiving a ross mobile stock of New Goods and Dry Goods, which we offer to our customers as low as possible for Cash, or in exchange for almost every kind of Produce, Roots, Hides, Deer Skins, Black Salts, &c. &c.

June 17 SMITH & Co.

Boots and Shoes.

L. G. BELLAMY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he is now receiving a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety, made in the latest style, and of the best materials and workmanship. Ladies' Gaiter and Walking Shoes, a very superior article. Misses' do. do. Also—every variety of Gentlemen's wear, from the finest Morocco boot to the strongest Stogaree Cow hides.

Coarse boots from 14 shillings to $3 00.

Womens' boots from $1 to $1 62; other articles equally cheap.

The above articles are of the best quality, and will be sold as low as can be bought in the west. Boots and shoes made to order, on the shortest notice. Nov. 9—6m19

Produce Exchange.

NEW STORE,

Corner of Calhoun & Main streets.

WM. THARP & Co. have just received from New York and Boston a large stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, a great variety of Prints, new styles; bleached and unbleached Shirtings, &c. Also,

Family Groceries,

at the most reduced prices; and a general and well assorted lot of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE. Also, a very large stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

Boots and Shoes

of the greatest variety, and of superior quality, which will be afforded at lower prices than ever offered in this market. Also,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

consisting in part of Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Bolts, Screws, Knives and Forks, &c. together with a large assortment of PATENT and other MEDICINES, and other articles, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

WM. THARP & Co.

Have connected with the Goods business in Fort Wayne, an extensive

Boot & Shoe Manufactory,

where they are prepared to fill all orders in that line on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the country. They have also an

Extensive Tannery,

for the manufacture of every variety of UPPER and SOLE LEATHER which they will keep constantly on hand for sales or they will exchange, with all other articles in their Store, as Tan-Bark, Hides, Boots, and almost every article of *Country Produce*, such as Tallow, Beeswax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, and HORSES and CATTLE.

WILLIAM THARP,
CHARLES THARP,
CONRAD NILL.

June 23, 1845.

WYNKOOP & CO's

COMPOUND

TONIC MIXTURE,

A warranted cure for

FEVER & AGUE,

The proprietors of this Medicine, having the greatest confidence in its virtues, have been induced to offer it to the public, with the assurance that it will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that distressing complaint. It is highly recommended, and has been extensively used with distinguished success, in relieving many of those who are suffering under this scourge of our country. This Medicine, when used according to the directions, has never failed of affecting a permanent cure in the most obstinate stage of the disorder. Persons of weak stomach, and children may take it without the least difficulty. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, induces an appetite, and seldom requires more than one bottle to effect a cure. It is purely vegetable, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution.

The proprietors, in order to secure the confidence of the public in the great virtues of this medicine, instead of publishing a long list of certificates, which are often procured for the most *worthless nostrums*—they authorise their agents and all who sell their "TONIC MIXTURE" on their own account, to warrant it in *all cases* to effect a cure when taken according to the directions, or *refund* the *purchase money.*

This Mixture is carefully prepared by WYNKOOP & Co. Druggists, 63 *Vesey Street, a few doors below the Astor House, New York*—and for sale by the Druggists generally throughout the United States.

N. B. The Label on each Bottle will contain the written signature of the Proprietors

For sale at the Drug Store of

Fort Wayne, June 14. —m6 [Dr. L. BEECHER.

Medicated Lozenges.

Wholesale & Retail at A. B. MILLER'S *Ft. Wayne*

DR SHERMAN'S

THIS is the most pleasant and agreeable way of taking medicine, particularly for children, as all the nauseousness is obviated, and active properties of the medicine highly concentrated. Care should be taken to keep all sorts of medicine from the patient, particularly children, and in inspiring upon them the idea of their taking some delicate confection. All of Dr Sherman's articles will have a fac-simile of his name accompanying them, without which none can be genuine.

Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

Are the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c. &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs.

Over 3,000 persons have given their names within the last year as a reference of the wonderful virtues of these Cough Lozenges. They cure all recent cases in a few hours, seldom requiring more than one day to entirely eradicate the most distressing ones. Price 25 cents a box.

WORM LOZENGES.

Proved in more than four hundred thousand cases to be infallible: the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered. Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are deprived for various complaints, without any benefit from the use of them. These Lozenges would speedily cure them. Price 25 cents a box.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES

Give immediate relief in Nervous or sick Headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, despondency, inflammatory, or painful sore throat, bowel or summer complaint, faintness, oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest, flatulency, nausea, cramps of the stomach or bowels, hysterical affections and all nervous cholera or cholera morbus, diarrhœa, lassitude, or a sense of fatigue. Price 25 cents a box.

Fever and Ague Lozenges

Are offered to the public with the greatest confidence in their perfect adaption to the cure of the Intermittent Fever, or as commonly called, Fever and Ague, which has so long been the scourge of the West.

They are far superior to Quinine or Bark, and do not leave the patient with such derangements of the liver and constitution, as is too often the case with either of those articles.

The chill will be prevented after being broken, as it usually does with other remedies. The experience of years has fully tested the efficacy of this remedy. Several of our oldest and most distinguished physicians have used it in their practice, and no medicine has ever been so uniformly successful.

Dr. C. B. Zabriskie, of New Jersey has used this remedy for ten years in several hundred cases, and always curing in a few days: and the disease never returning, as it usually does when broken by other medicines.

The Rev. Mr. Moffat in his travels has known many instances of the Fever and Ague Lozenge curing the most obstinate cases, where the skill of the oldest physicians availed nothing. Price 81 a box.

SODA LOZENGES.

Two or three taken at once will cure the heartburn in five minutes; taken before dinner will promote digestion.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.

The best strengthening plaster in the world, and a positive sure remedy for pains, or weakness in the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joints, rheumatism, lumbago, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Price only 12½ cents. Sold in Fort Wayne by

49 y. A. B. MILLER, Agent.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale 3 lots of Canal Land, pleasantly situated on the Canal and Little river, 4 miles east of Huntington, Indiana. The land is well timbered, and is of fine soil. For terms, apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Oct. 12 1844.

The Empire Mills,

At the St. Mary's Aqueduct, Western Addition to the City of Fort Wayne.

ARE now prepared to grind all Wheat or other grain that may be offered. CASH will be PAID for any quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.

Flour, Middling, Bran, Corn Meal, and Feed Stuff, kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 28, 1844.

To Merchants and Grocery Keepers.

25 Kegs Austin & Co.'s celebrated Rifle POWDER,
50 half kegs do. do. do.
100 qr. kegs do. do. do.

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by

June 8 R. P. JONES.

The Brag Plough

THE undersigned having obtained the right of making and vending SPRUDDE'S PATENT DIAMOND PLOUGH, for the county of Allen is ready to furnish town persons who stand in need of a Plough (some of great common things,) with a good article. The subscriber having used said Plough can recommend it as surpassing anything of the kind ever before offered for sale in this country. Call at my place 2½ miles south of Fort Wayne, or at George Baker's shop, on Calhoun street.

F. D. LASSELLE

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber having been legally authorised by the owners of various tracts of land, is now ready to sell and execute contracts for the same. The land lies in the counties of Allen, Adams, Noble, DeKalb, Steuben, and Lagrange, Indiana; it was selected and entered by a practical farmer, with an especial regard to quality of soil and advantage of location for agricultural purposes, and is believed to be a least equal in value to any lands now in market. Title indisputable. Prices to correspond with the times, and terms of payment made easy to the purchaser.

The subscriber can at all times be found at his land office, in the second story of Benj Smith's new brick, corner of Calhoun street.

JAMES P. FURK.

IMPORTANT.

B. FOSGATE'S ANODYNE CORDIAL.

A safe and effectual Remedy for the

Summer Complaints,

Viz: DIARRHŒA & CHOLERA MORBUS;

ALSO,

FLATULENT & SPASMODIC COLICS.

THIS invaluable Medicine for the above complaints, surpasses any other remedy now in use. Hundreds of cases have come to the knowledge of the proprietor, where a speedy cure has been effected by the use of the Cordial, after a resort to the common remedies had proved unavailing. It has been extensively used throughout this State and elsewhere, for many years, has been approved, and is used in practice by a great number of the most respectable physicians, as may be seen by their certificates and recommendations accompanying each bottle.

This medicine is discovered to be a certain and effectual remedy for the intestine diseases, produced by the drinking of the waters of the rivers in the southern and south-western States, which renders it of inestimable value to those who reside or travel in those sections of country.

☞ Sold in Fort Wayne by

Dr. L. BEECHER.

MACKEREL and SHAD—a delicate article for family use. Call at

July 5. CHITTENEEN'S.

Palm Hats—Leghorn Bonnets.

A Choice lot a the Farmers' Depot.

CHITTENDEN.

Counter Racks.

2 very splendid black walnut Counter Racks will be sold for eight dollars—Cost originally fifteen. Enquire at the Farmer's Depot.

july 26 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

GEORGE JOHNSON. E. A. McMAHON.

Johnson & McMahon,

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Clinton streets, north east of the Bank.

February 22d, 1845. 34

ROBERT LOWRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GOSHEN,

ELKHART CO. INDIANA,

Will practice in the courts of Elkhart and the neighboring counties, and attend to all business usually transacted by the profession. y37

D. H. COLERICK. J. C. WATMOUGH

COLERICK & WATMOUGH,

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE,

WILL attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis.

OFFICE—On Berry street. April 6, '44.

S. G. UPTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

BLUFFTON, WELLS COUNTY, IA.

All professional business entrusted to his care, will be faithfully attended to.

He will also attend to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, and all business connected with Land Agency, &c. aug 2 4-1y

F. P. RANDALL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW AND MASTER IN CHANCERY.

FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Office in Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

F. P. RANDALL.

April 19, 1845. 42-tf

R. BRACKENRIDGE, JR.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

Refers to—
W. G. & G. W. Ewing, Fort Wayne,
A. Hamilton, "
S. Hanna, "
Hugh McCulloch, "
Alfred Harrison, Indianapolis,
Richard Snydam, New York,
W. Hyslop, "
Alex. Keunu, "
Jos. Jamieson, "
L. D. & C. Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office near the Bank, north of Treasurer's office

LYSANDER WILLIAMS,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office on Columbia street, over B. Smith's Store.

REFERENCES

Hon. Jas. W. Borden, Fort Wayne.
H. McCulloch, Esq. "
Capt. Jos. Morgan, "
Michael G. Bright, Esq. Madison.
Gov. Whitcomb, Indianapolis.
Hon. John Law, Vincennes.

☞ Collections and Land Agency punctually attended to throughout the state.

ELIAS WORTHINGTON. JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Law Office,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully executed.

Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets. Entrance on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Commissioner of Deeds, &c. for the state of N. York

Paints.

English, Emerald, Paris, and Chrome Green; Chrome Yellow; Carmine; Ant coupland Prussian Blue; Prussian Steam, Chinese Vermilion, English do.; Cumbia, Osborn's Water Colors, for sale, wholesale and retail, at H. B. REEDS Drug and Chemical Store.

Just Received

A LOT of Cincinnati White Lead ptne and No. 1; Linseed Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Copal Varnish, &c. HUGH B. REED.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

May be found at Bigger & Edgerton's Office, 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

NOTICE.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Co. the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1845. 51

Medical Notice.

H. M. BANKS, M. D., having located himself in Fort Wayne, would respectfully inform the citizens of said place and vicinity, that he will attend to any and all calls pertaining to his profession.

Office over H. Durrie's Hardware Store, Calhoun street. Residence on Barr street, one door west of the law office of H. Cooper, Esq.

Medical Notice.

DR. AYRES will attend to the practice of MEDICINE in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country; and will at any hour, promptly attend to the calls of those who may thus favor him.

Office one door east of the Post Office. Residence on Lafayette street, opposite Mr. Mc Jonkin's school room. y13

Sep. 23, 1843

DR. L. BEECHER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

DRUGS. MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,

PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

Two doors east of the Printing office, northside Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

S. HANNA & SONS,

STORAGE, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, &c. &c.

Store on the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, Fort Wayne, Ia.

18] R. P. JONES. [44

Forwarding and Commission Merchant

AND DEALER IN

Pork, Flour, Wheat, Pot & Pearl Ash,

SALT, &c. &c. &c.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal Advances made on Produce consigned for the Eastern Market.

Refer to

J. J. Palmer, Pres't Merch. Bank, N. Y.
Messrs. Benedict & Tompkins, N. Y.
Messrs. Holbrook, Carter, & Co. Boston.

Trusses.

WE have just received a large assortment of Trusses of almost every description.—Persons requiring them cannot fail to be fitted—call and see. HUGH B. REED.

Instruments.

Surgical Instruments, Dissecting do., Tooth Forceps, Tooth Keys, spring Lancets, Thumb do., Gum do., always on hand, and for sale very cheap at Hugh B. Reed's new Drug Store.

BLACK Italian SILK, a most beautiful article for Ladies' Dresses, for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

HENRY HITZFIELD,

Musical Instrument Maker,

INFORMS the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he makes and sells SERAPHIMS and ORGANS of all sizes, and also various other Musical Instruments.

He will also repair and put in order PIANO FORTES and Accordions. Shop on the corner of Main and Harrison streets. All work warranted to be done well.

July 12, 1845. y2

Fire! Fire! Fire!

THE undersigned has been appointed an Agent of the "*Hartford Fire Insurance Company,*" of Hartford, Conn., and is authorized to issue Policies of Insurance, and to perform all other duties necessary and incidental to said agency.

All persons wishing to have their property insured may rely with entire confidence upon the promptness and responsibility of this company. Having been doing an extensive business since 1810, and claim occasioned by the destruction of property by fire has never yet been contested. But in all cases the amount of loss covered by this Insurance has been promptly paid to the unfortunate sufferer. On account of the extensive patronage of the Company they are enabled to Insure property upon terms as low that no one need run the hazard of having his property destroyed without recompense by this powerful and often uncontrolable element.

F. P. RANDALL.

April 19, 1845. 42-tf

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company.* of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of